



<http://doi.org/10.54499/ERA-MIN/0002/2019>
<http://doi.org/10.54499/ERA-MIN/0003/2019>
<http://doi.org/10.54499/ERA-MIN/0005/2019>
<https://mostmeg.rd.ciencias.ulisboa.pt/>



ERA-MIN Joint Call 2019 (EU Horizon 2020 ERA-NET Co-fund Project ERA-MIN2, Grant agreement N° 730238)



Trace element analysis of cassiterite and its effectiveness in the recognition of different provenances

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Trace element analysis of cassiterite and its effectiveness in the recognition of different provenances



Introduction

- Cassiterite (SnO_2) chemistry (common minor & trace elements)
- Substitution mechanisms
- Factors controlling incorporation of trace elements in Cassiterite

Cassiterite data from Góis-Panasqueira-Segura Sn-W belt

- Cathodoluminescence
- Cassiterite EMPA data (minor/trace elements fingerprints)

Application to alluvial cassiterite (Segura)

- Cassiterite EMPA data (minor/trace elements fingerprints)
- Cassiterite LA-ICPMS data (preliminary results on minor/trace elements fingerprints)

Wrap-up



Photo: Tony Peterson

Cassiterite (SnO_2) structure – Substitution mechanisms

Common minor/trace elements

M^{6+} - W

M^{5+} - Nb, Ta, As

M^{4+} - Ti, Hf, Zr, W, Nb, Ta, V, Mn

M^{3+} - Fe, Mn, V, Cr, Sc, Ga, Al

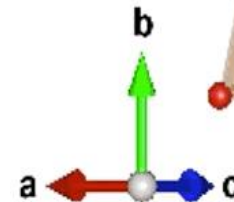
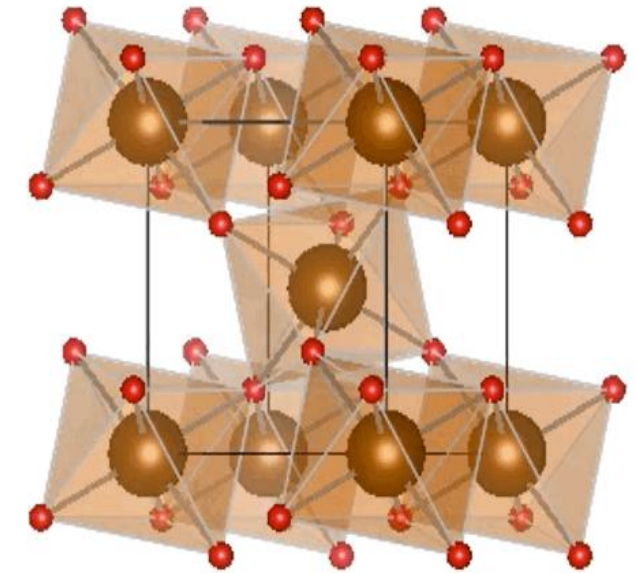
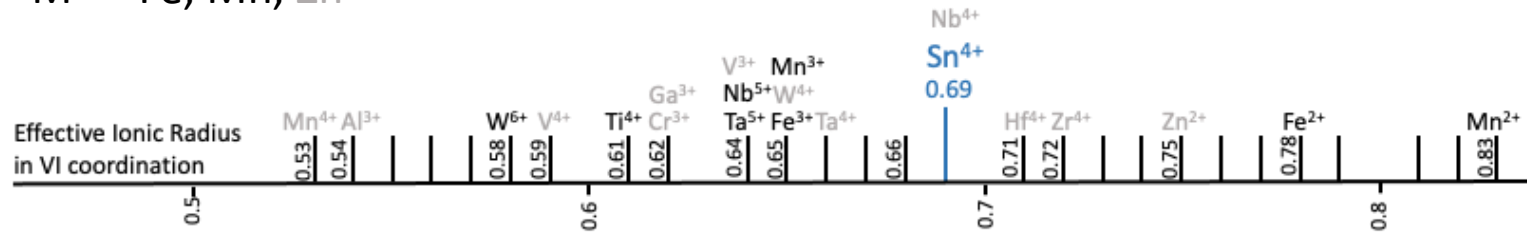
M^{2+} - Fe, Mn, Zn

What controls minor/trace elements content?

Crystal chemistry

Effective ionic radius

MO_2 – rutile (TiO_2) structure



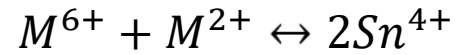
Thermodynamics

Nearest neighbour interactions
Polyhedral distortion
Enthalpy of mixing

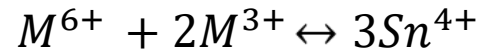
Cassiterite - Substitution mechanisms



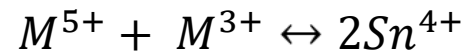
Substitution mechanisms



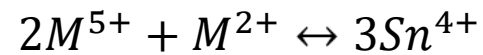
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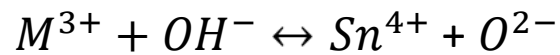
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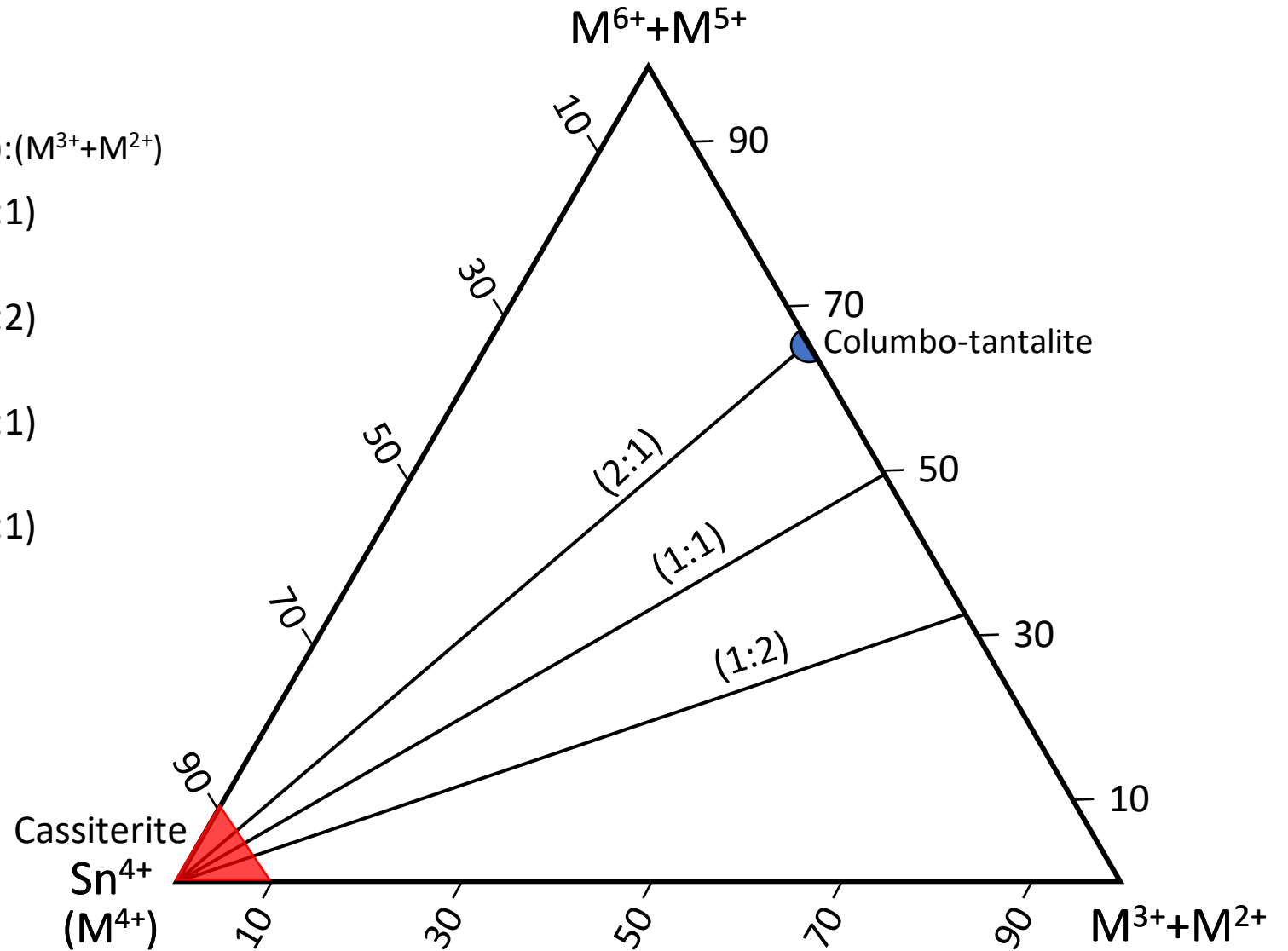
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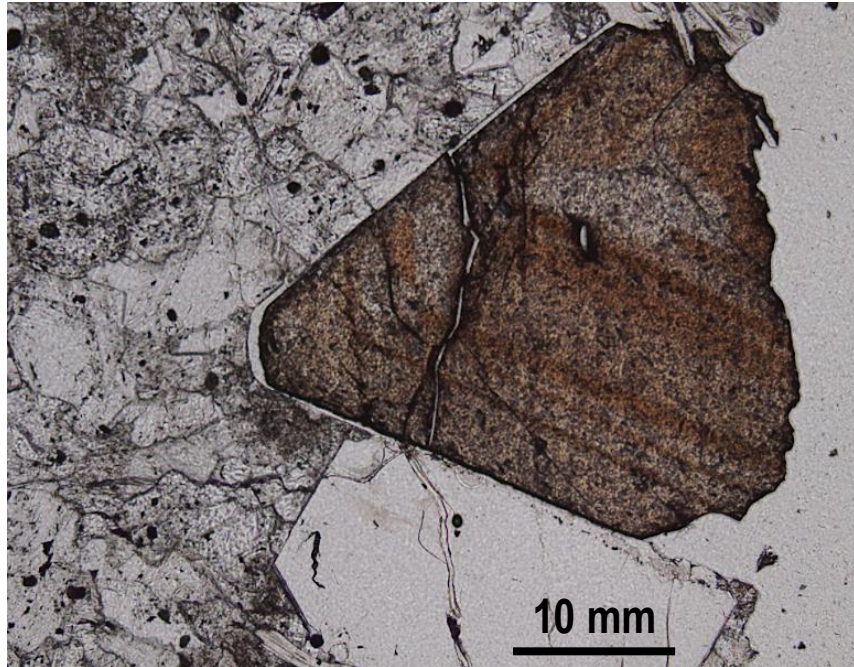


If we assume no vacancies!



Crystal growth/kinetics

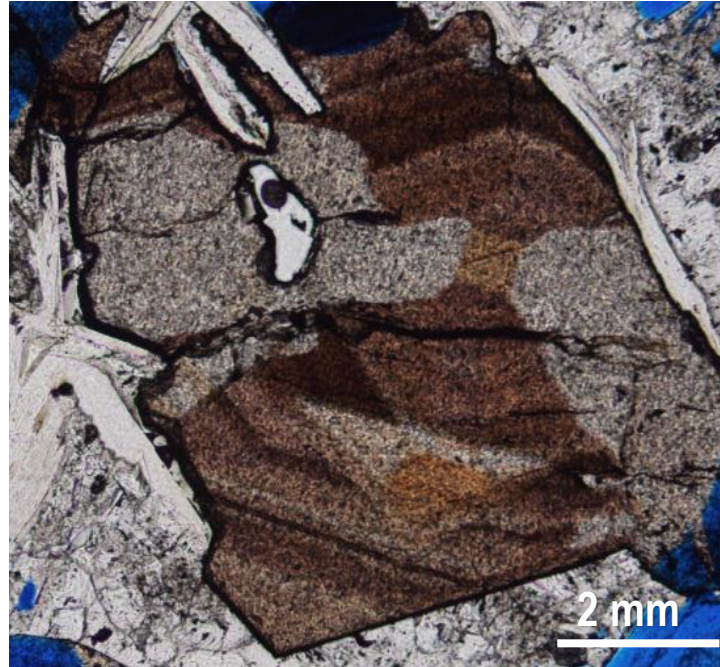
Oscillatory zoning



Qz vein (Panasqueira)

Photo: Ivo Martins

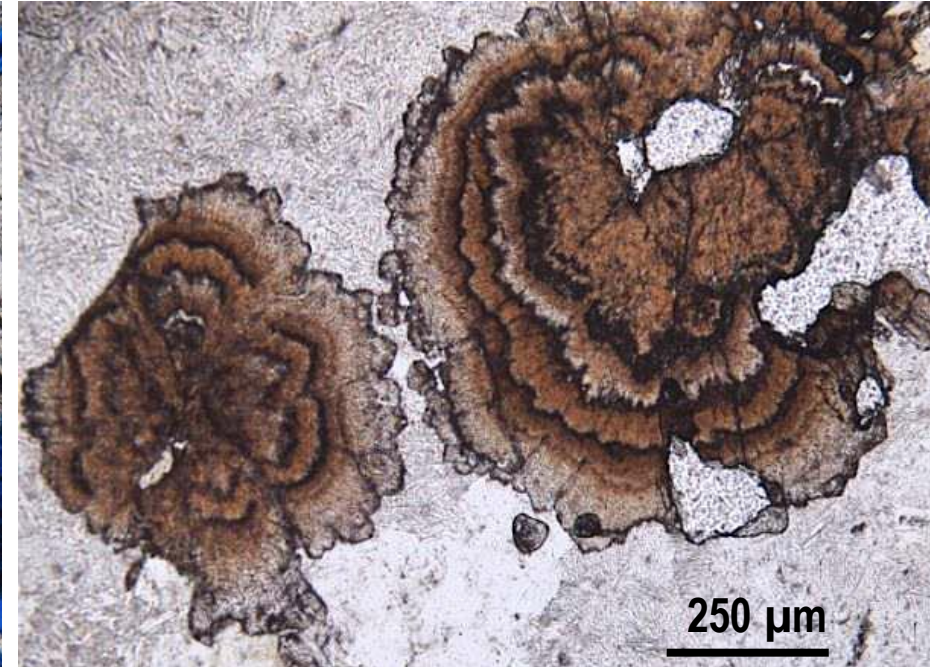
Sector zoning/crystal forms



Qz vein (Panasqueira)

Photo: Ivo Martins

Fast growing/oscillatory zoning



Aplite (Góis)

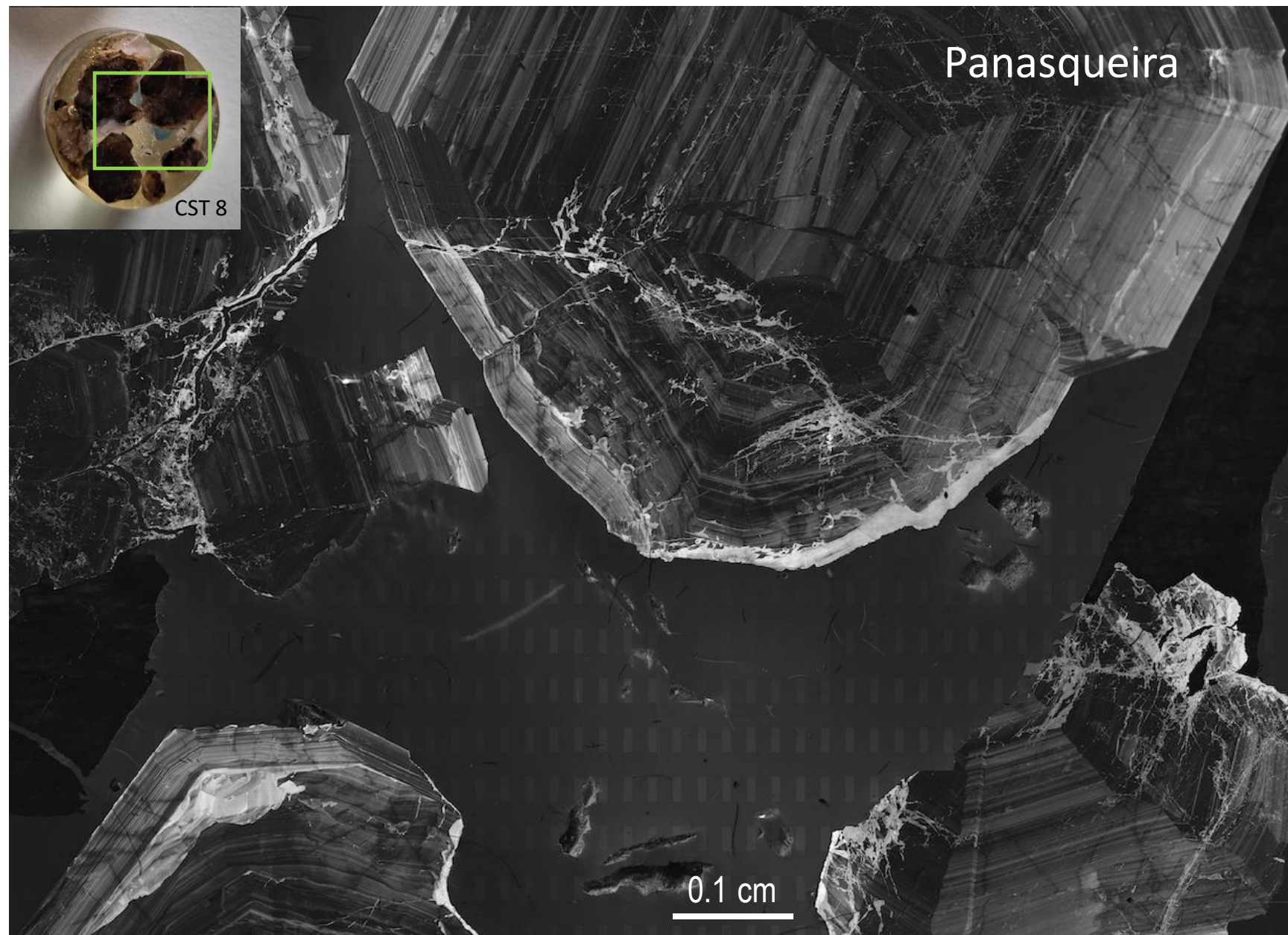
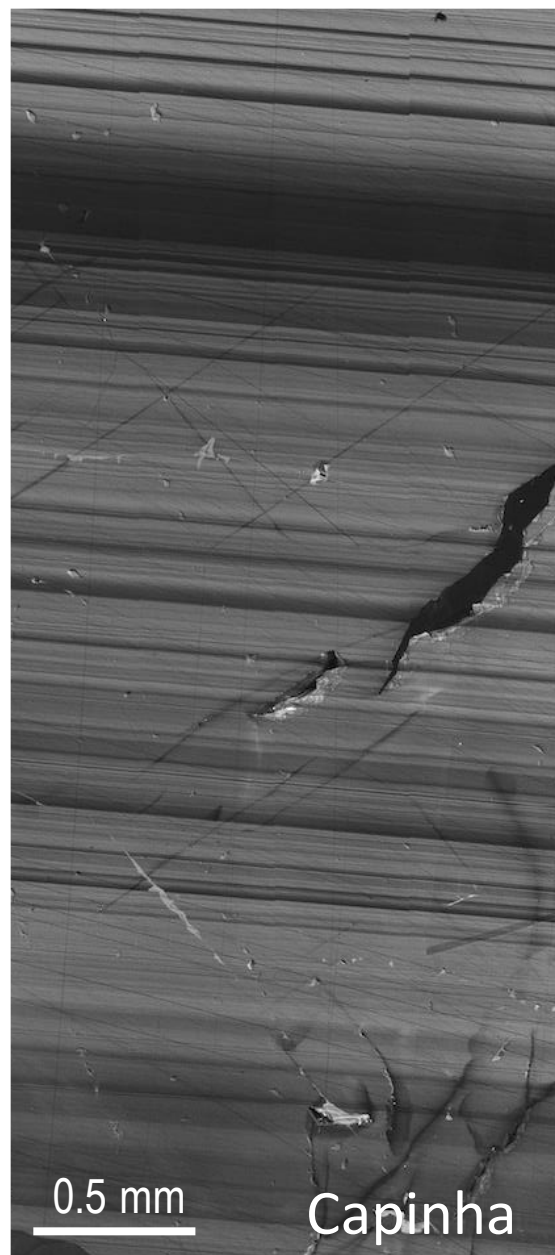
Photo: Frederico Martins

External factors

P, T, μ (chemical potentials-element availability; dependent on competing mineral species), diffusion rates.

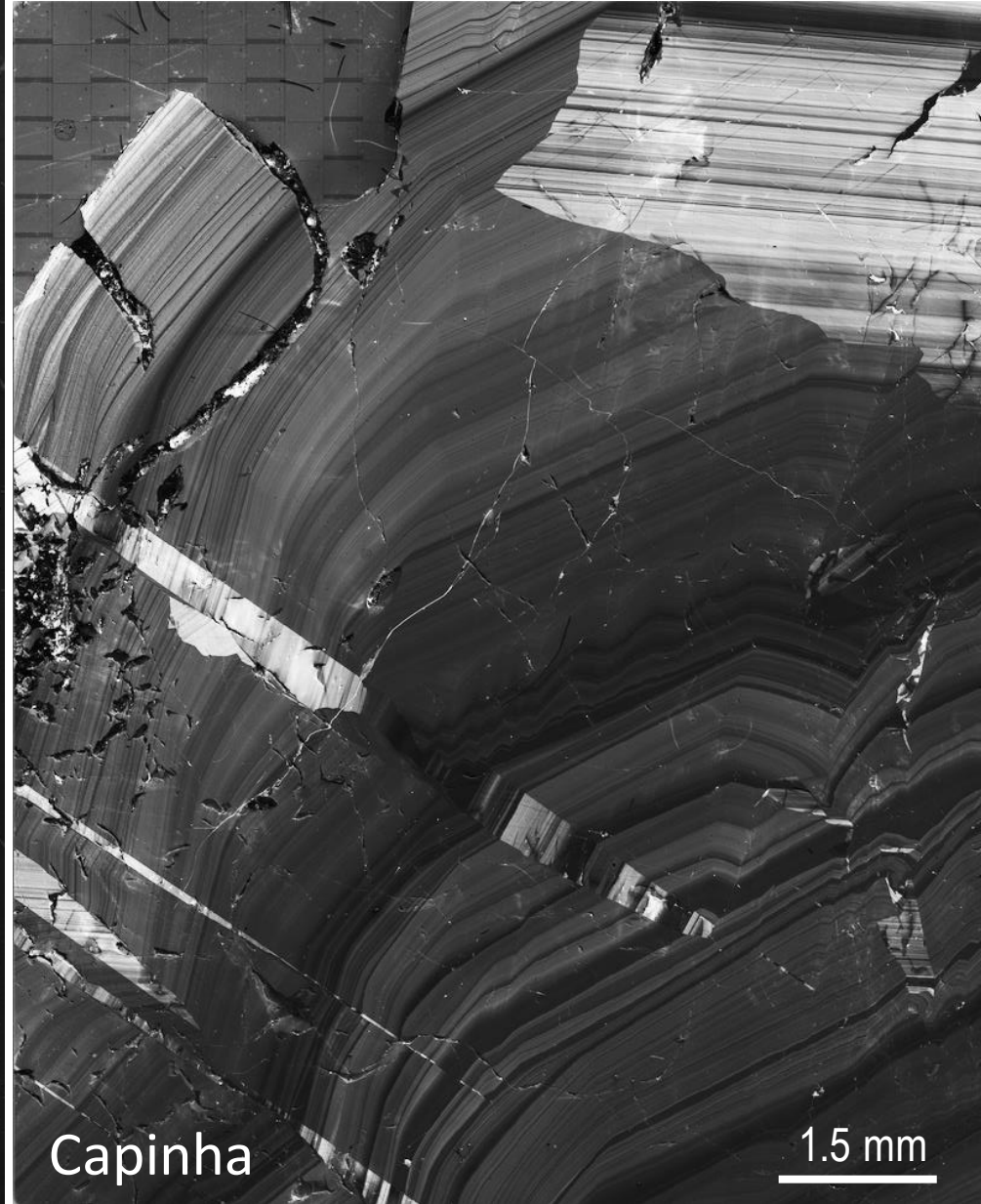
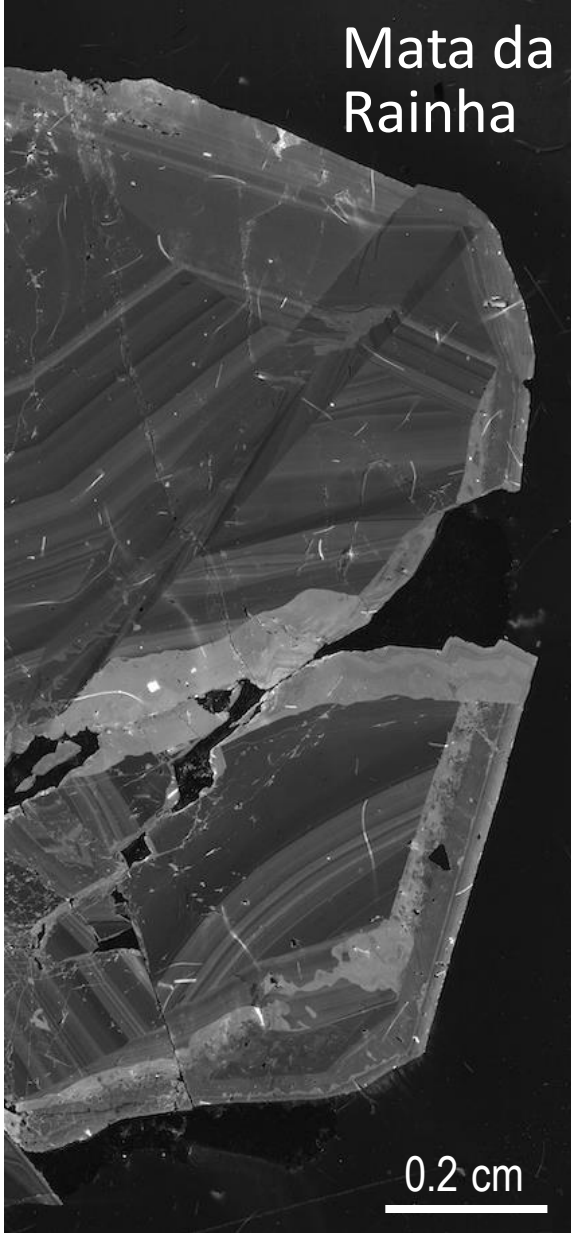
Compositions can also change due to alteration!

Cathodoluminescence (CL) Imaging

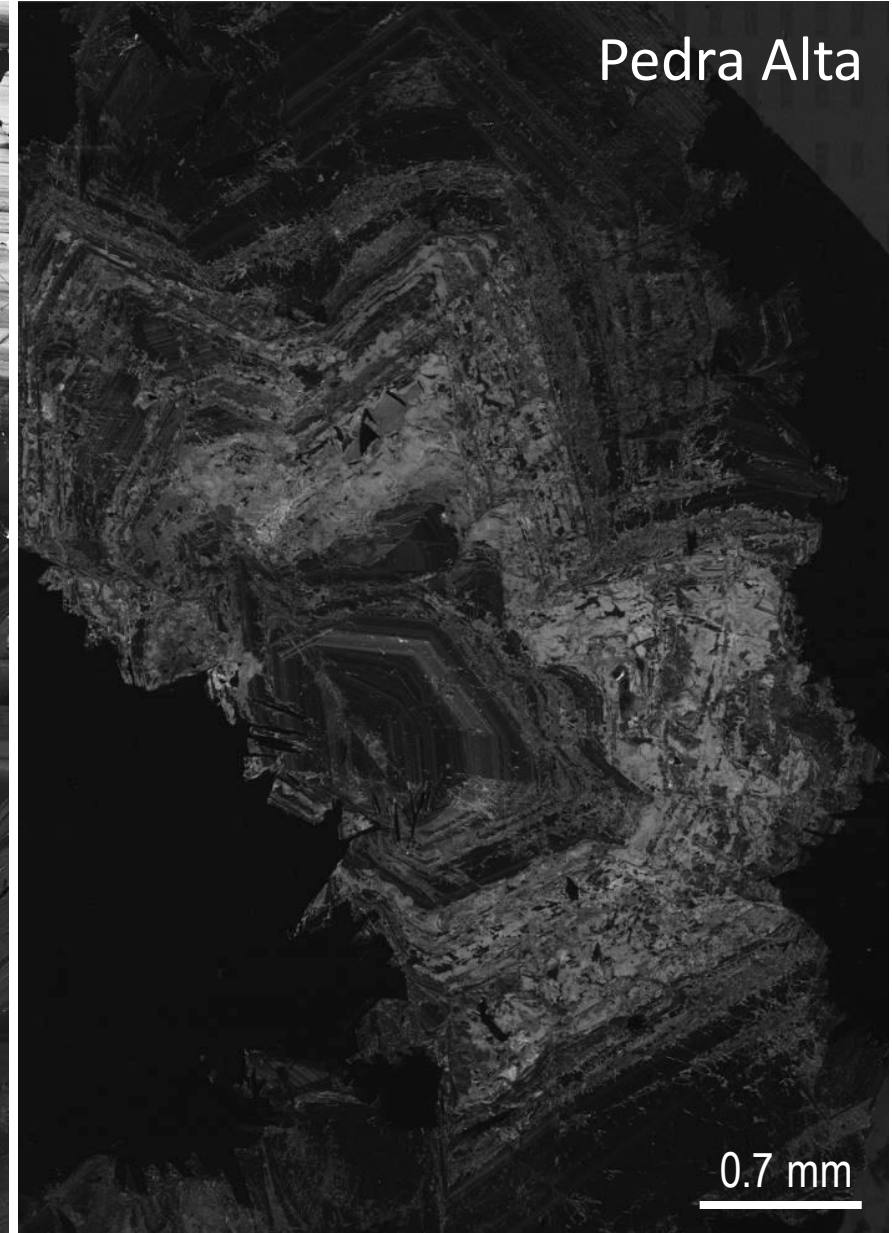


Cathodoluminescence (CL) Imaging

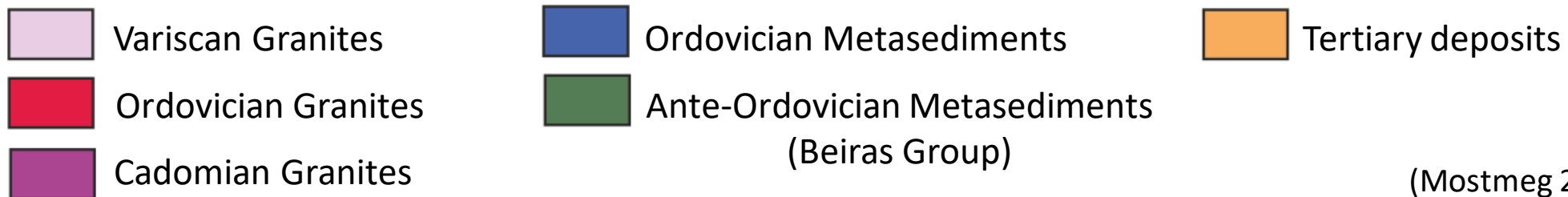
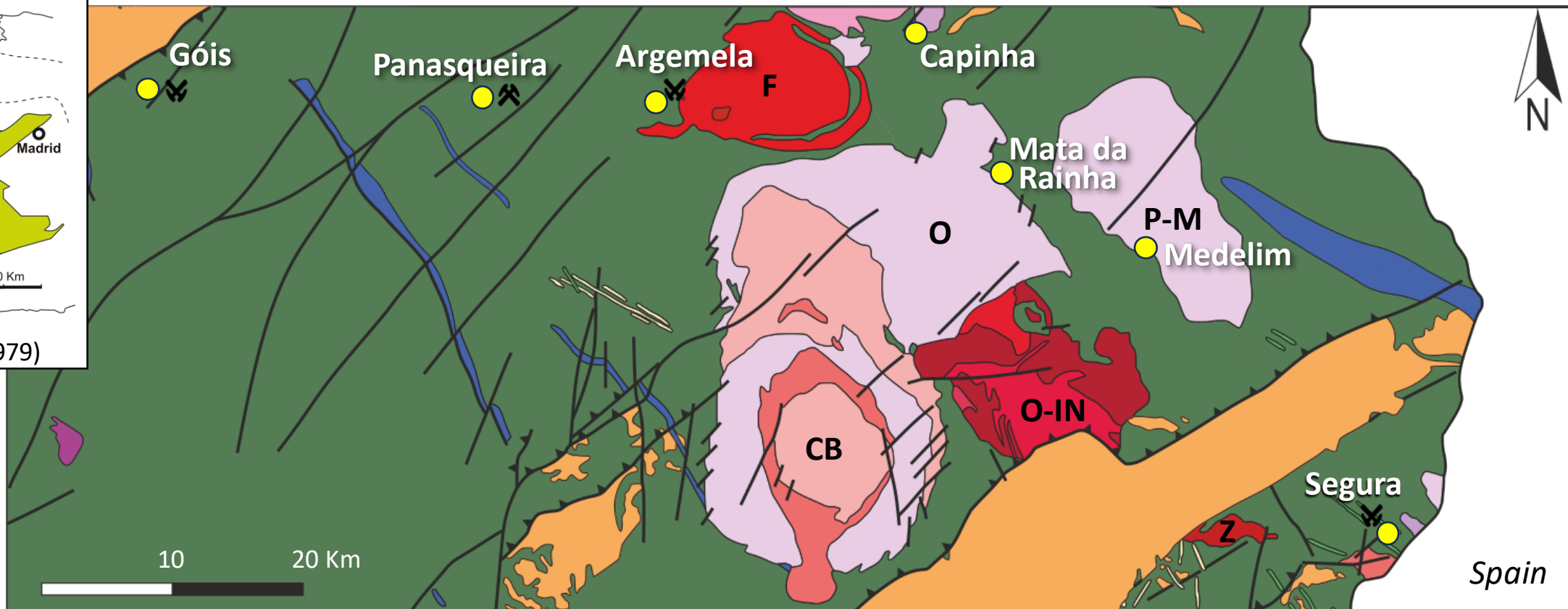
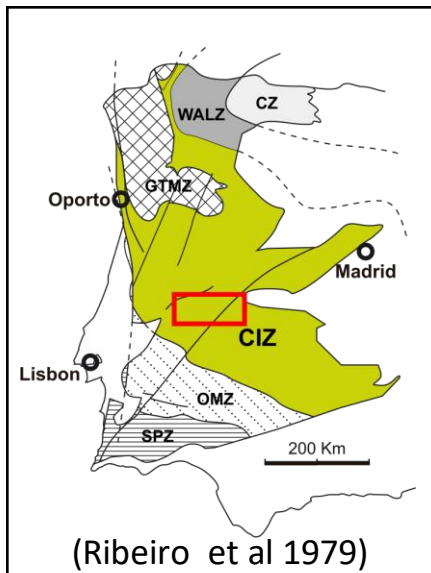
Mata da Rainha



Pedra Alta



Góis-Panasqueira-Segura Sn-W belt (Central Portugal)



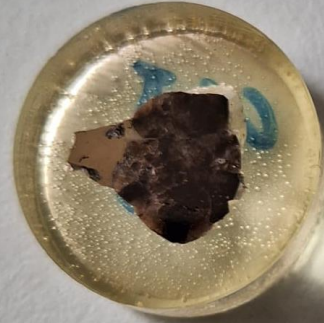
Cassiterite Mounts

GÓIS



Sandinho

PANASQUEIRA



CST 15



CST 8

ARGEMELA
Pedra Alta (PA)



Cabeço da Argemela

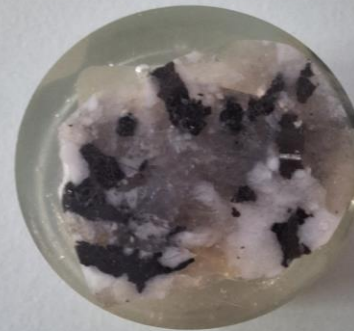
CAPINHA



MATA DA RAINHA

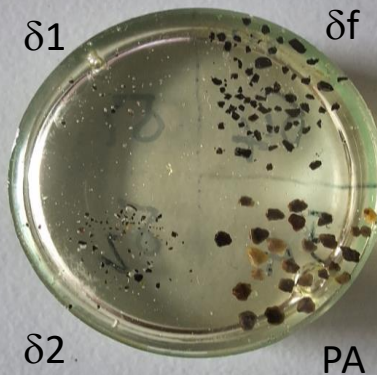


SEGURA



Cerro Queimado

ARGEMELA



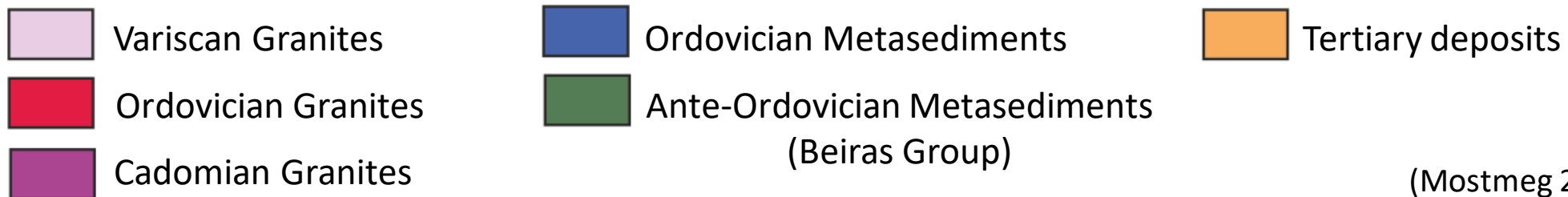
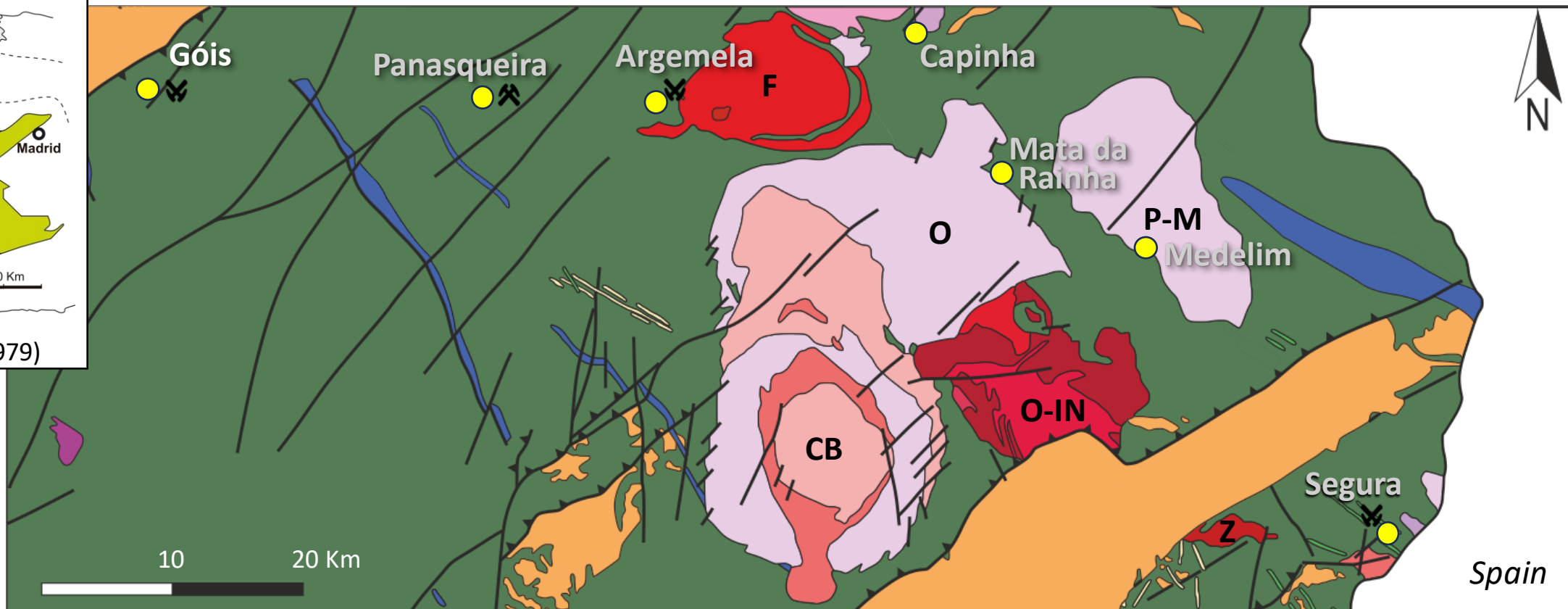
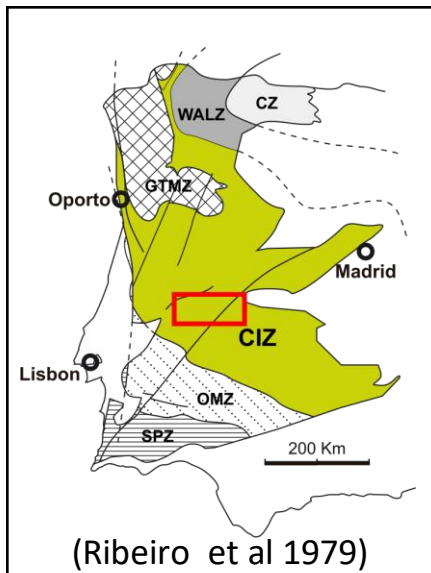
δ1

δf

δ2

PA

Góis-Panasqueira-Segura Sn-W belt (Central Portugal)



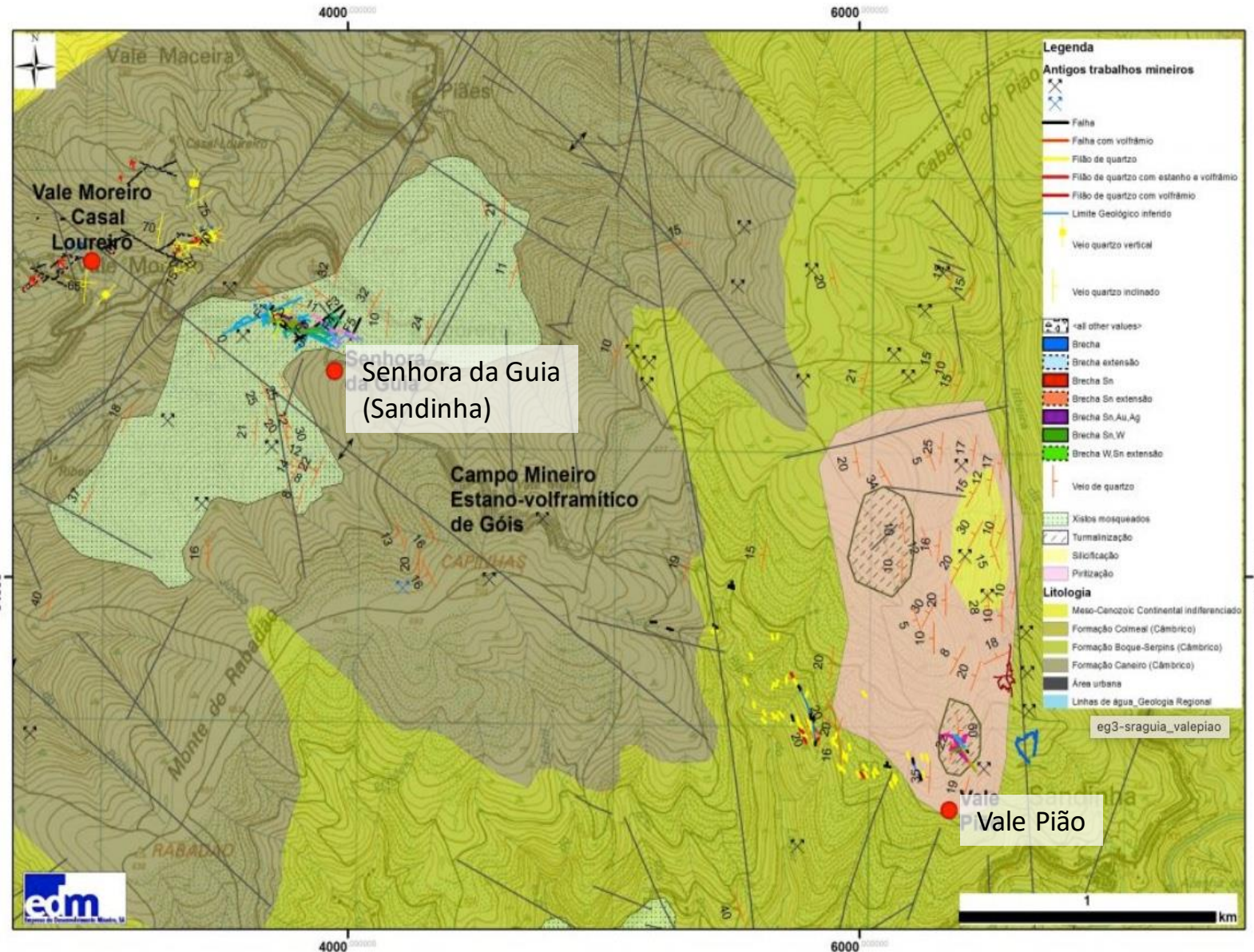
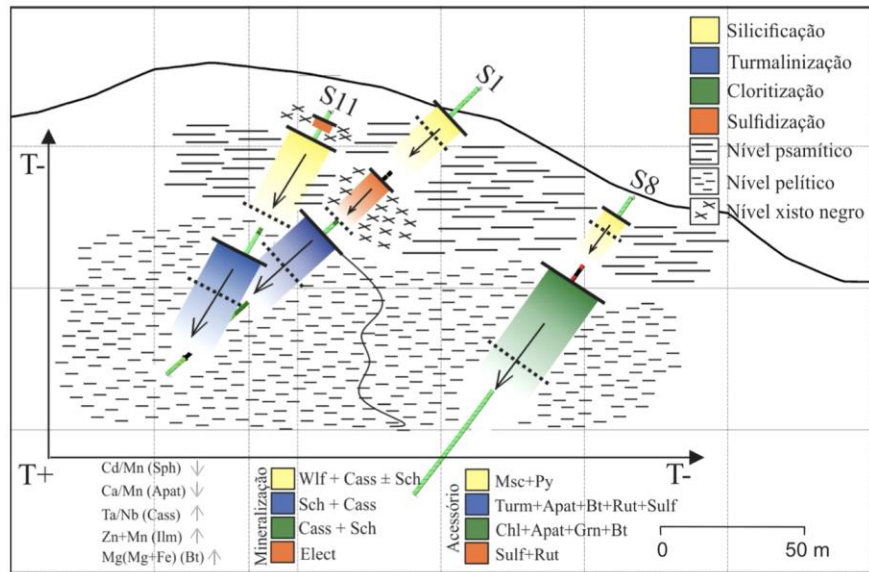
(Mostmeg 2020)

Senhora da Guia (Sandinha)

- Qz veins (Cst + W)

Vale Pião (F. Martins, 2017; I. Fernandes, 2020)

- Qz veins (Cst + W)
- Aplite (Cst + W + Li-mica + Au)
- Calcsilicate veins (Cst + garnet-Gr₃₃Sps₃₀Alm₂₇)
- Disseminated in metasomatized SCG (silicification/sulfides - W)

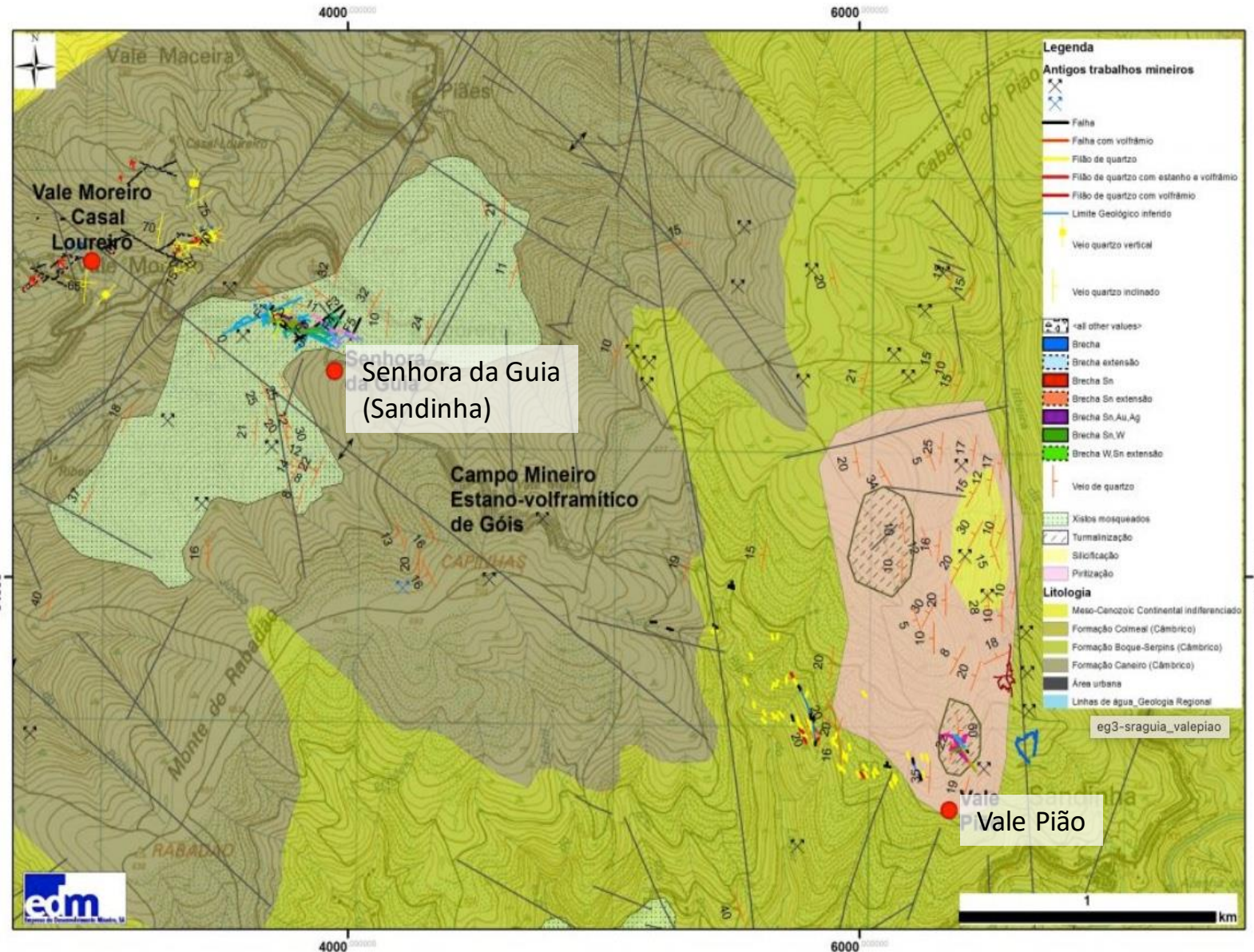
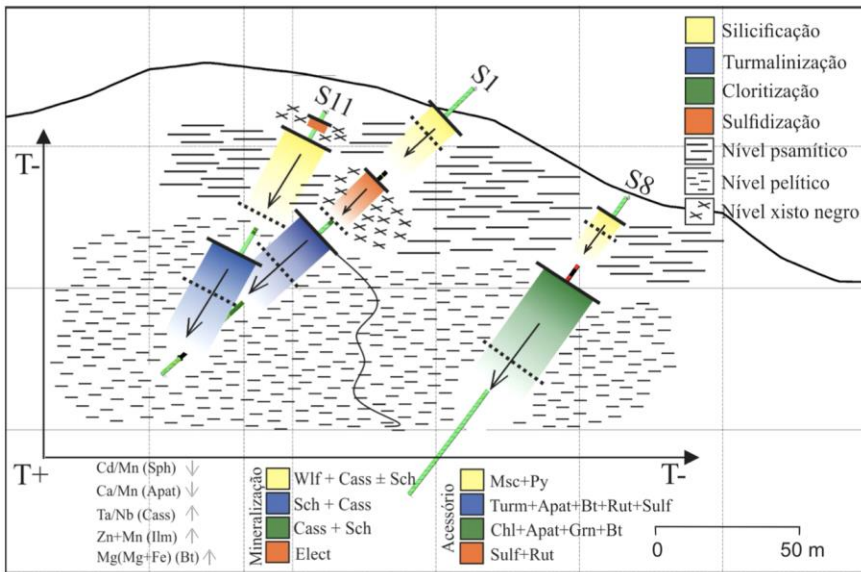


Senhora da Guia (Sandinha)

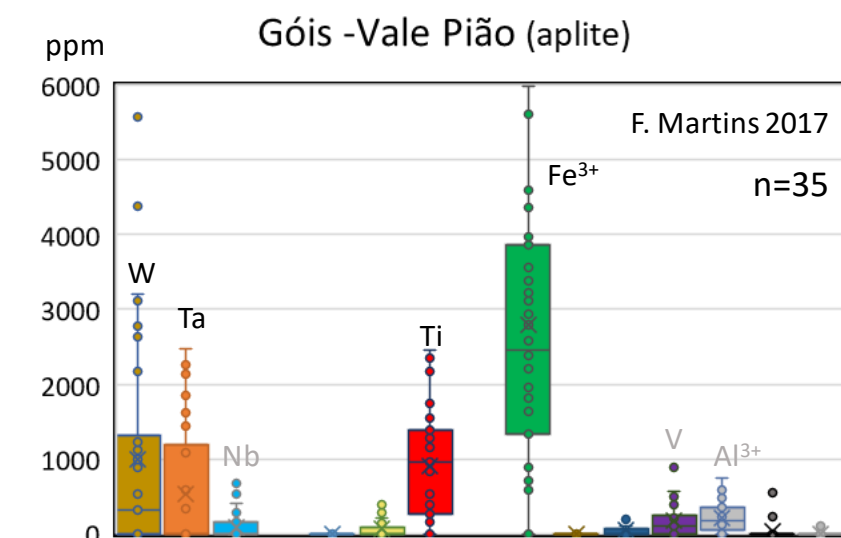
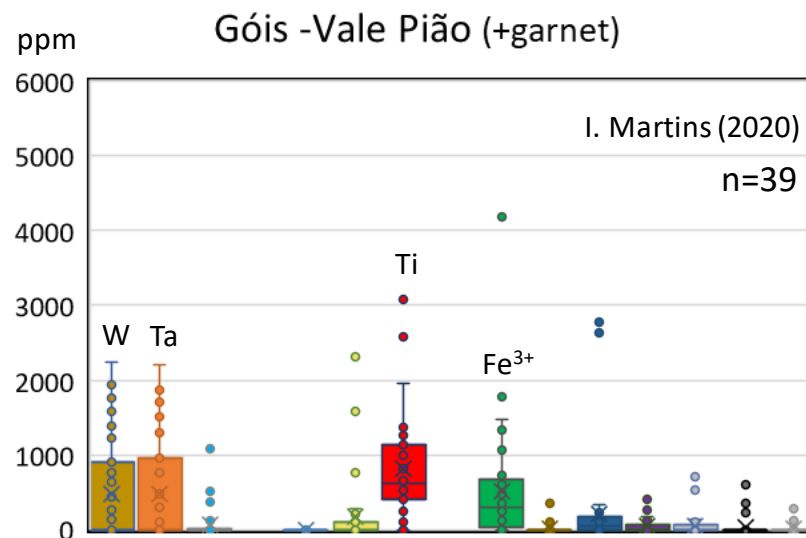
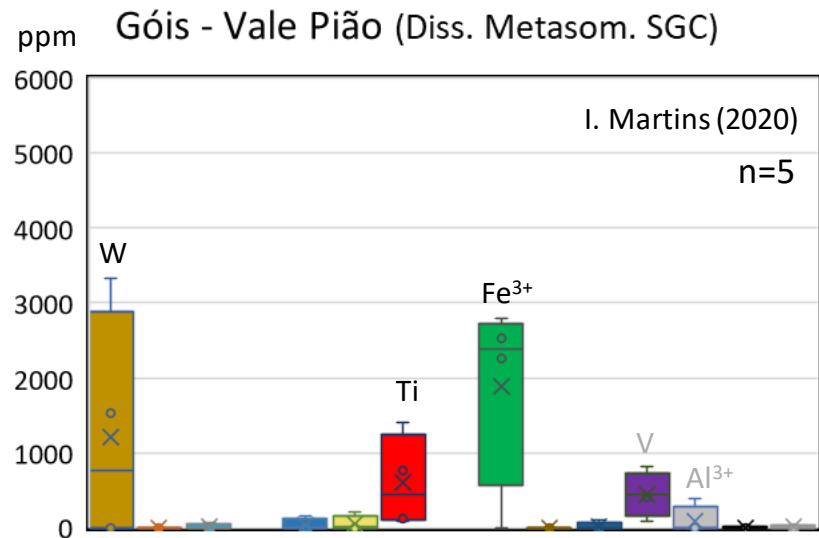
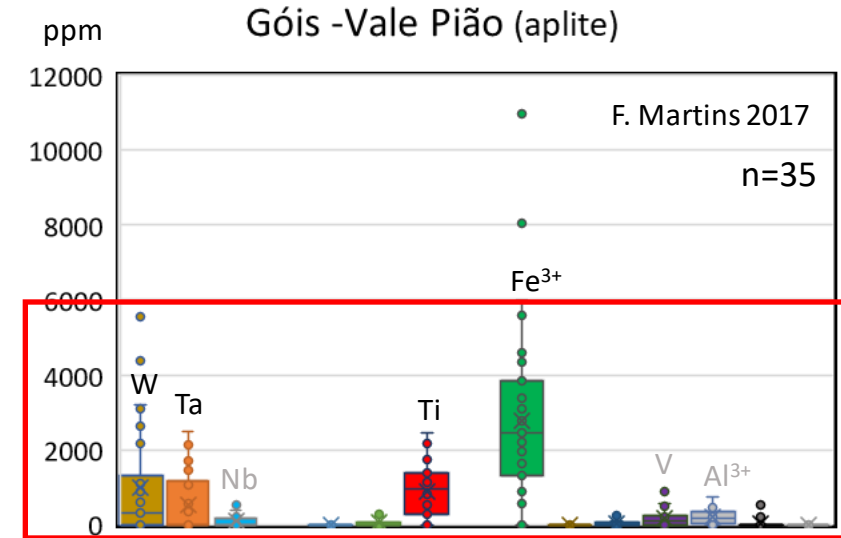
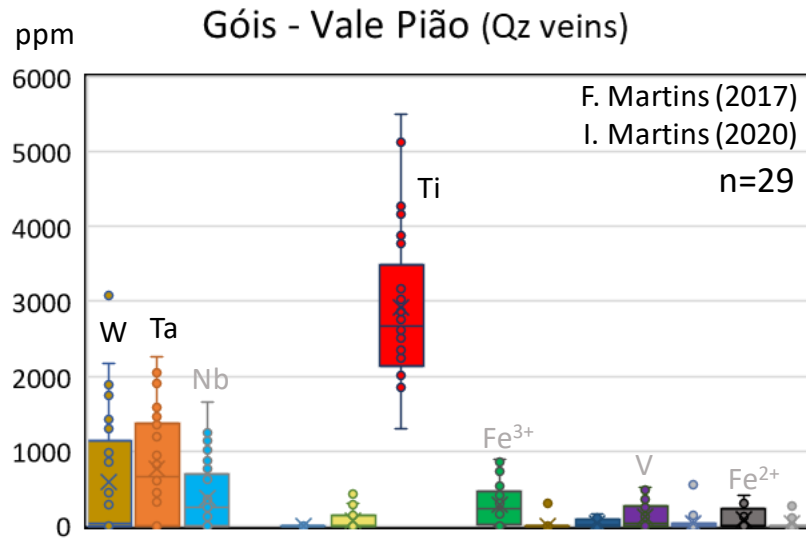
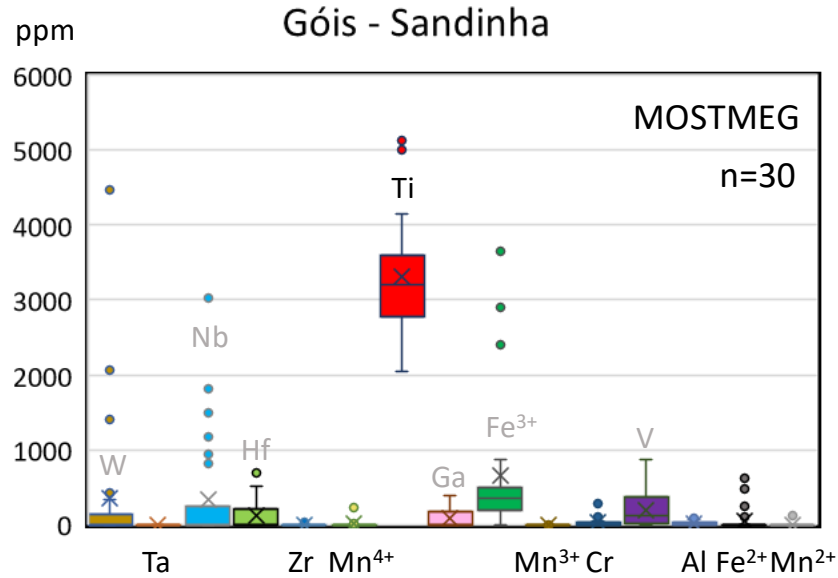
- Qz veins (Cst + W)

Vale Pião (F. Martins, 2017; I. Fernandes, 2020)

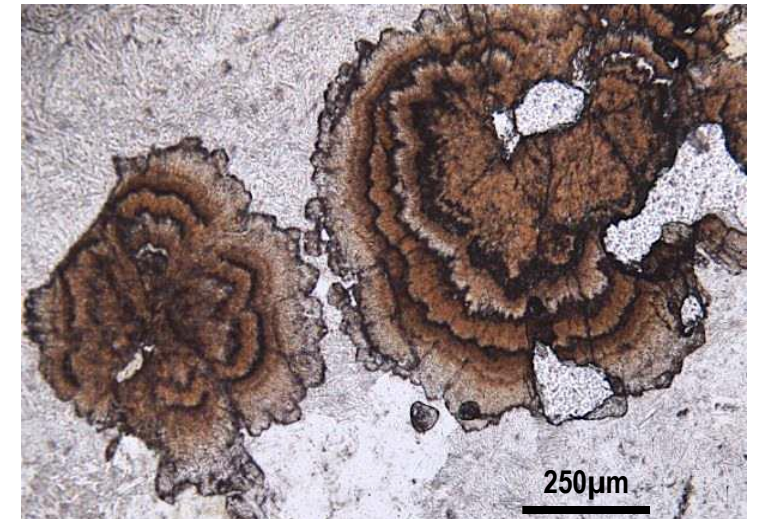
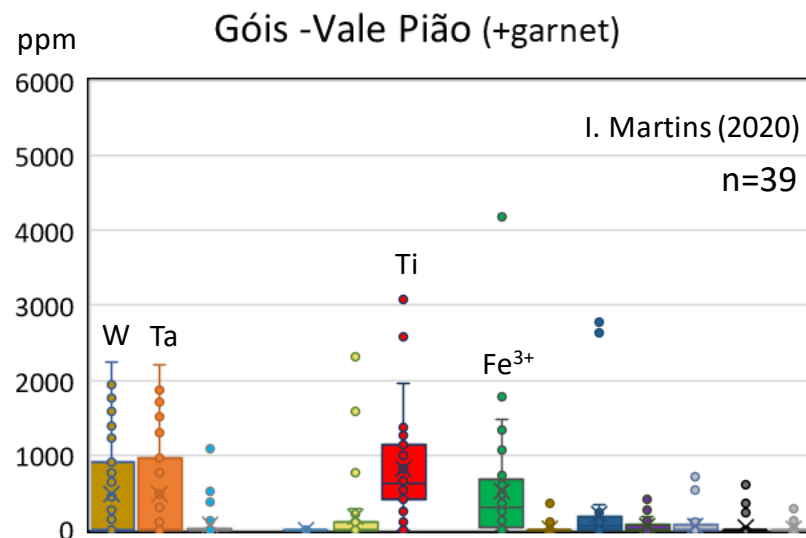
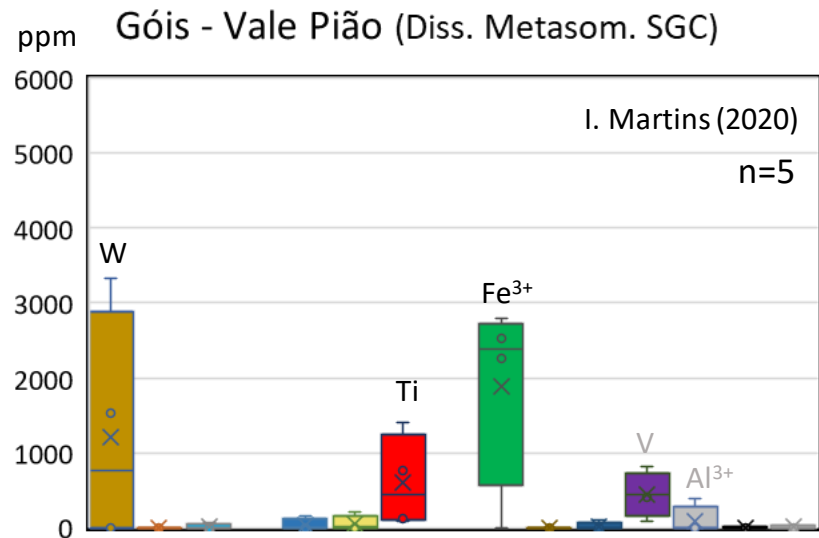
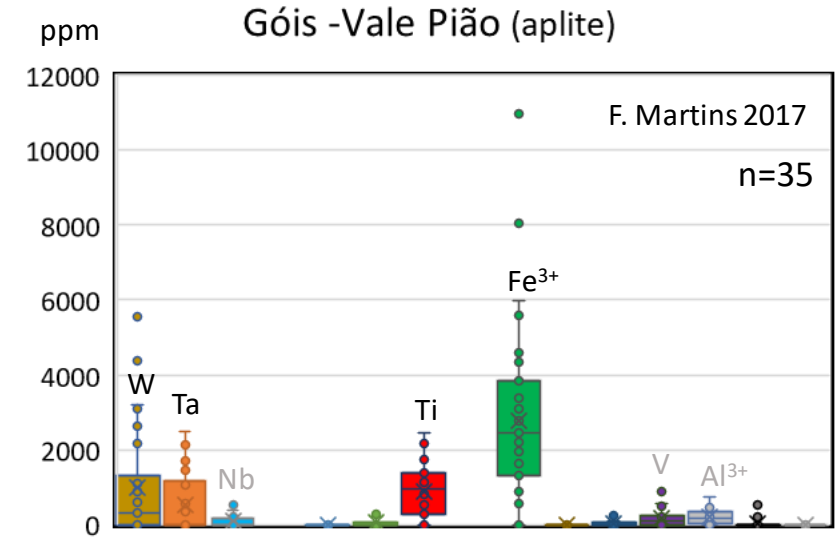
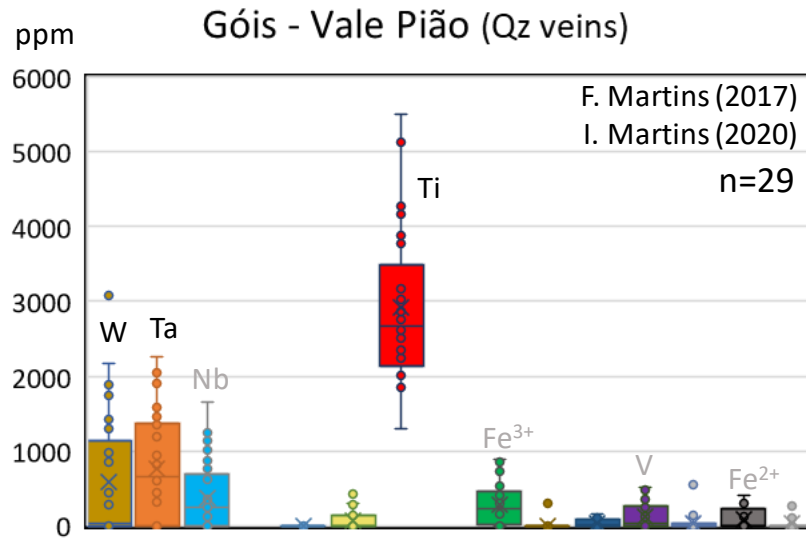
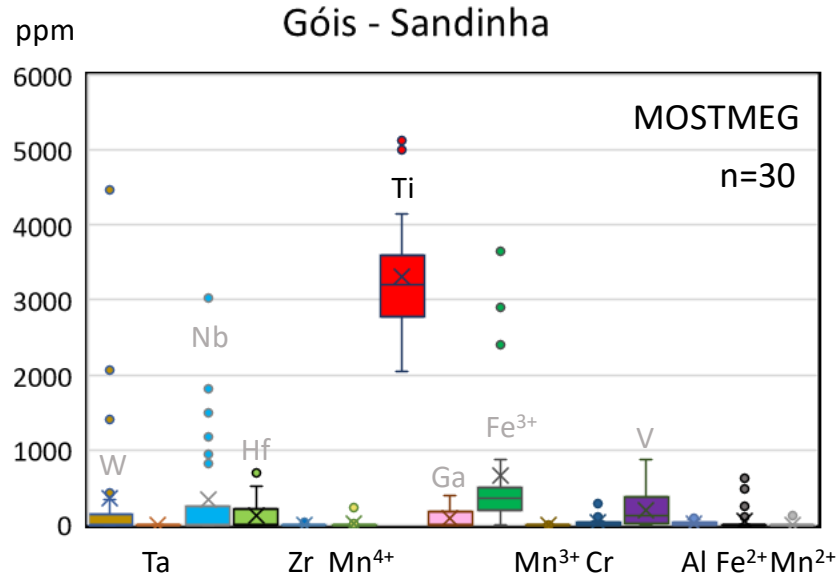
- Qz veins (Cst + W)
- Aplite (Cst + W + Li-mica + Au)
- Some people will call this “Skarns”
- Disseminated in metasomatized SCG (silicification/sulfides - W)



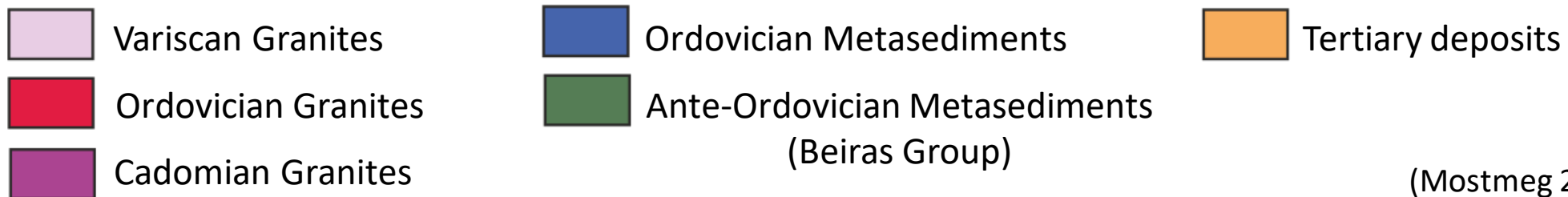
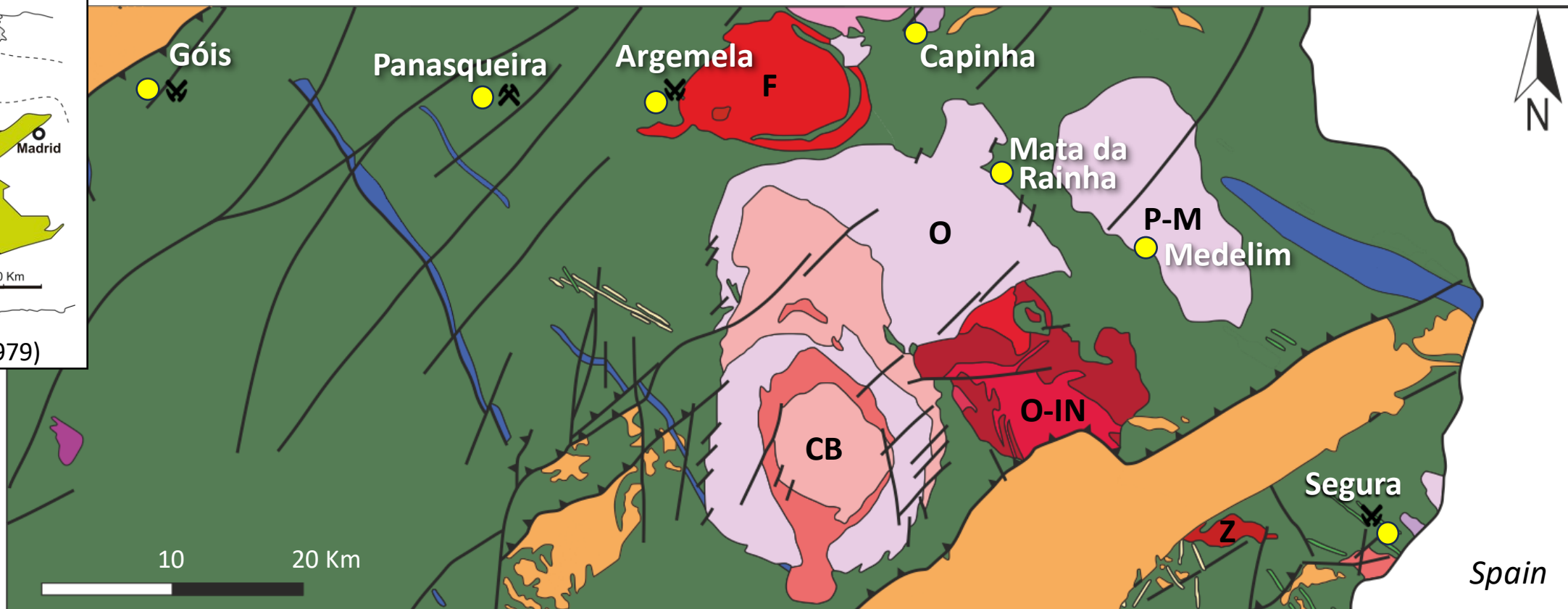
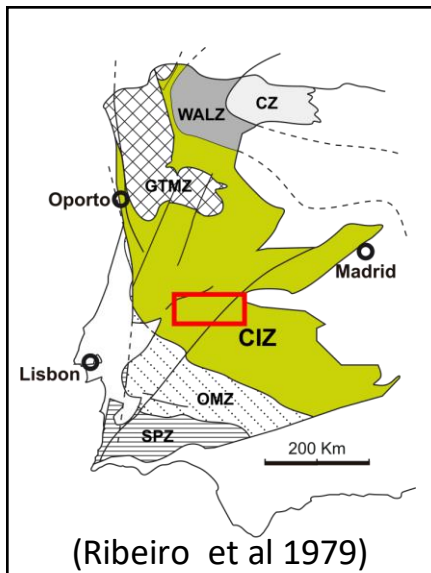
Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)



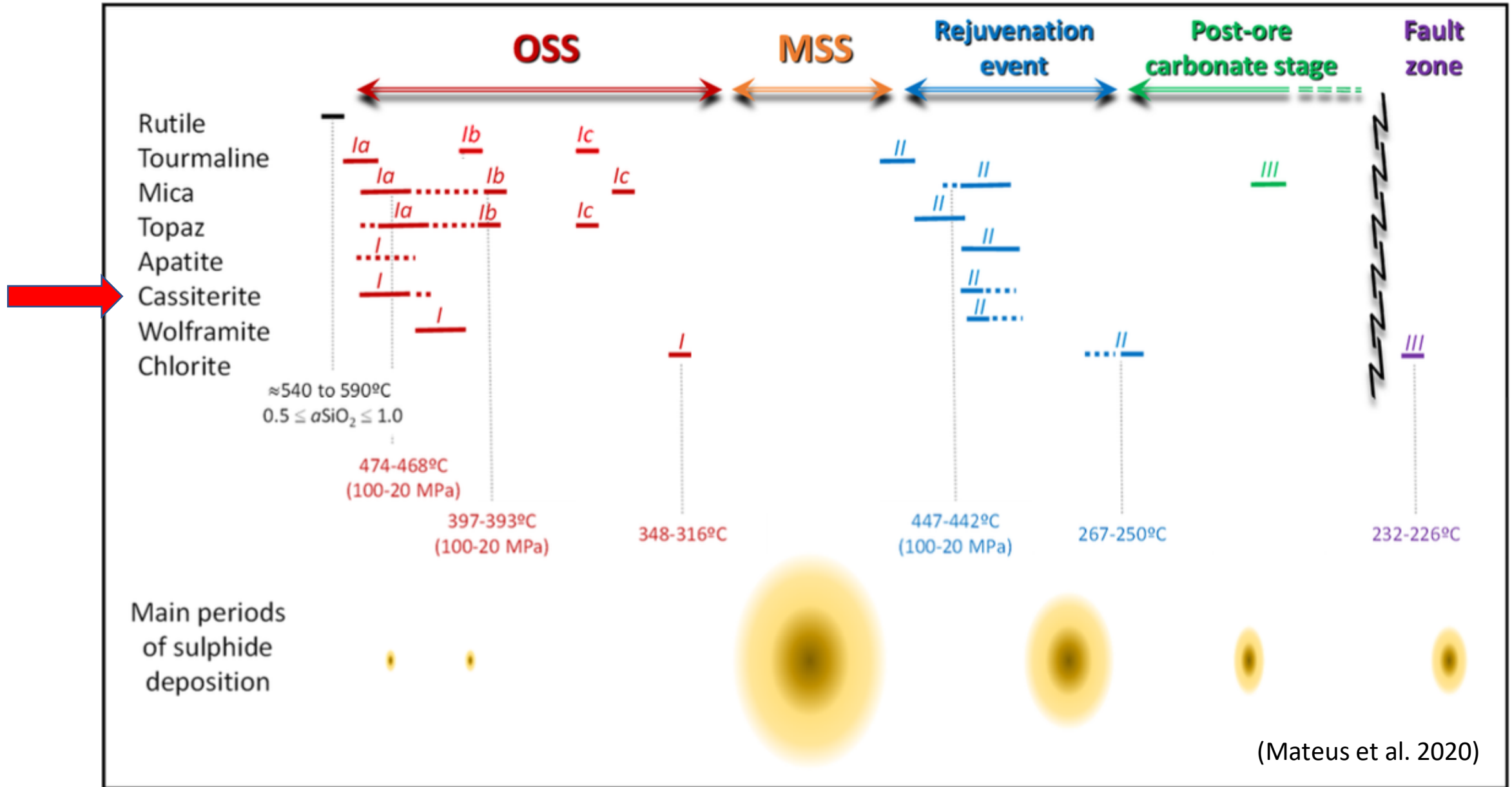
Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)



Góis-Panasqueira-Segura Sn-W belt (Central Portugal)

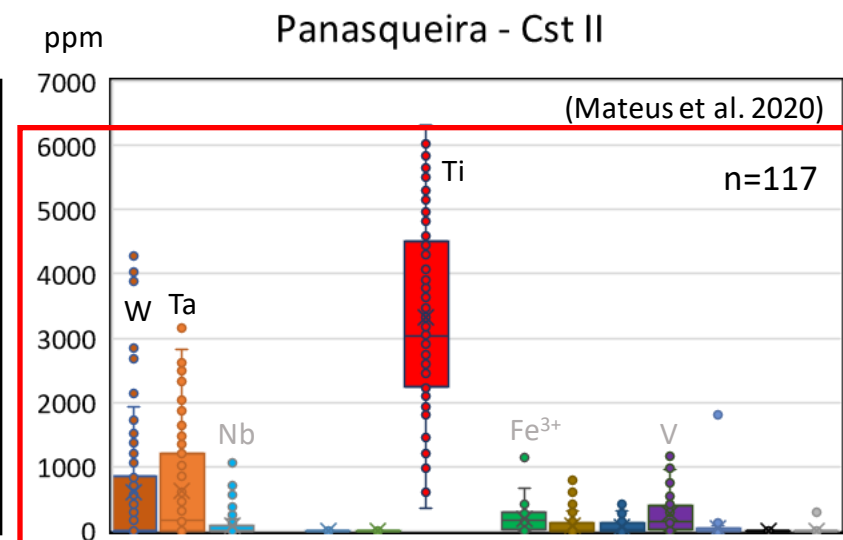
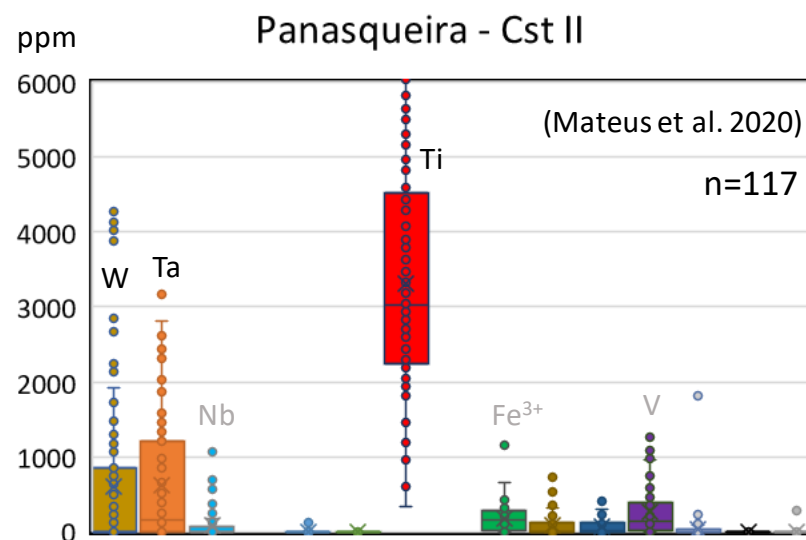
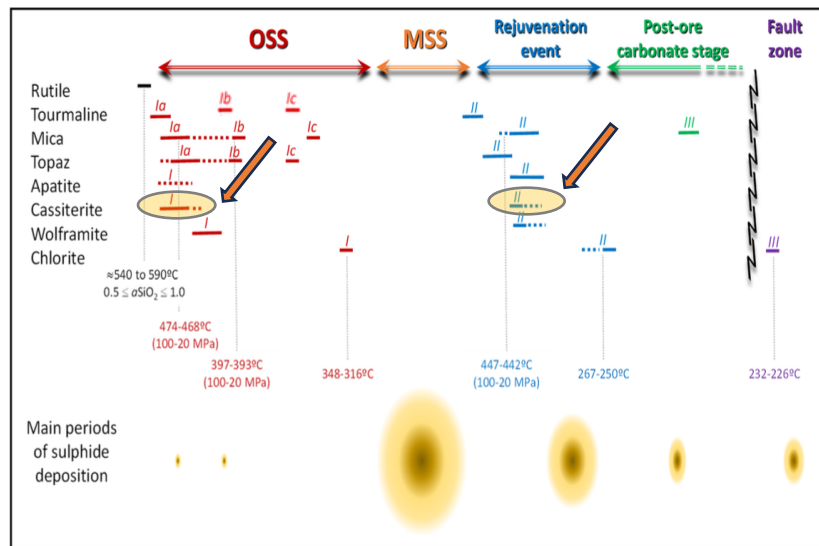
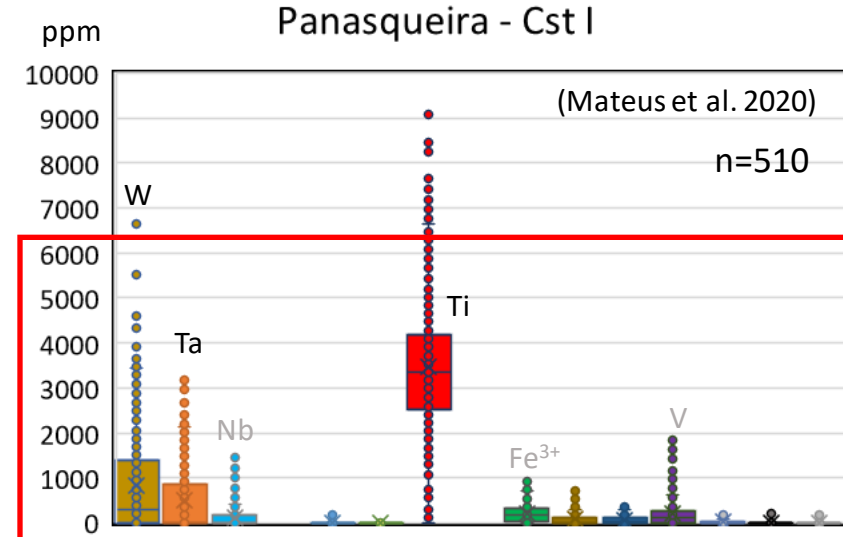
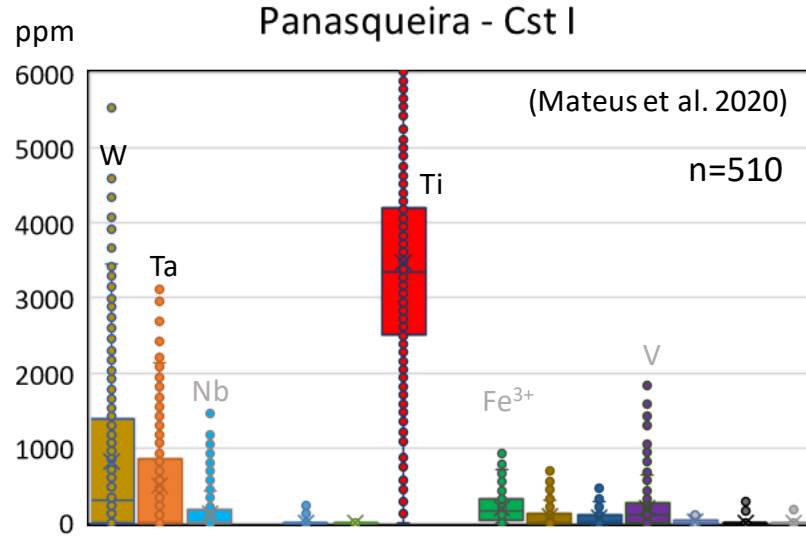
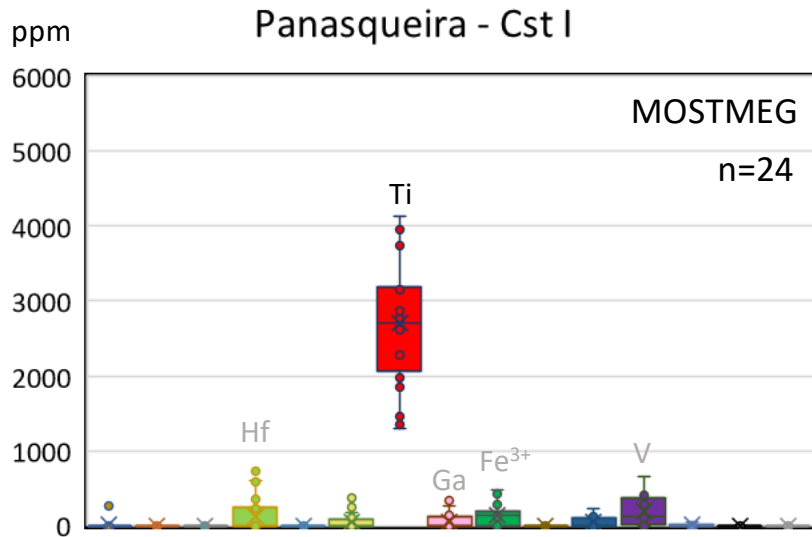


Simplified paragenetic sequence of Panasqueira deposit

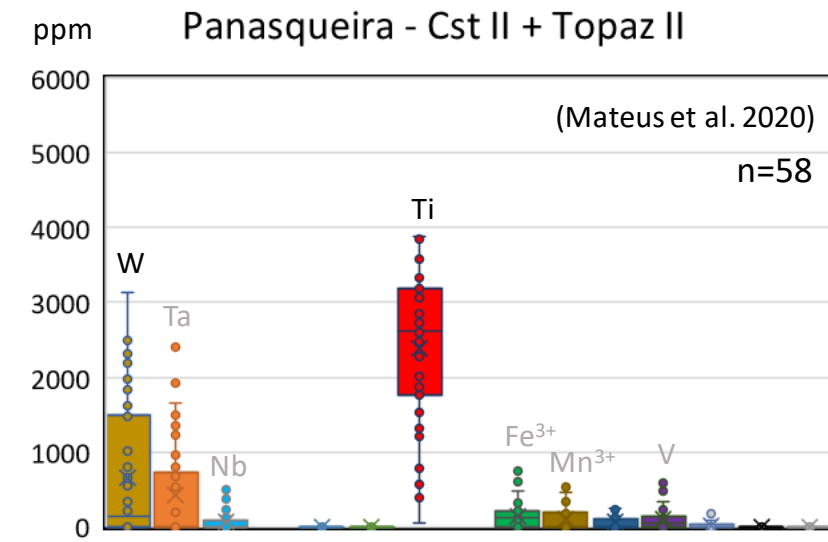
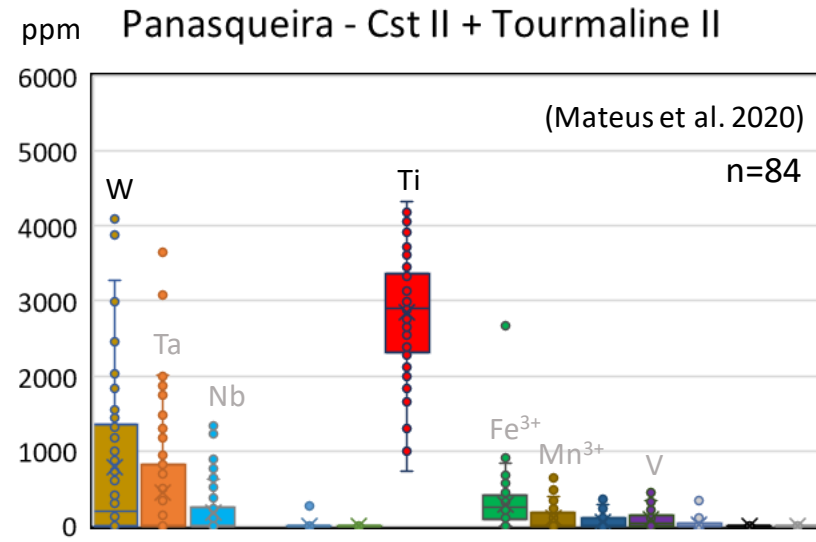
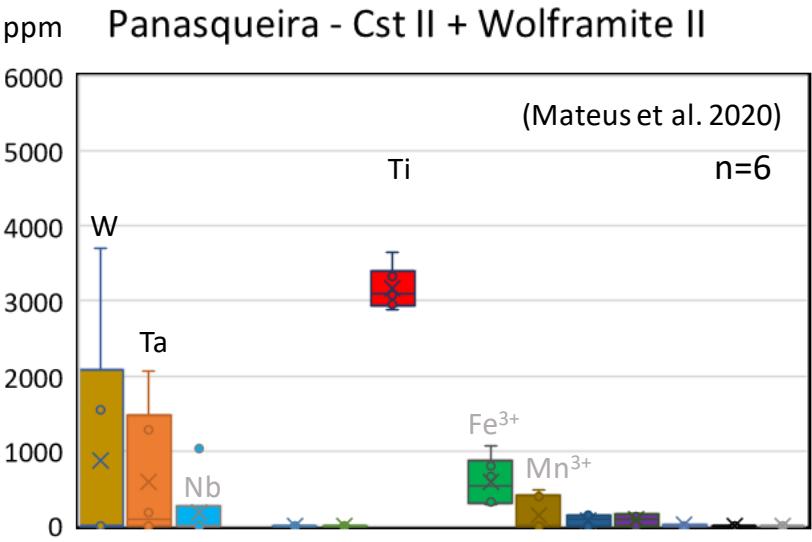
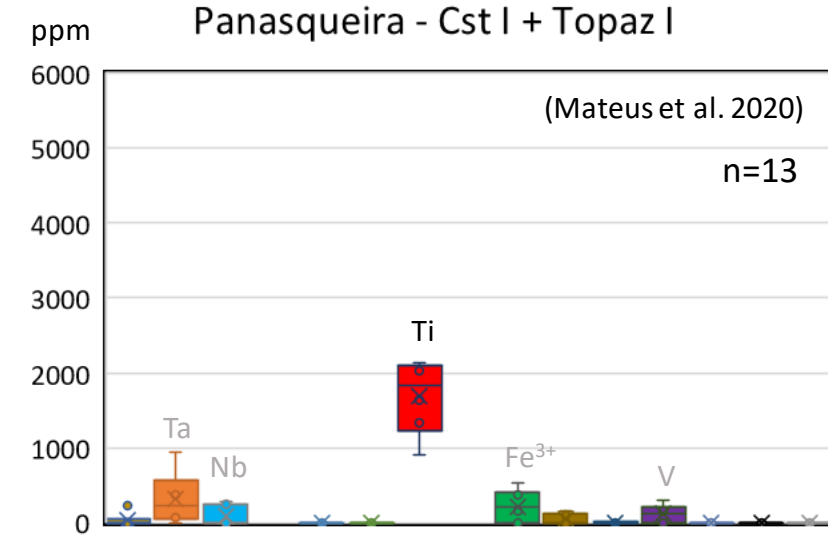
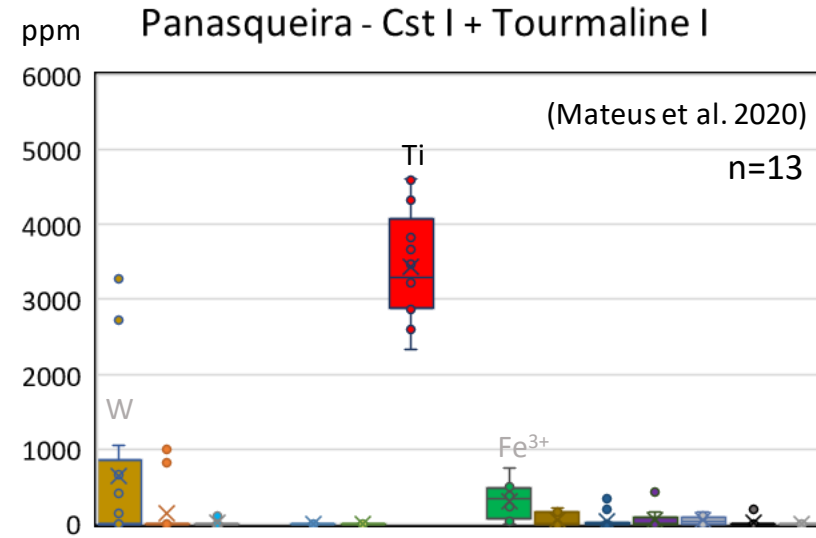
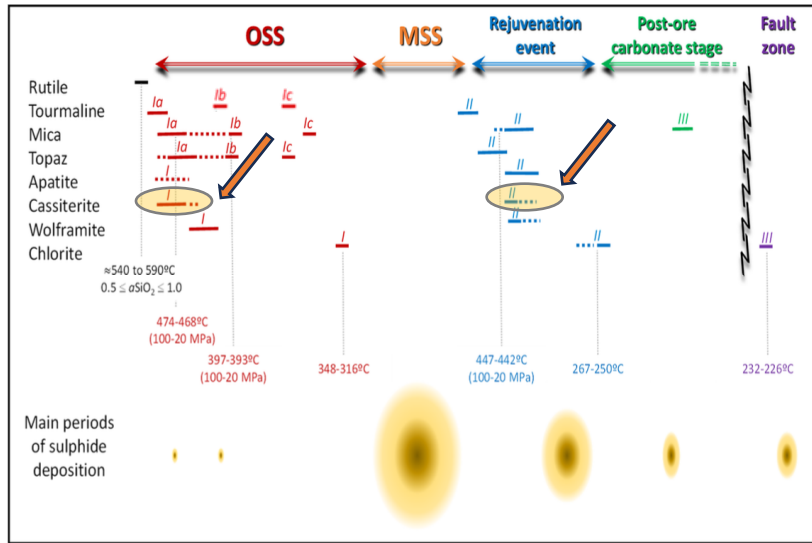


(Mateus et al. 2020)

Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)

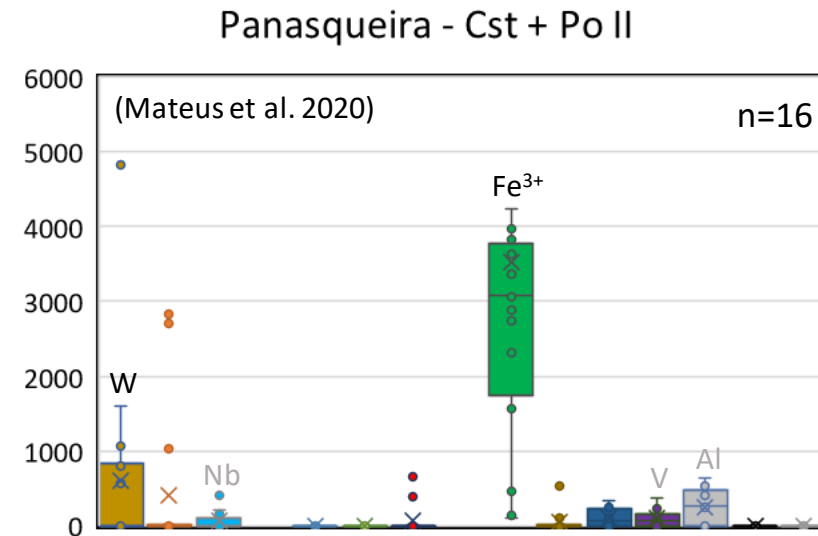
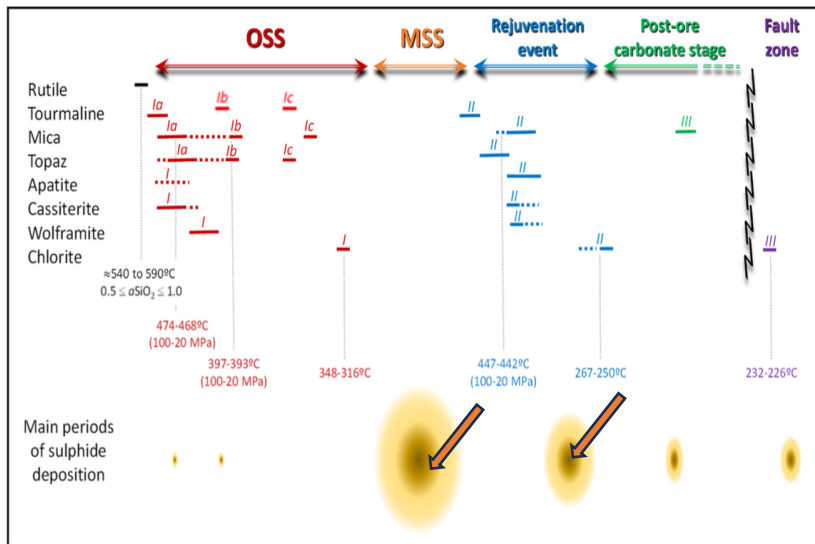
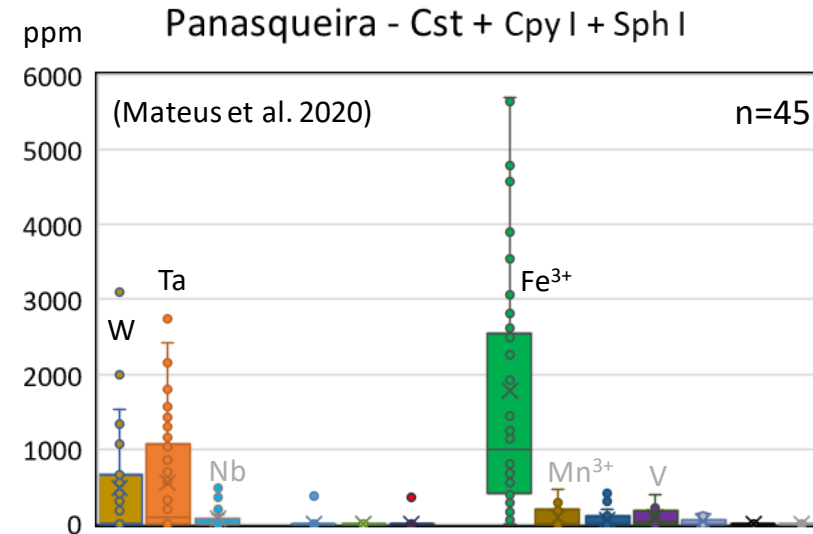
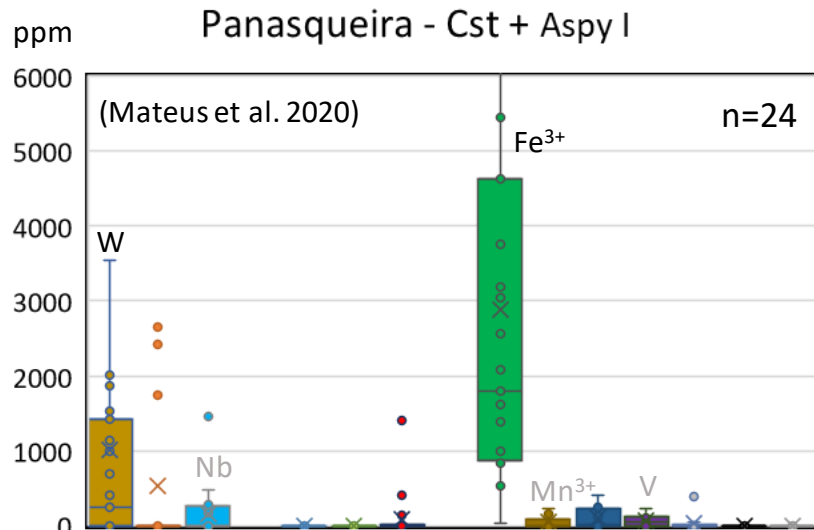


Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)



■ W6+
 ■ Ta5+
 ■ Nb5+
 ■ Hf4+
 ■ Zr4+
 ■ Mn4+
 ■ Ti4+
 ■ Ga3+
 ■ Fe3+
 ■ Mn3+
 ■ Cr3+
 ■ V3+
 ■ Al3+
 ■ Fe2+
 ■ Mn2+

Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)

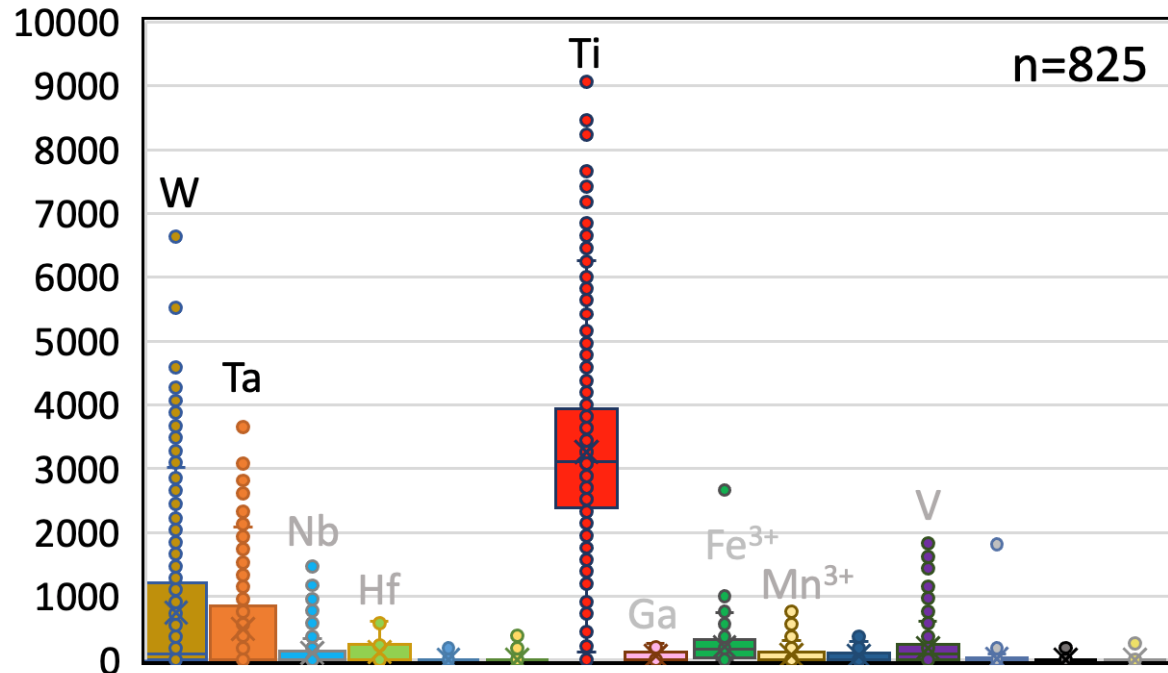


Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)

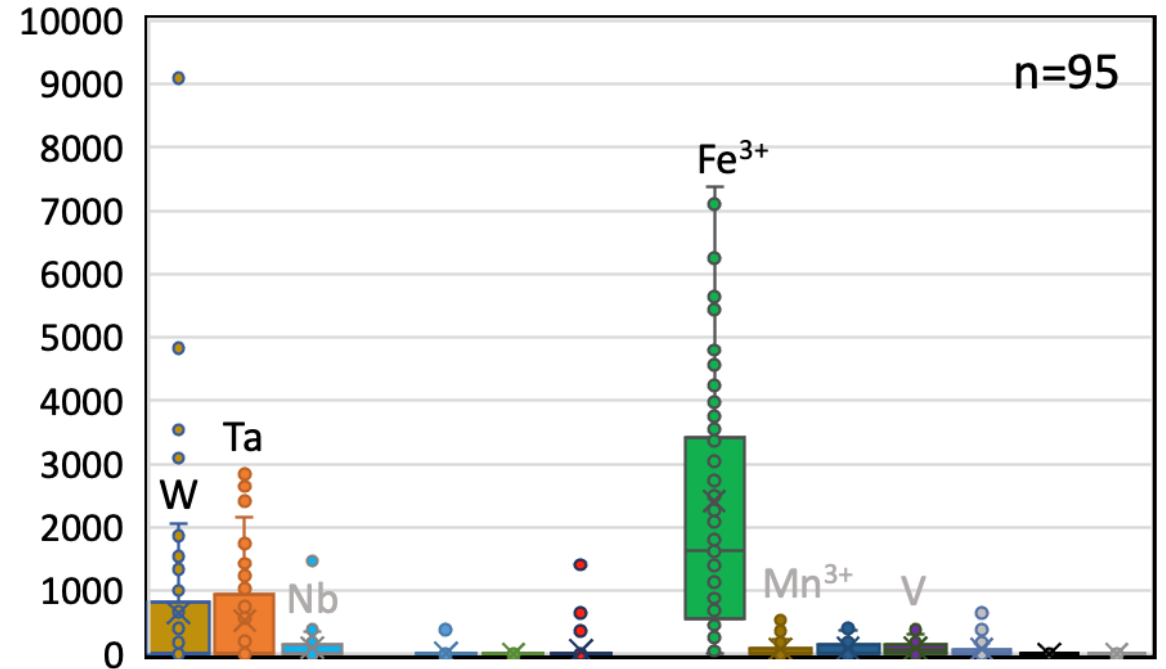


Panasqueira

Oxide stage Cassiterite

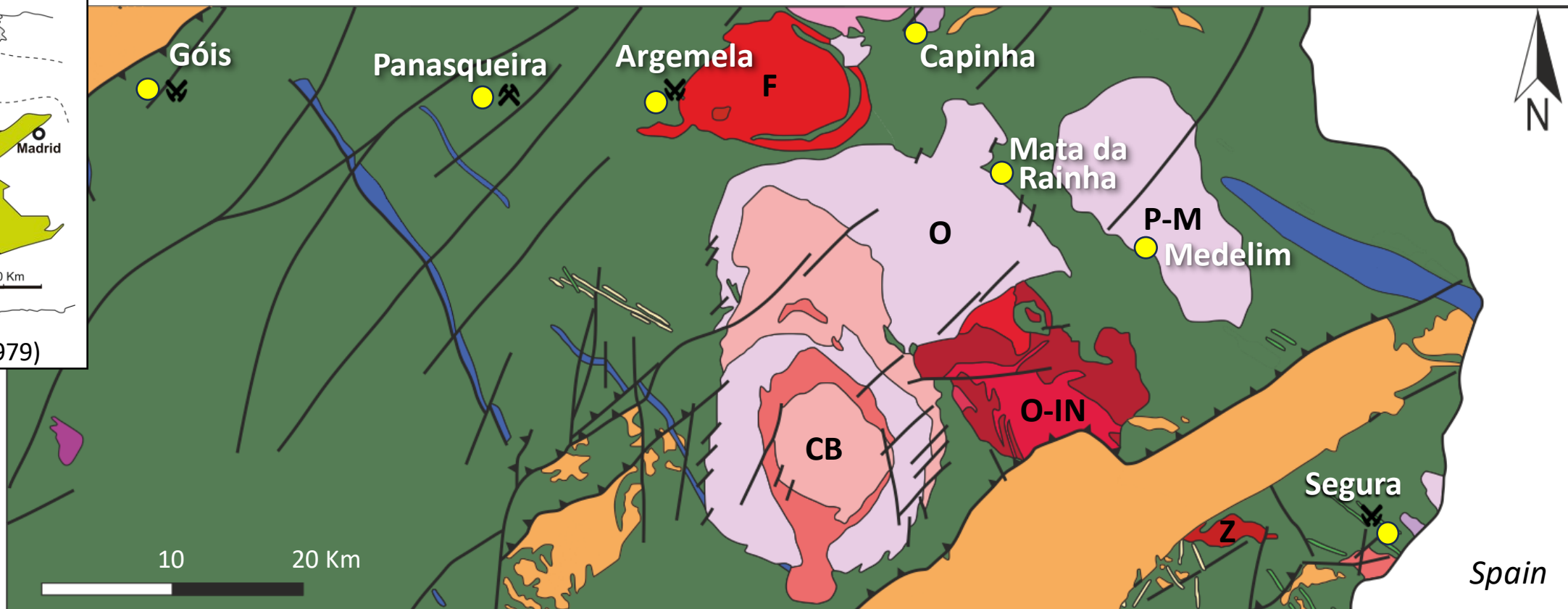
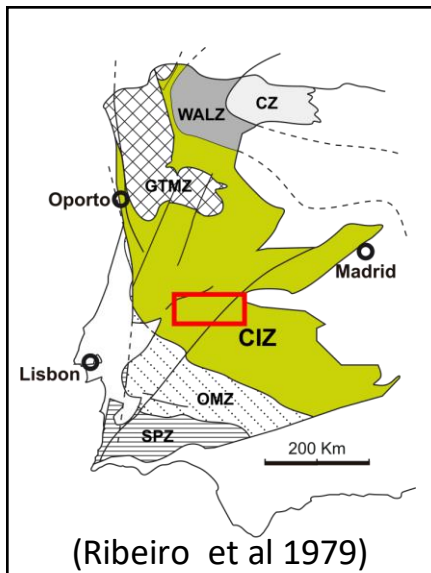








Cassiterite + Sulfides



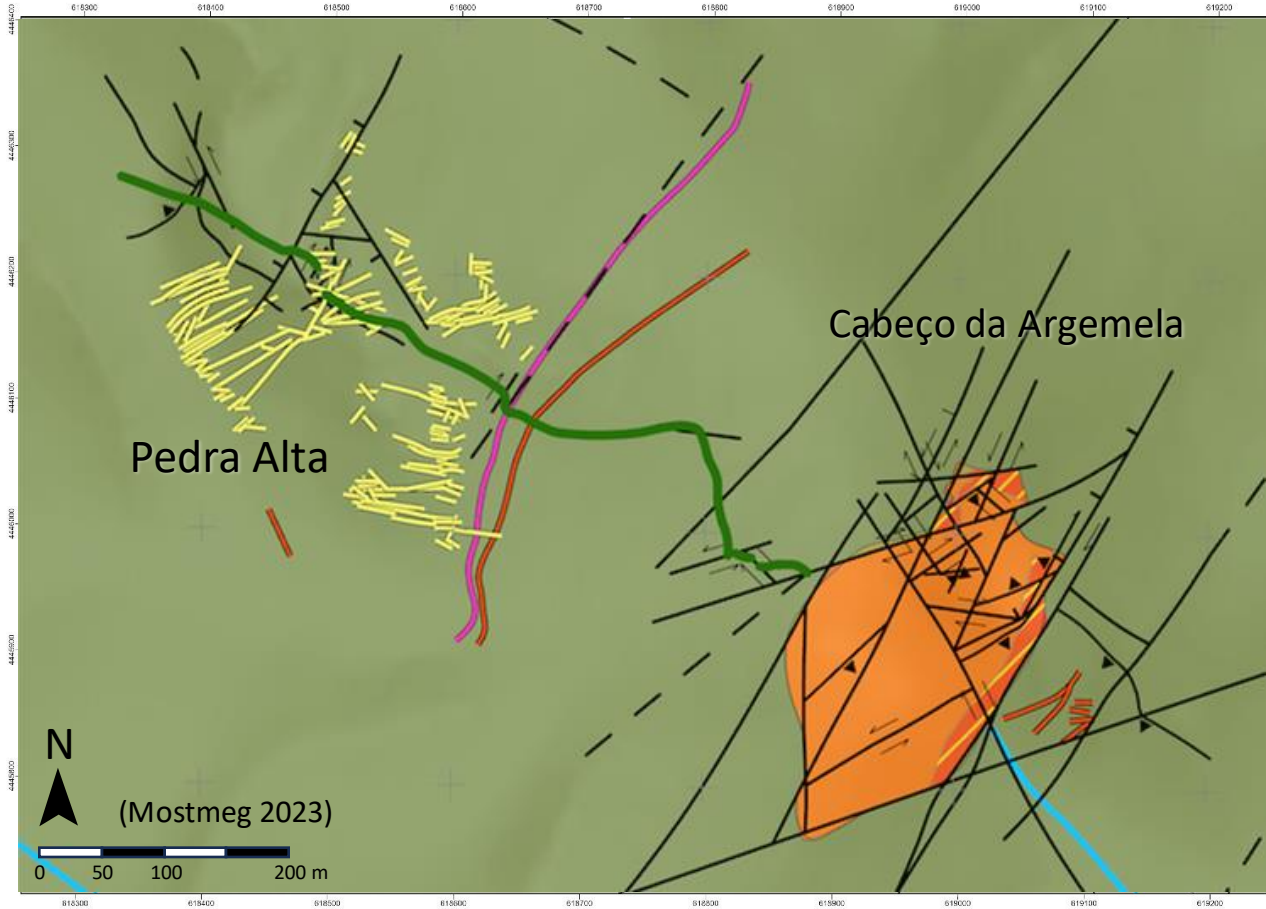
Legend for element oxidation states: W⁶⁺, Ta⁵⁺, Nb⁵⁺, Hf⁴⁺, Zr⁴⁺, Mn⁴⁺, Ti⁴⁺, Ga³⁺, Fe³⁺, Mn³⁺, Cr³⁺, V³⁺, Al³⁺, Fe²⁺, Mn²⁺

Góis-Panasqueira-Segura Sn-W belt (Central Portugal)



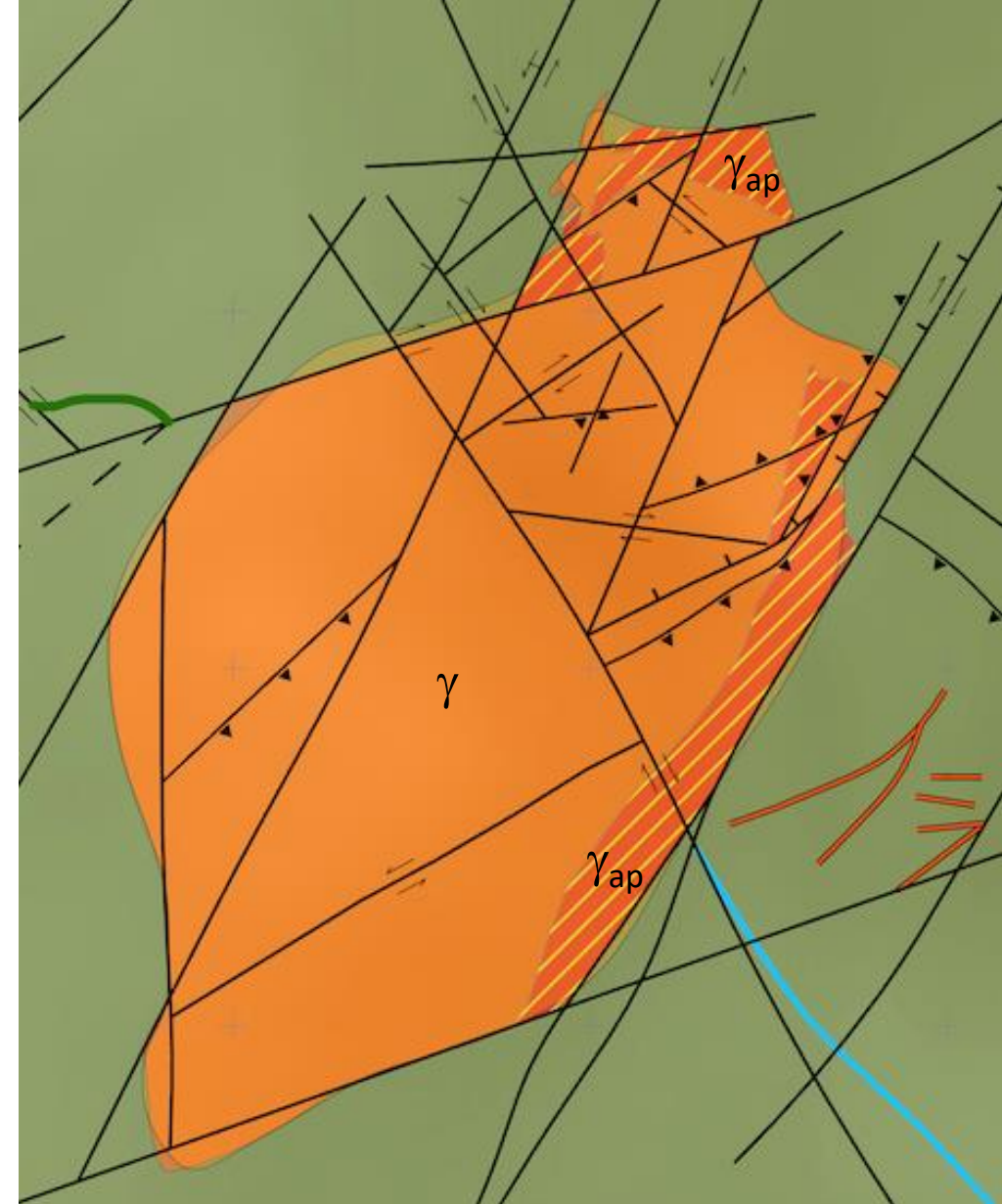
- | | | |
|---|---|---|
|  Variscan Granites |  Ordovician Metasediments |  Tertiary deposits |
|  Ordovician Granites |  Ante-Ordovician Metasediments
(Beiras Group) | |
|  Cadomian Granites | | |

ARGEMELA

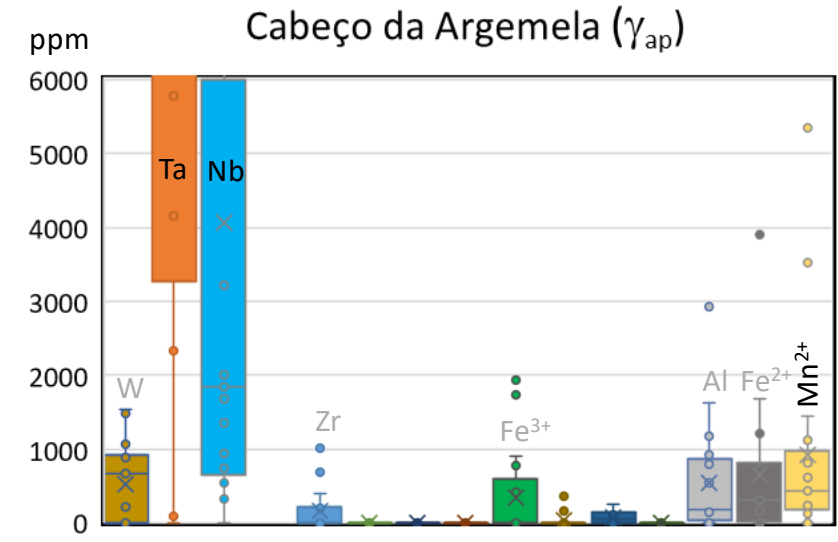
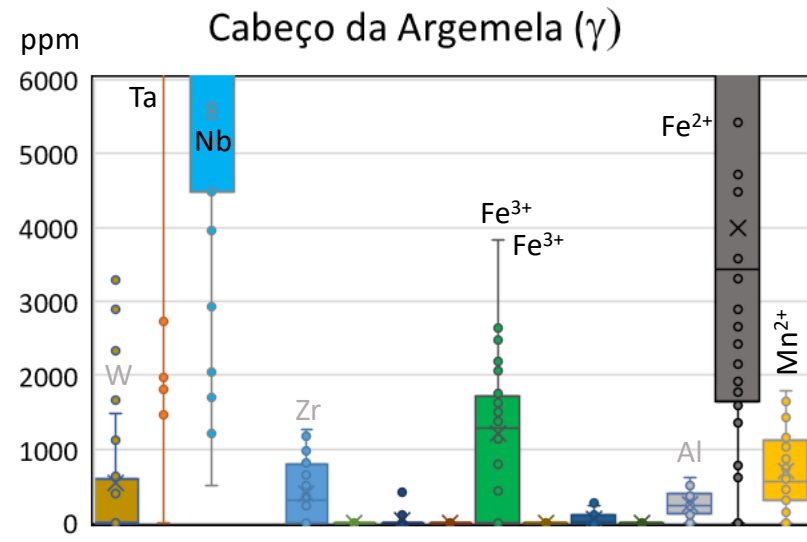
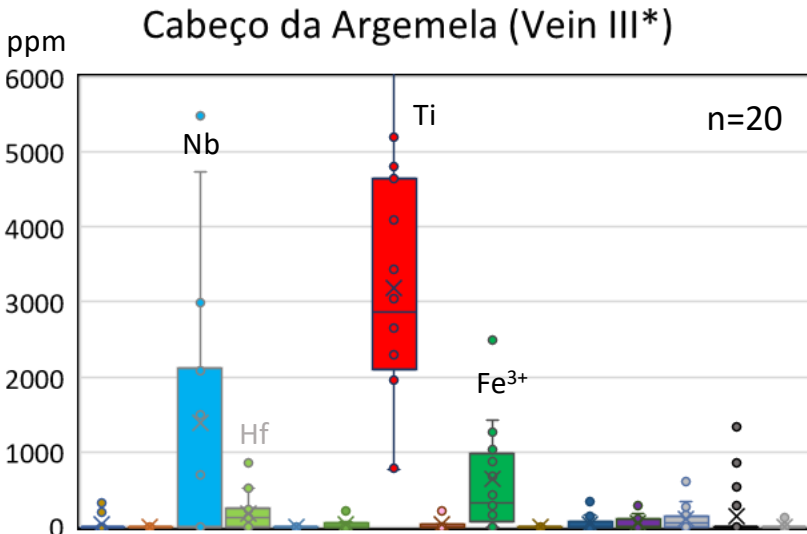
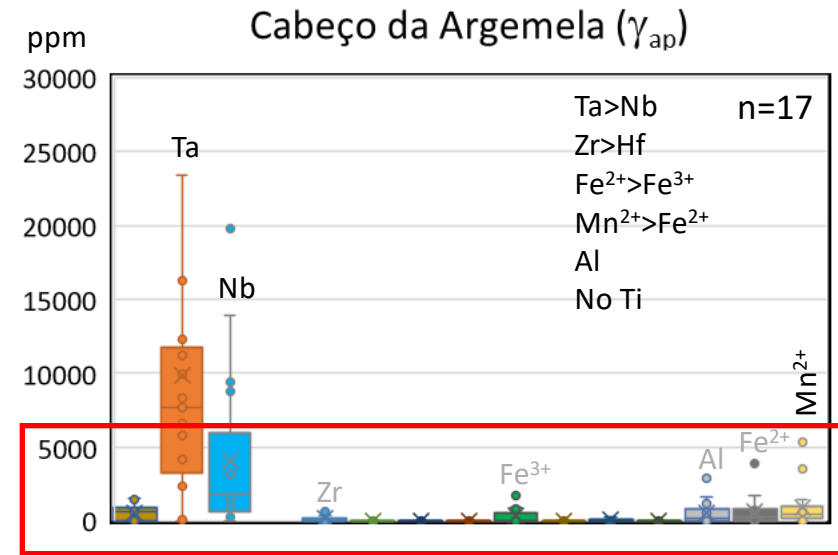
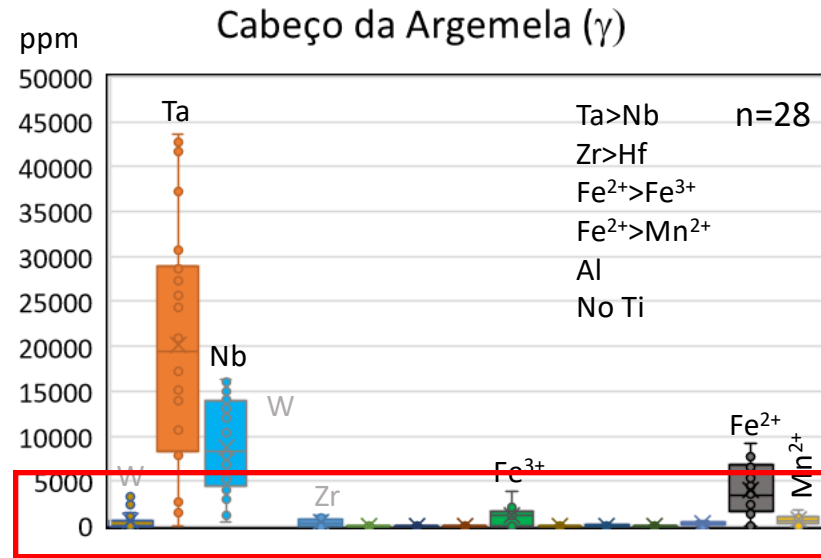
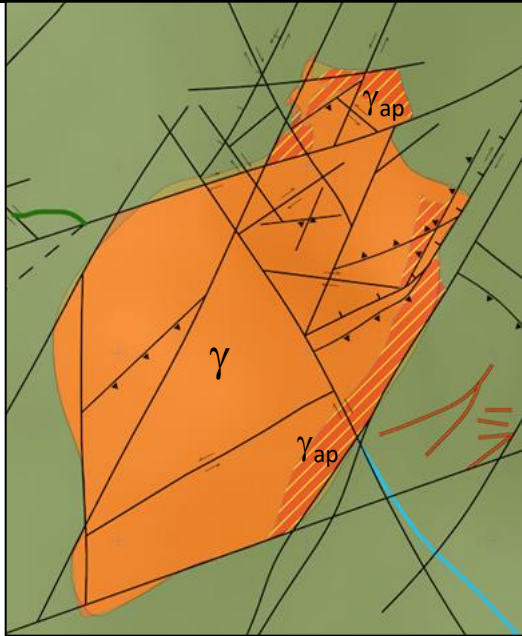


Pedra Alta
Sn-Qz veins

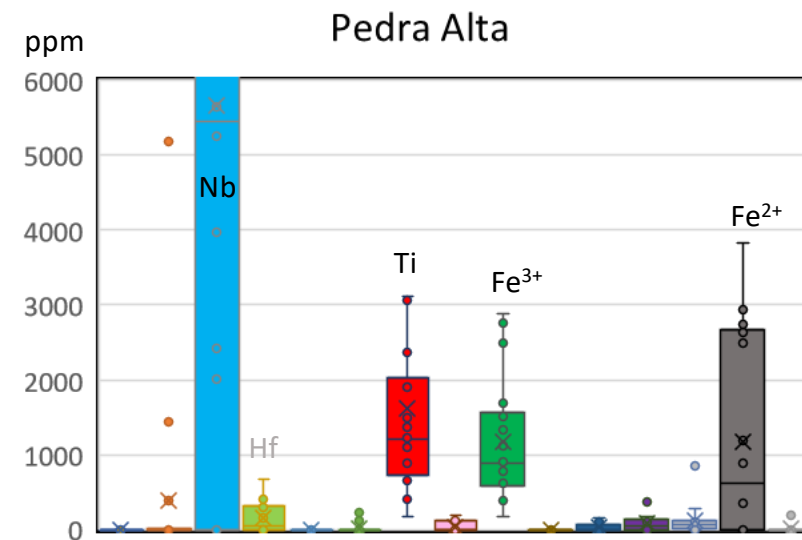
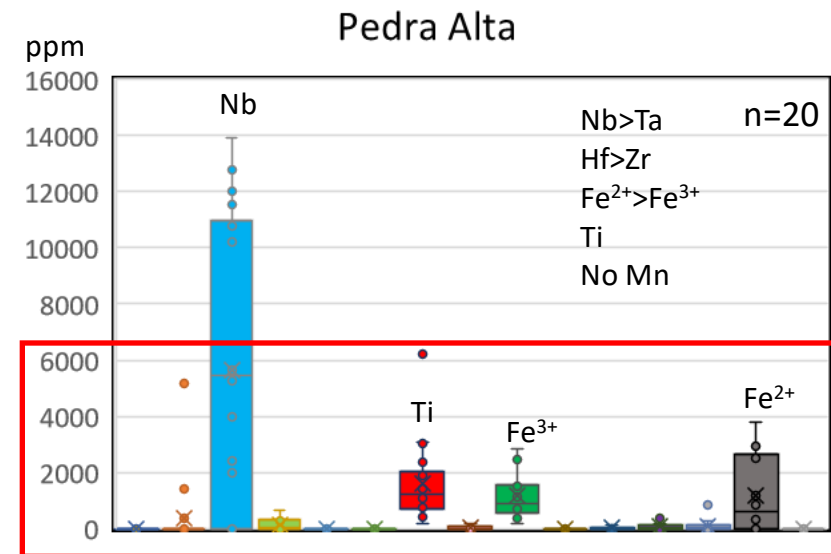
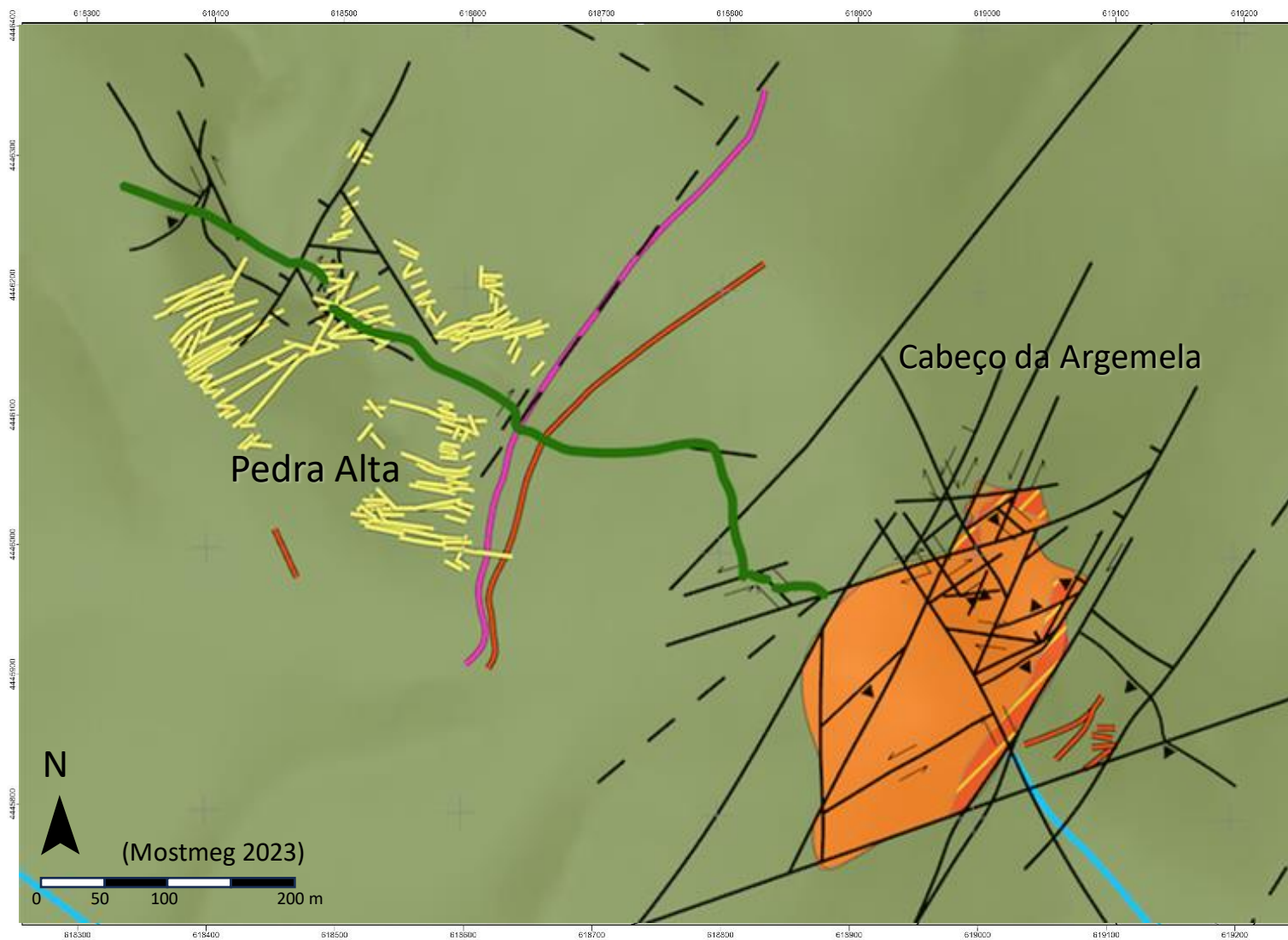
Cabeço da Argemela
Granitic facies (γ)
Aplitic-pegmatitic facies (γ_{ap})
Veins (type I, II, III, III*)



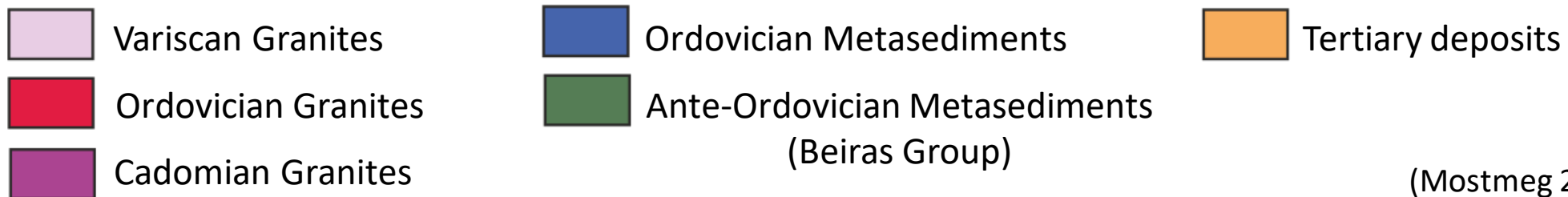
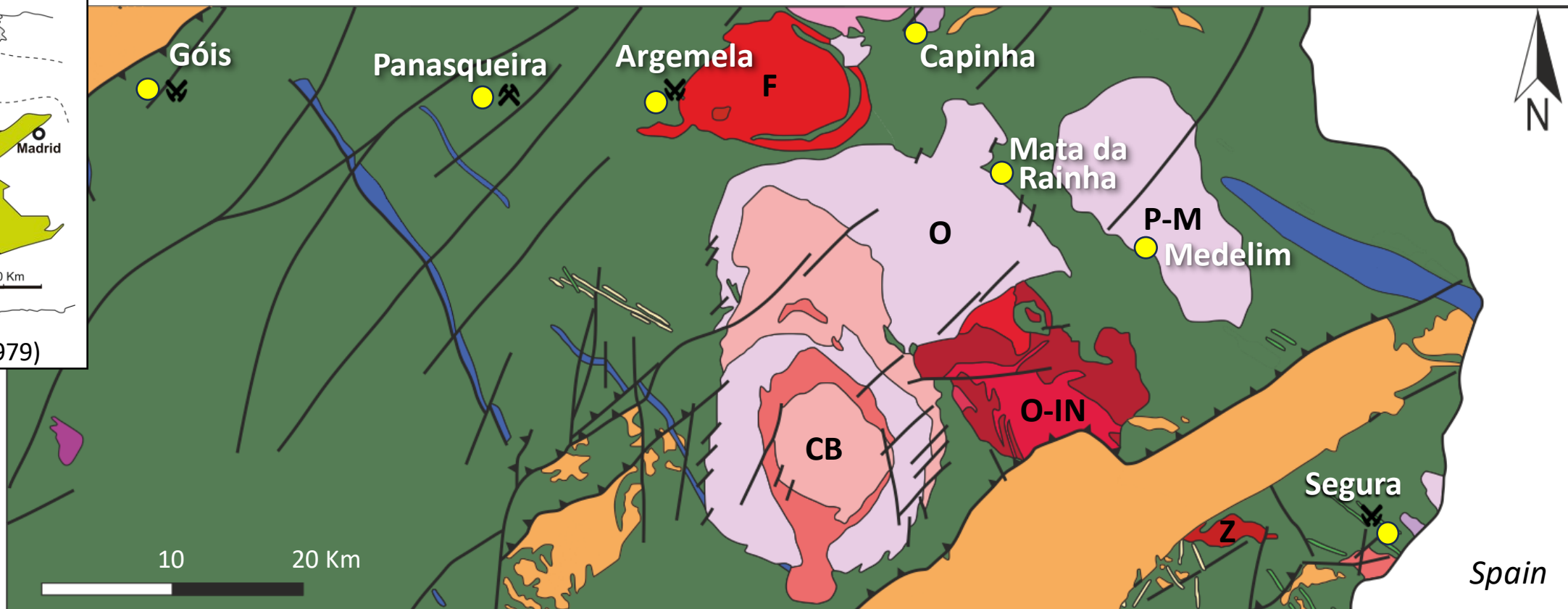
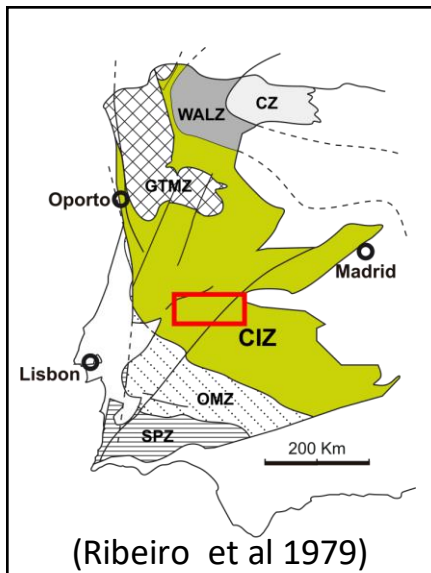
Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)



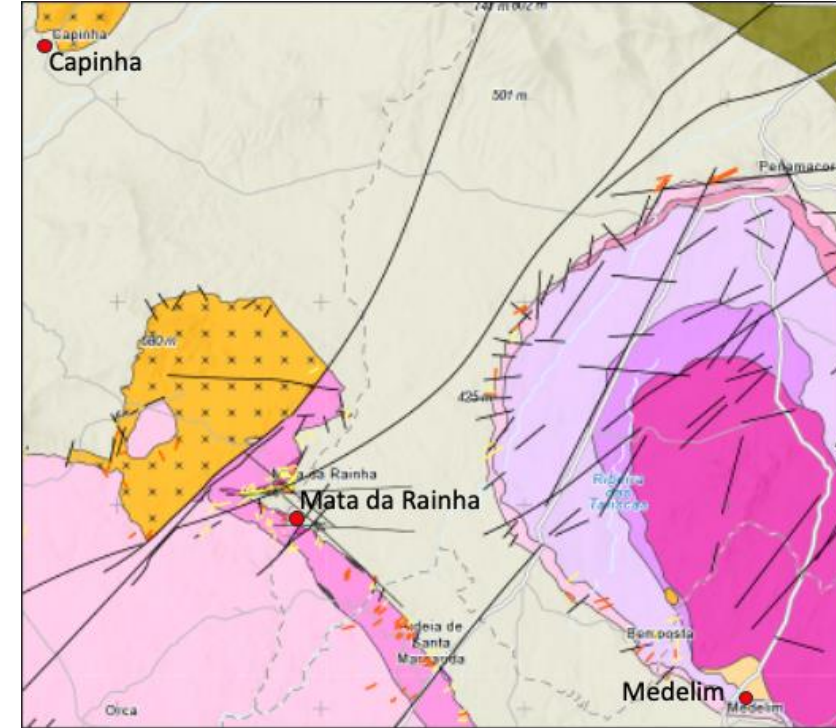
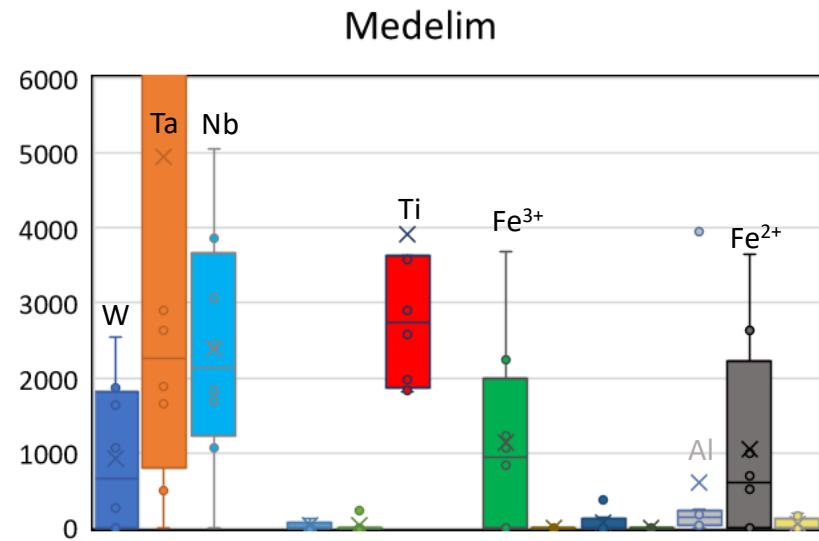
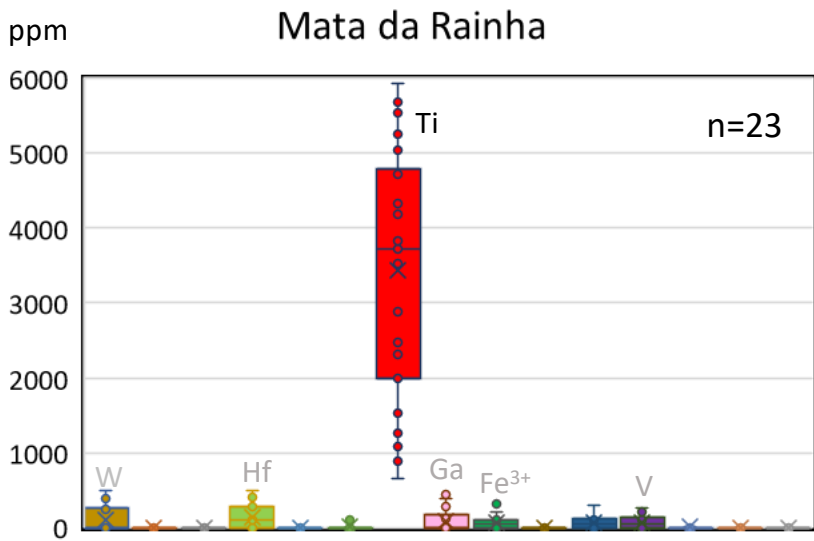
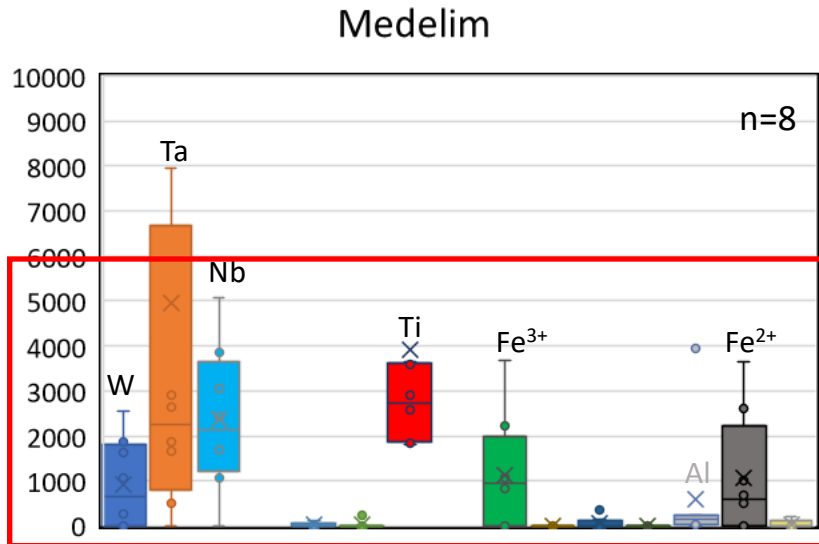
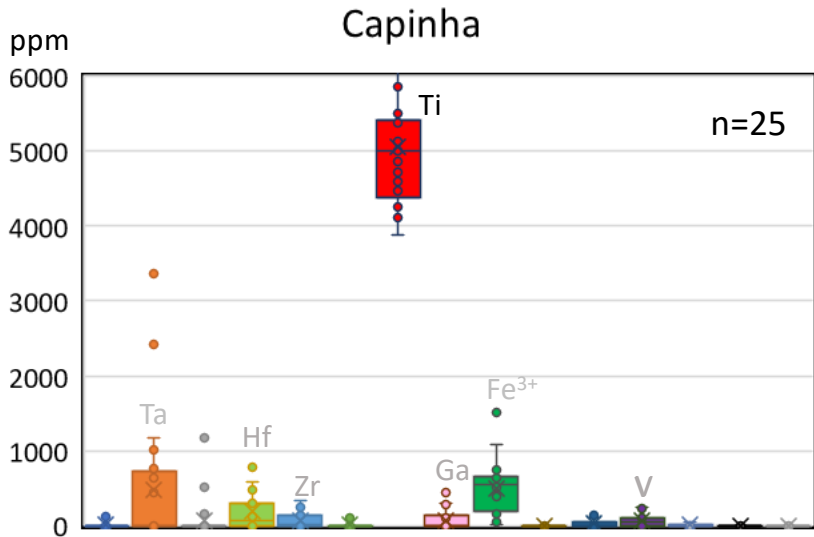
Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)



Góis-Panasqueira-Segura Sn-W belt (Central Portugal)



Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)



Capinha

Concessão 761 - Caberna e Quinta da Caverna de Baixo
 Peri-botholithic Wlf + C_{ss} Qz veins

Mata da Rainha

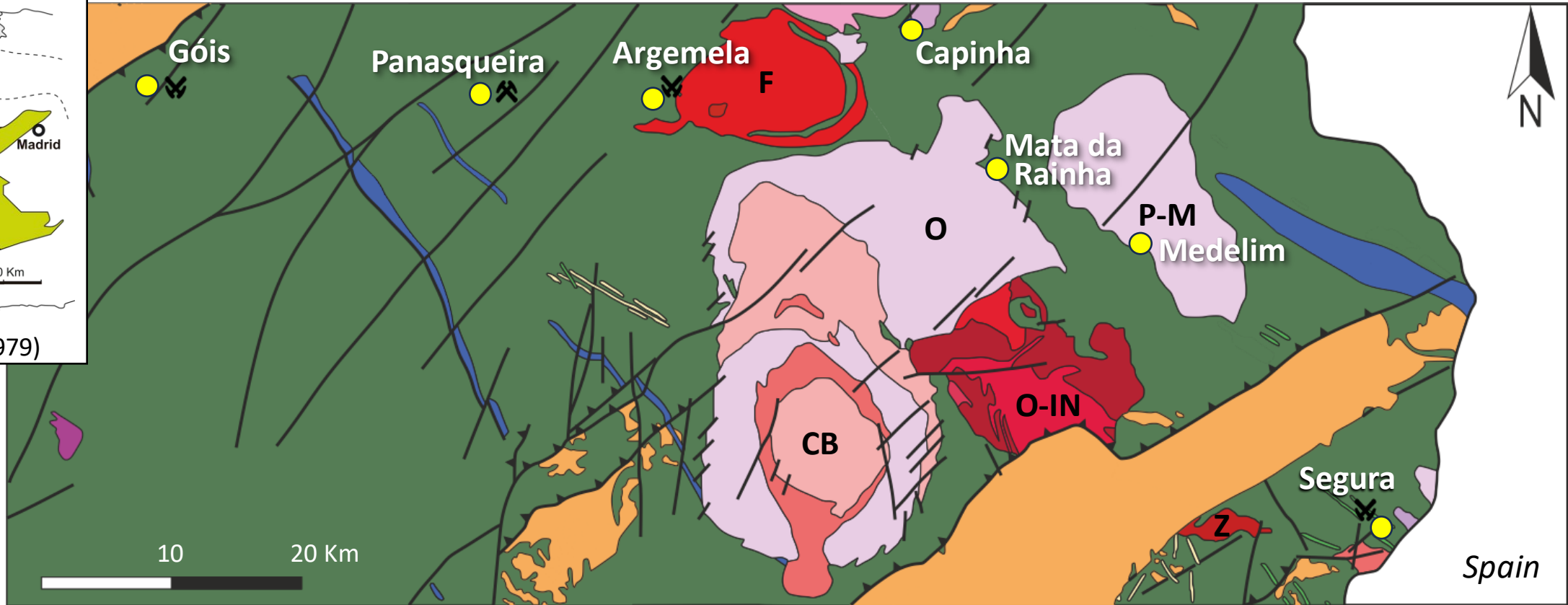
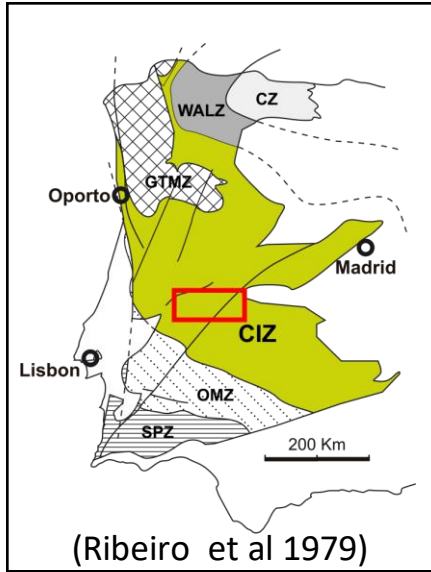
Peri-botholithic Wlf + C_{ss} Qz veins
 (± Tourmaline)







Medelim

Most differentiated facies of the
 Penamacor-Monsanto pluton



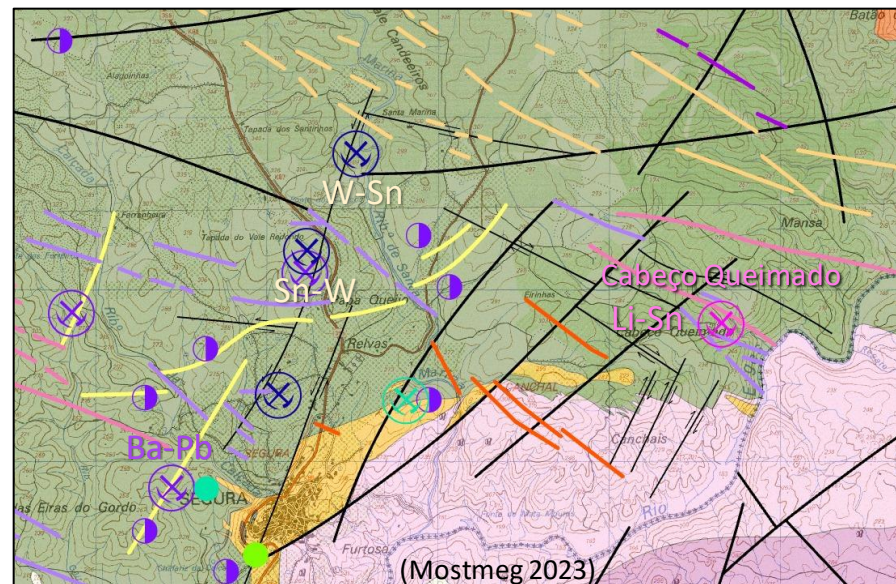
Góis-Panasqueira-Segura Sn-W belt (Central Portugal)



- | | | |
|---|---|---|
|  Variscan Granites |  Ordovician Metasediments |  Tertiary deposits |
|  Ordovician Granites |  Ante-Ordovician Metasediments
(Beiras Group) | |
|  Cadomian Granites | | |

(Mostmeg 2020)

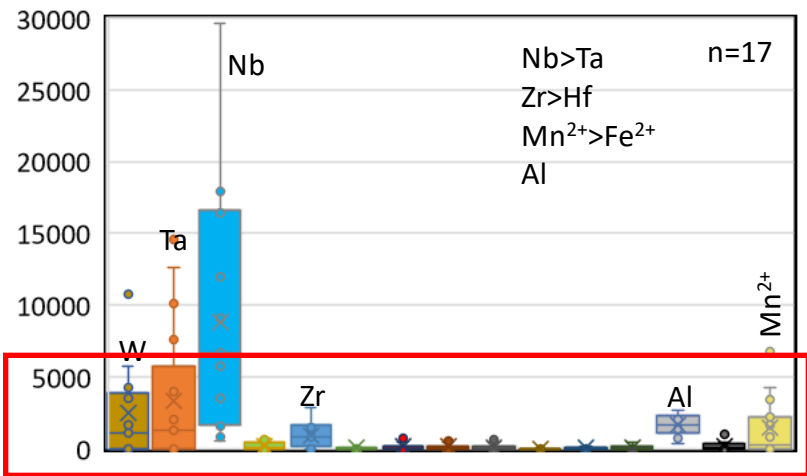
Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)



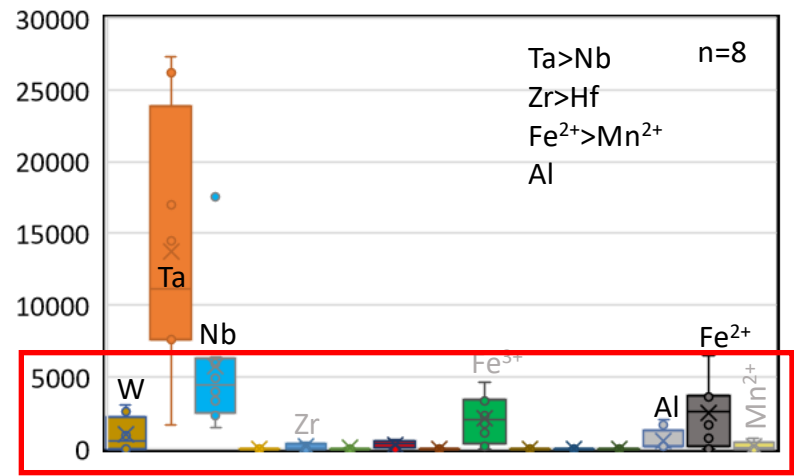
Li-Sn Aplito-pegmatites Cerro (Cabeço) Queimado

- Sn-bearing aplites
- Sn-(W) Veins
- W-(Sn) Veins

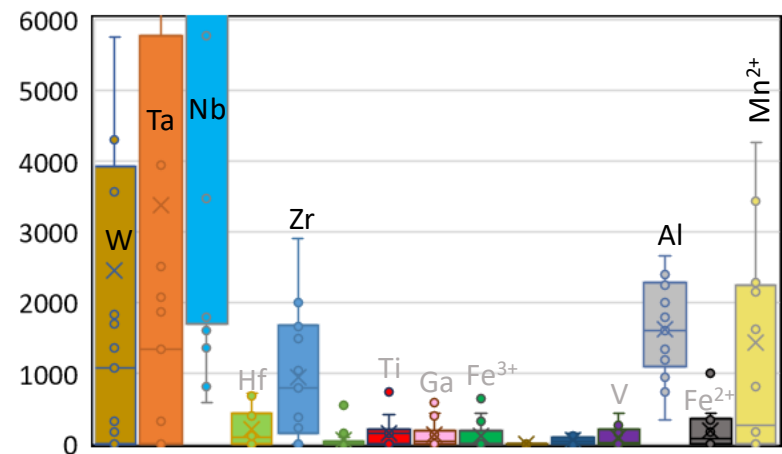
Segura – CQ (pegmatitic facies)



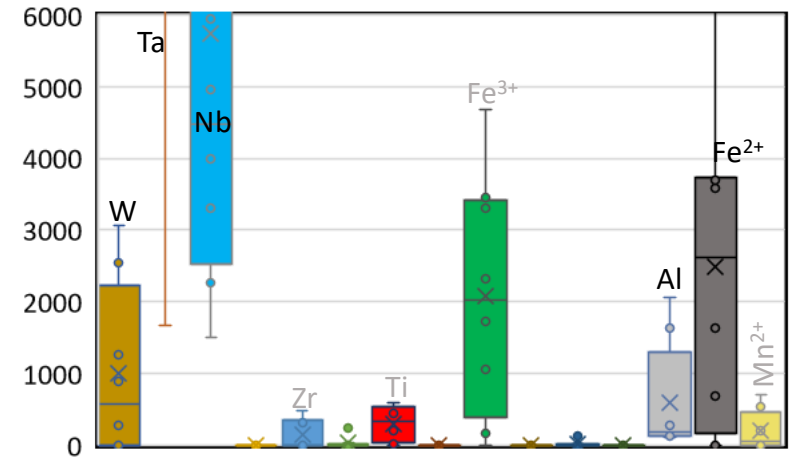
Segura – CQ (aplitic facies)



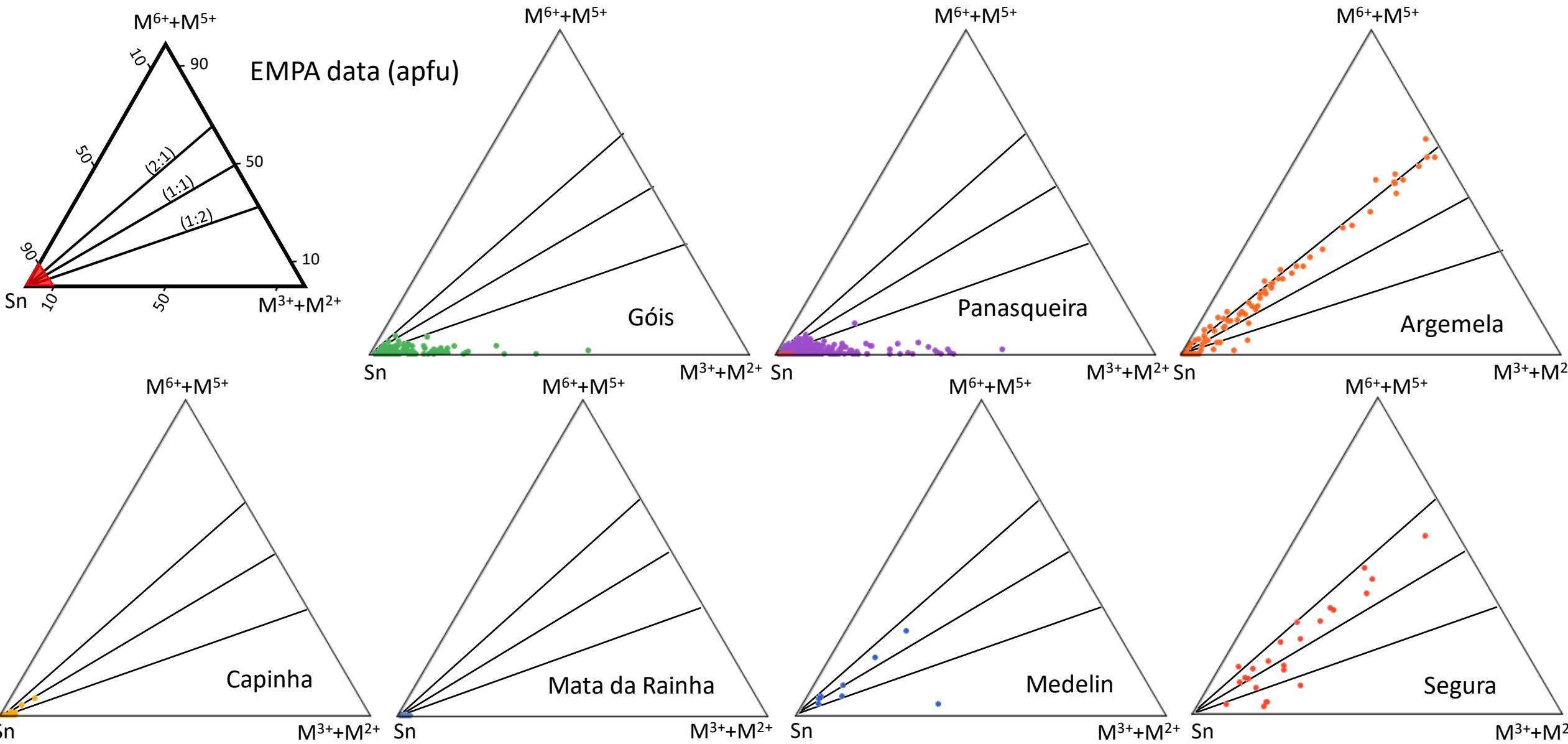
Segura – CQ (pegmatitic facies)



Segura – CQ (aplitic facies)



Cassiterite – Electron Microprobe Analyses (EMPA)

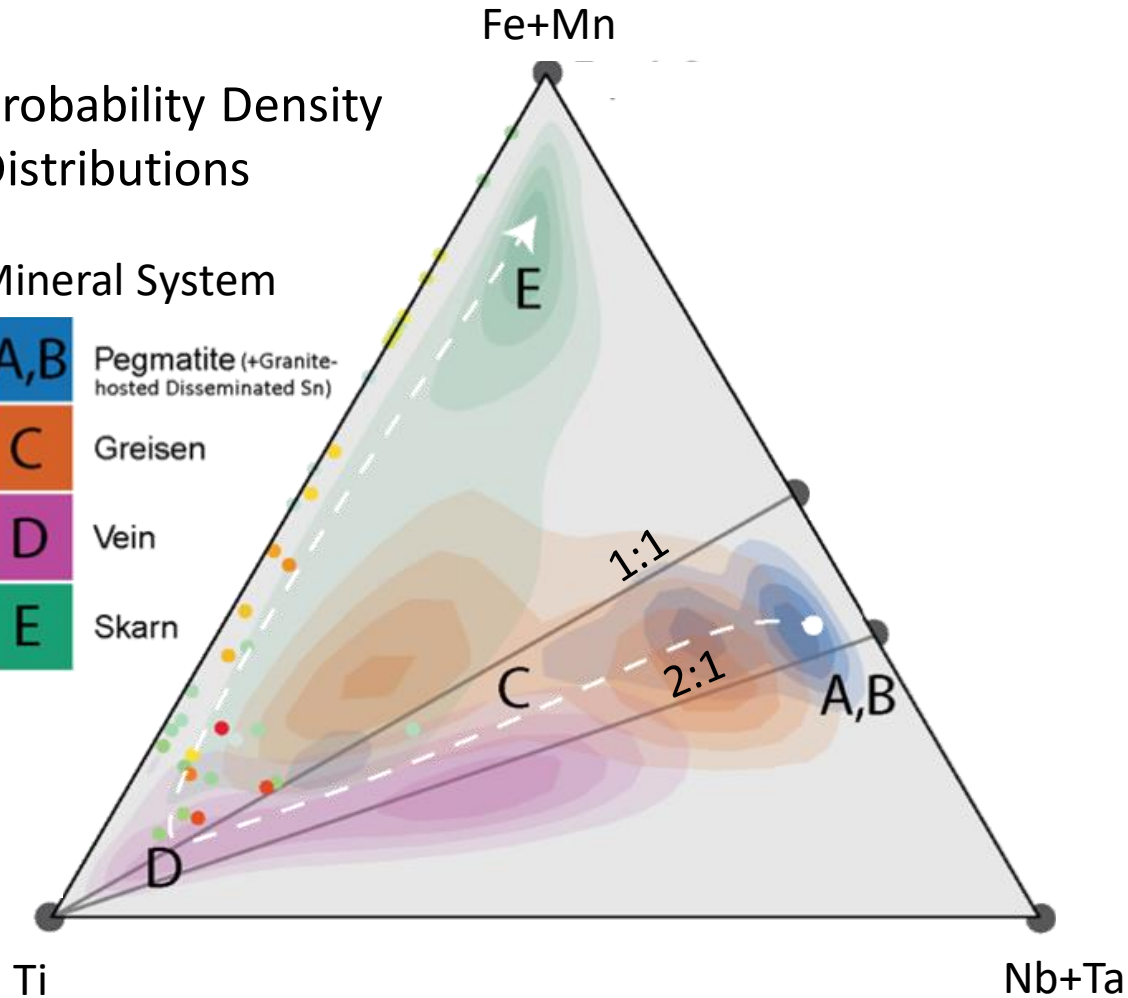


Exploration Tools – Minor Element Fingerprints

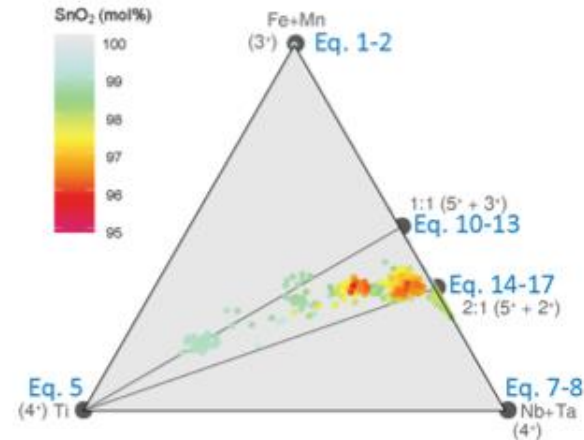
Probability Density Distributions

Mineral System

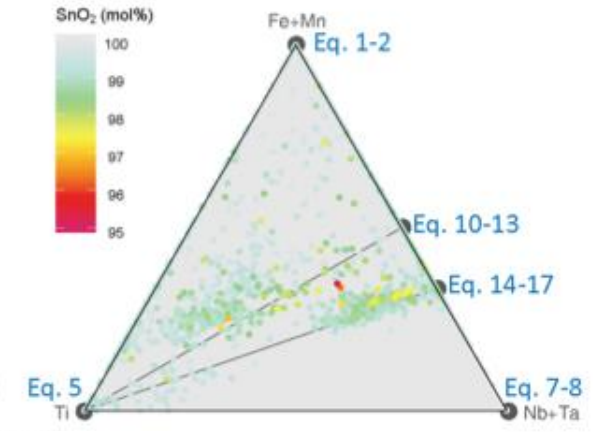
- A,B** Pegmatite (+Granite-hosted Disseminated Sn)
- C** Greisen
- D** Vein
- E** Skarn



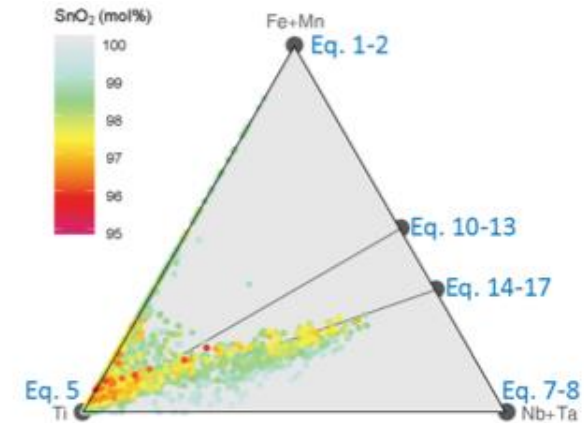
Pegmatite (A) & Granite-hosted (B)



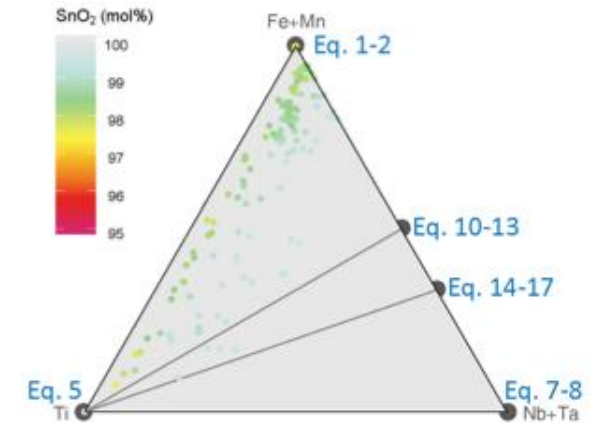
Greisen (C)



Vein-hosted (D)



Skarn (E)

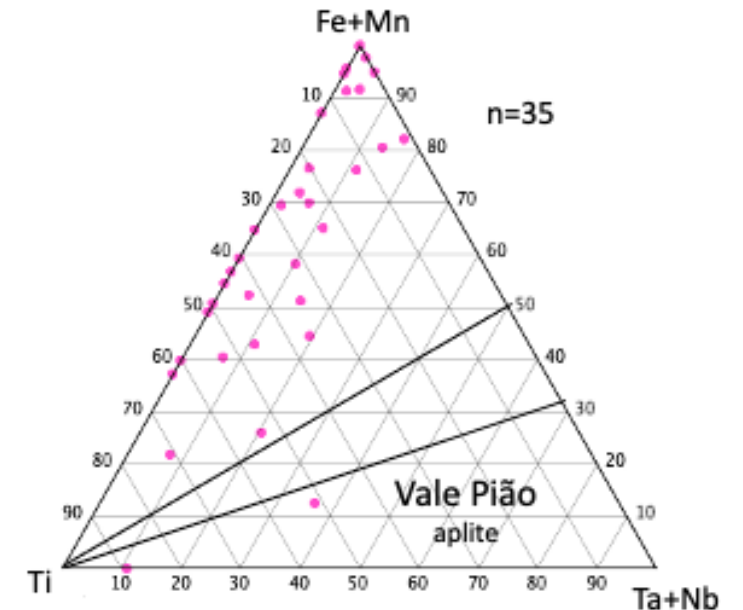
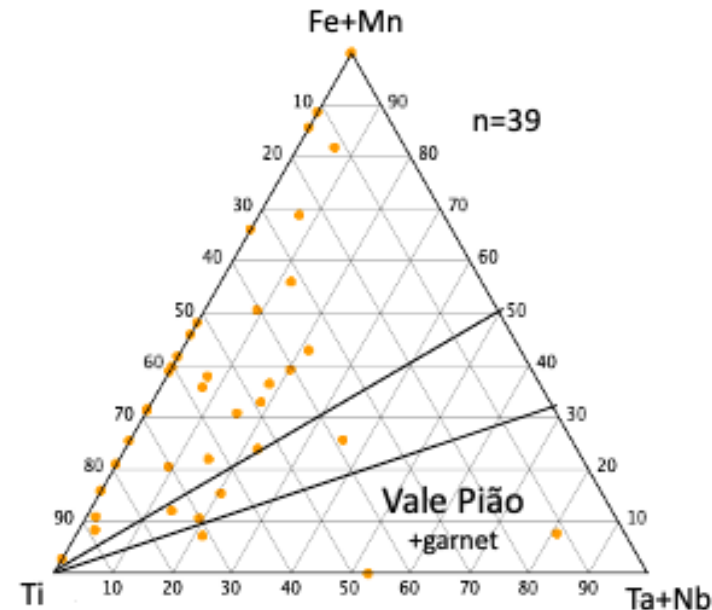
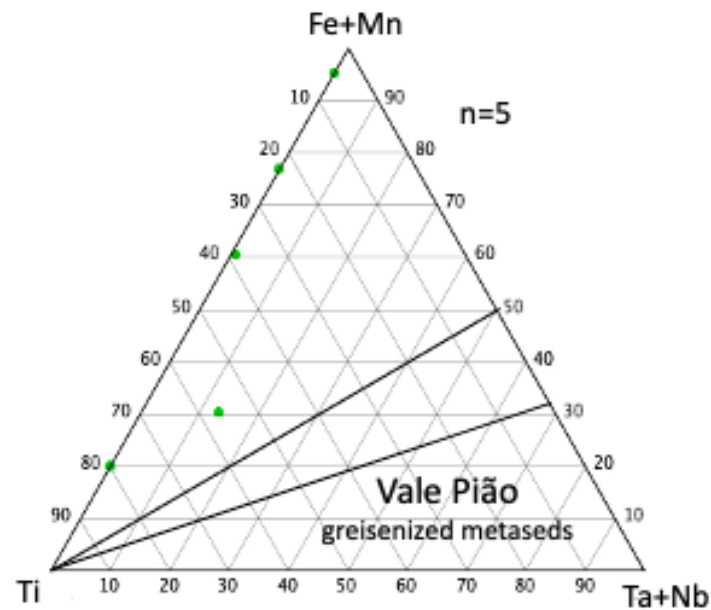
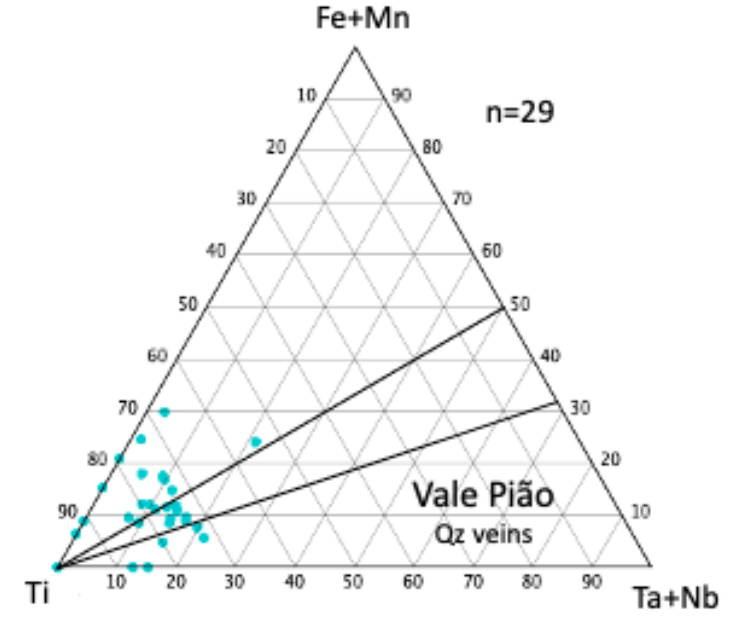
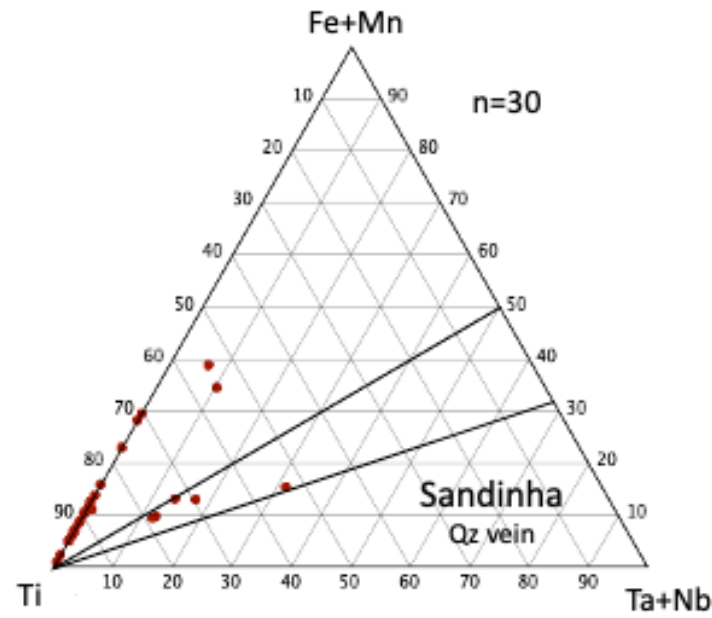
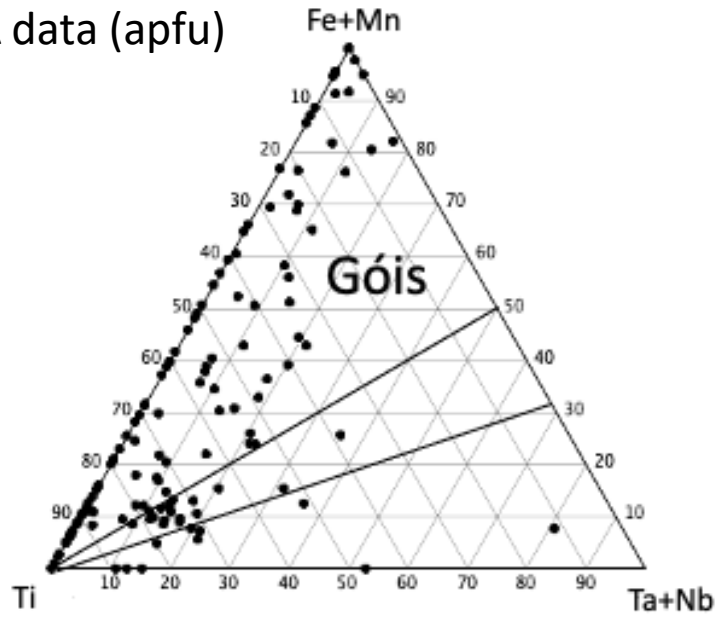


(Bennet, J.M. 2021)

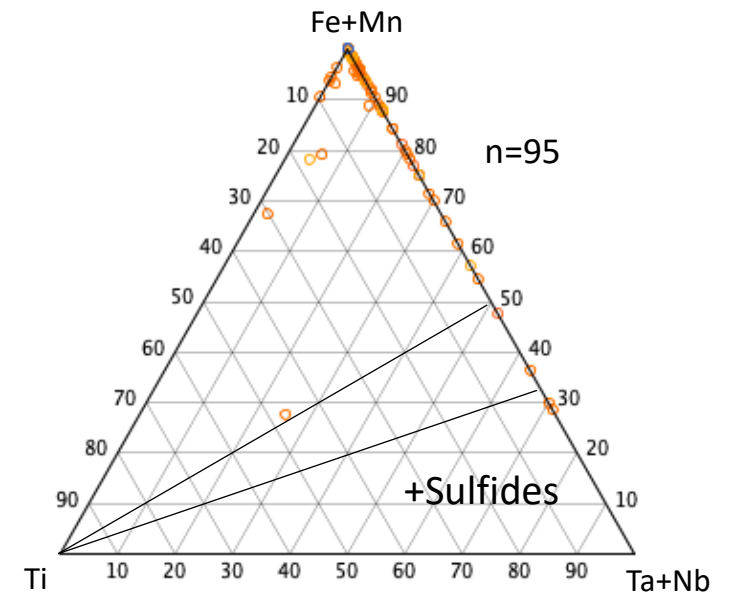
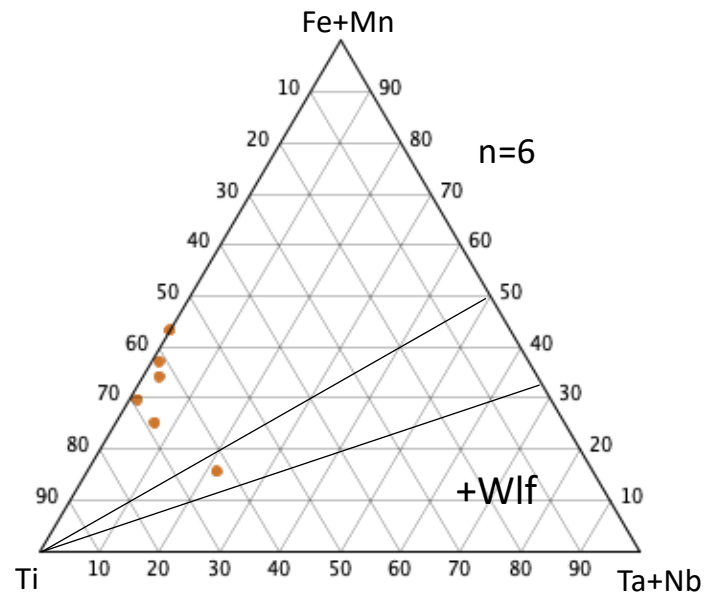
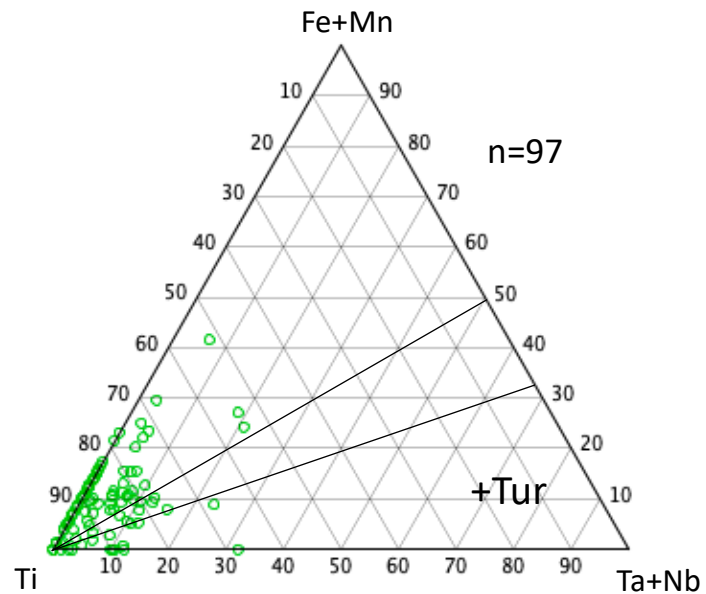
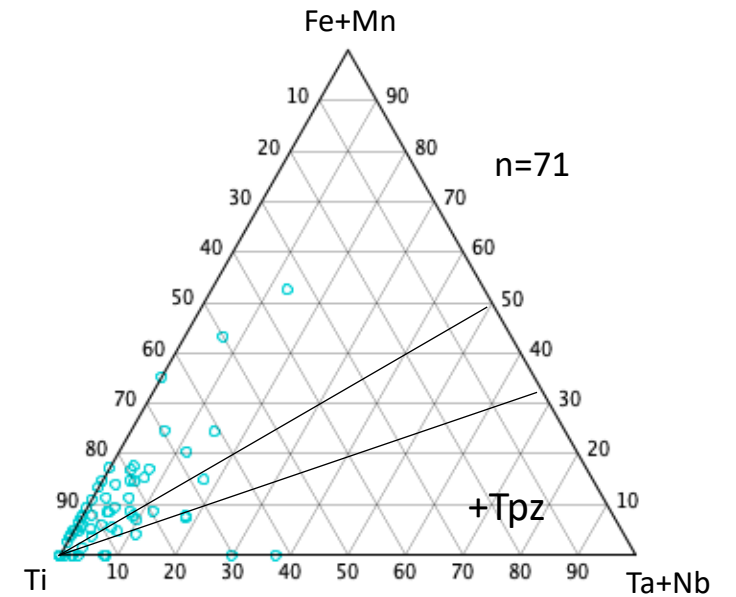
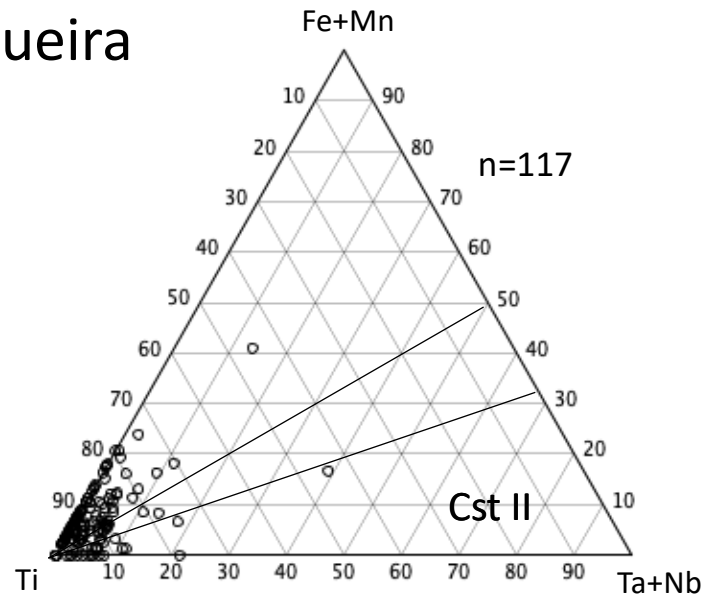
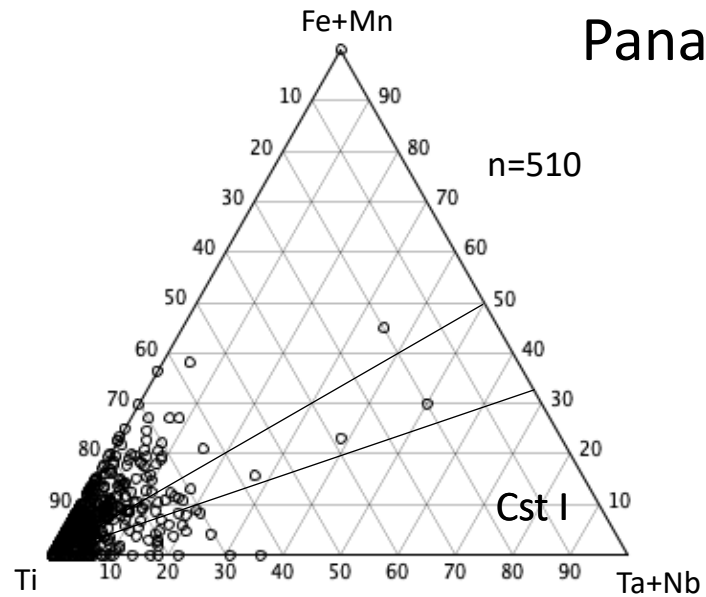
Exploration Tools – Minor Element Fingerprints



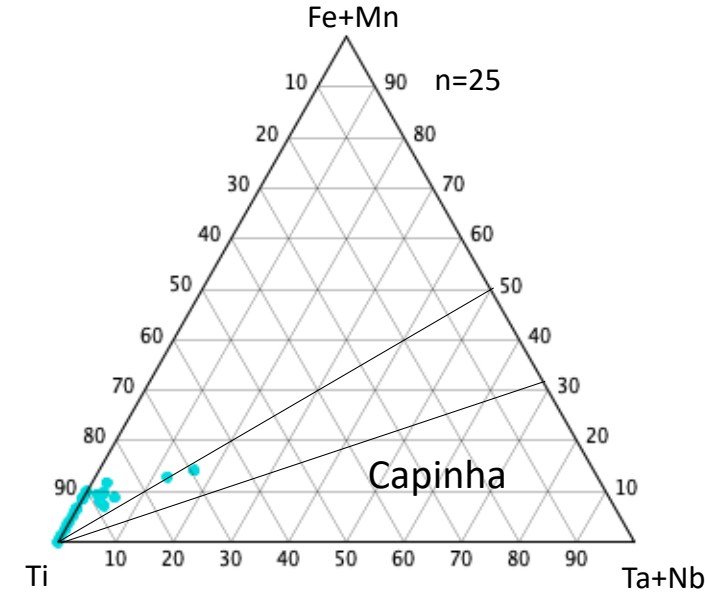
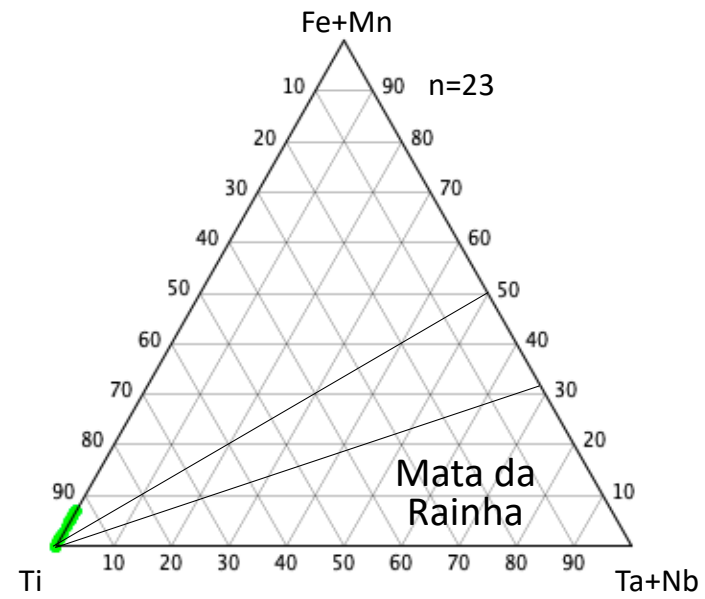
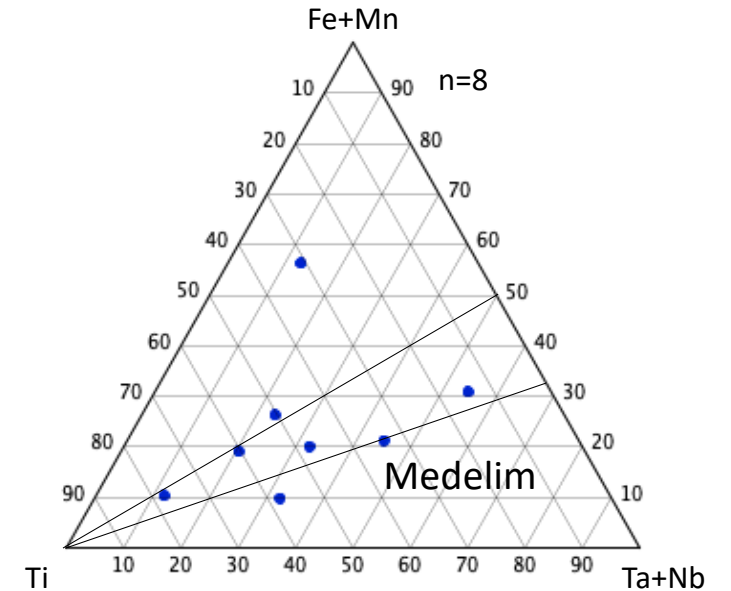
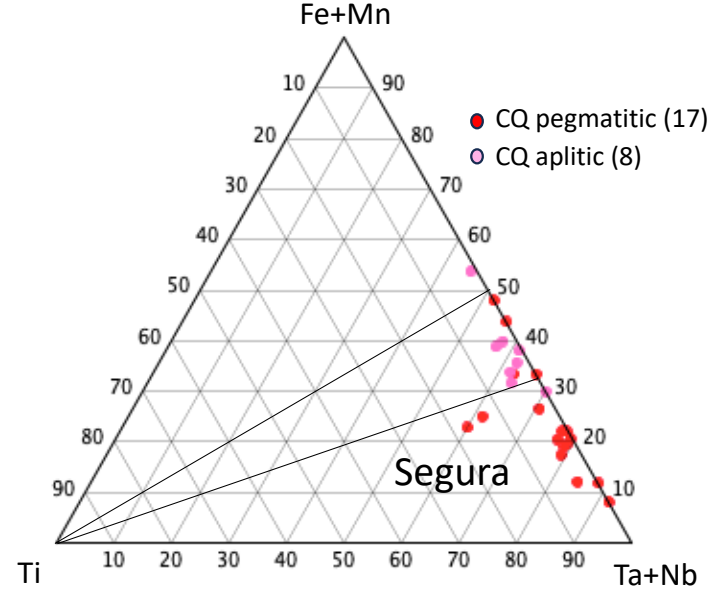
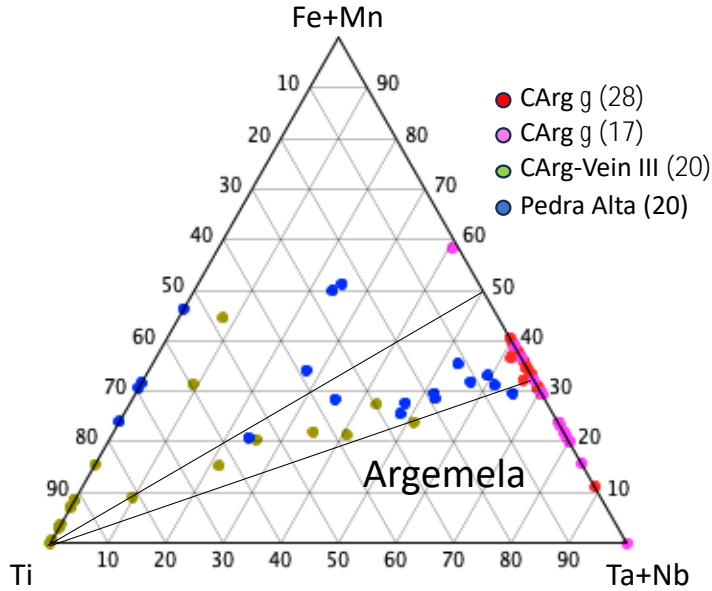
EMPA data (apfu)



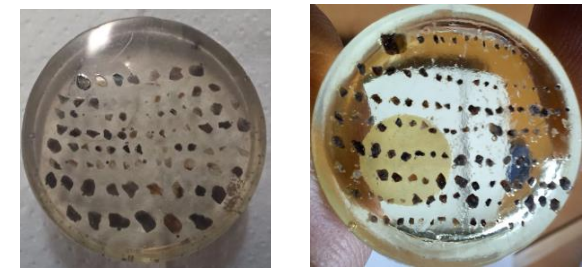
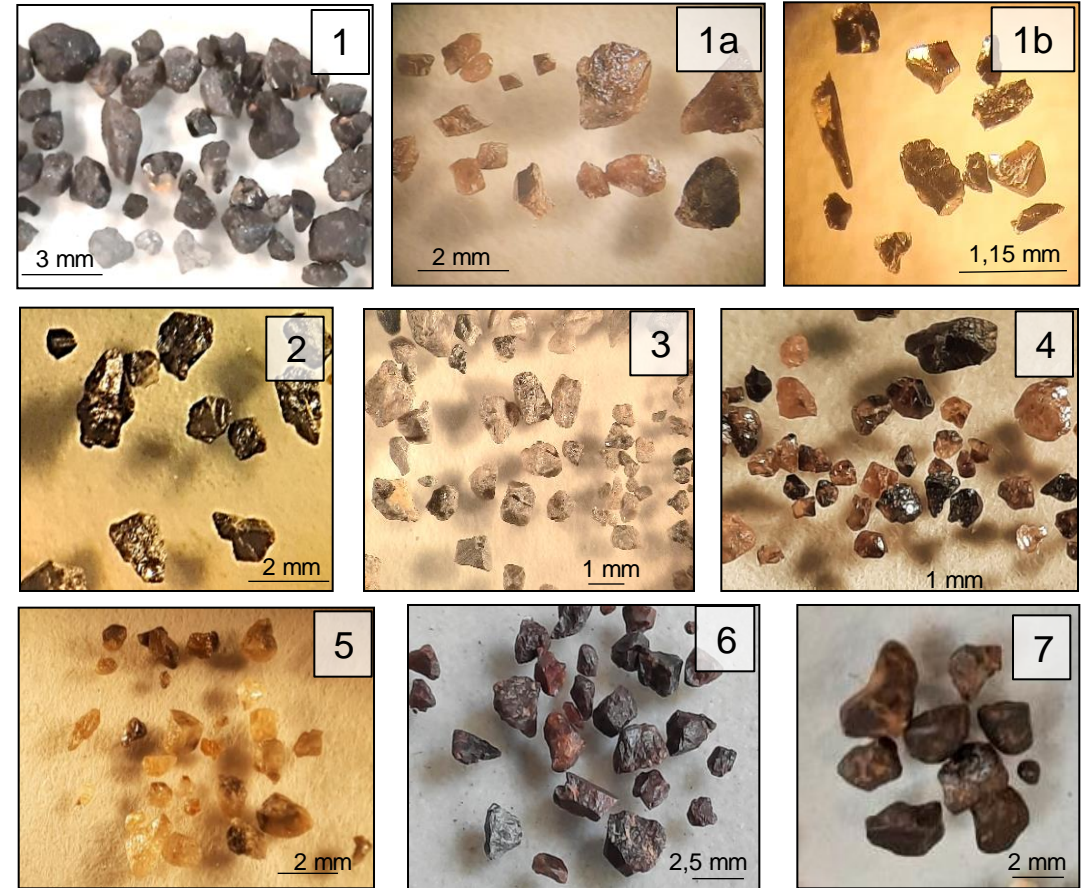
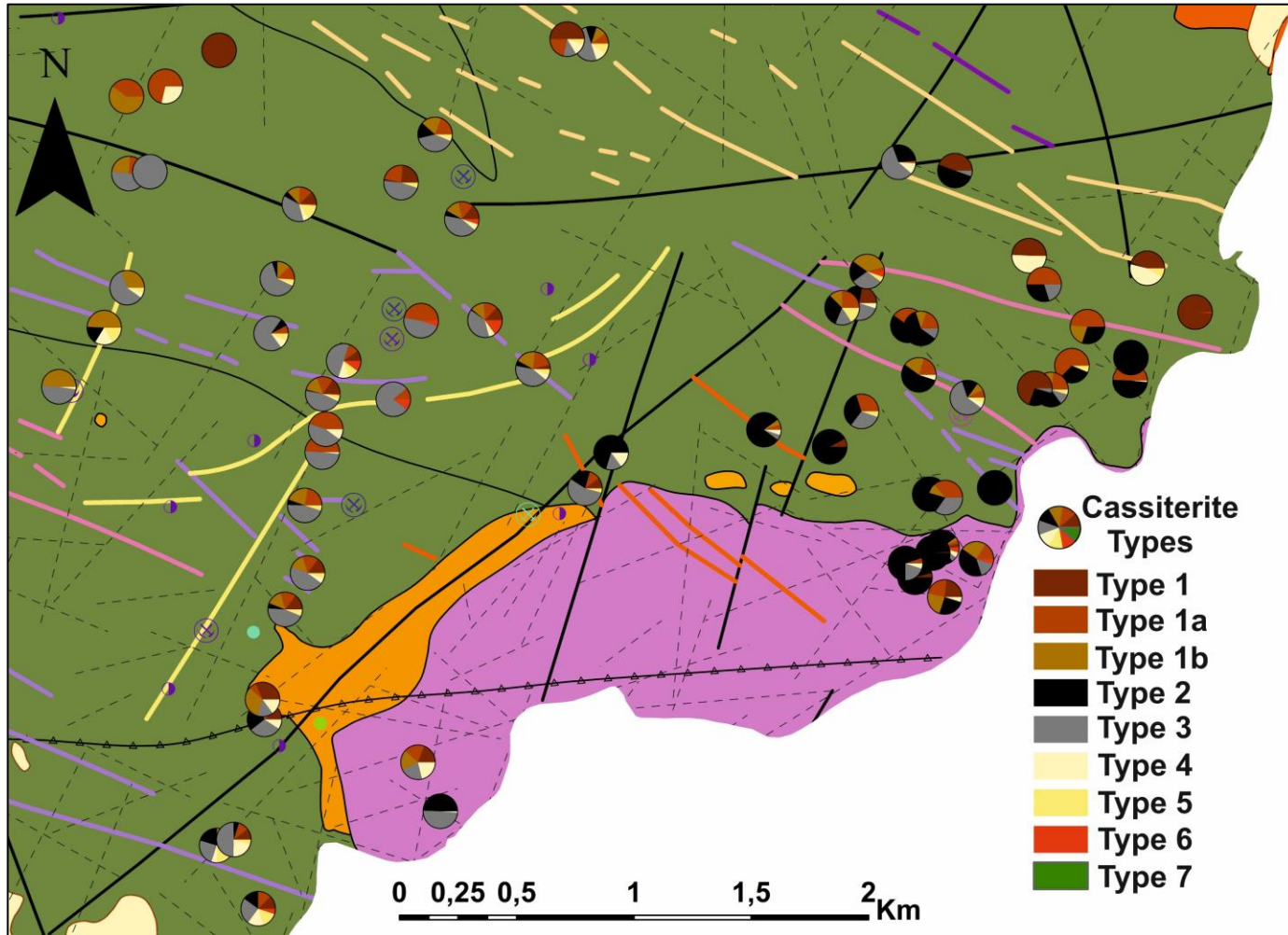
Exploration Tools – Minor Element Fingerprints



Exploration Tools – Minor Element Fingerprints



Application to Alluvial Cassiterite (Segura)

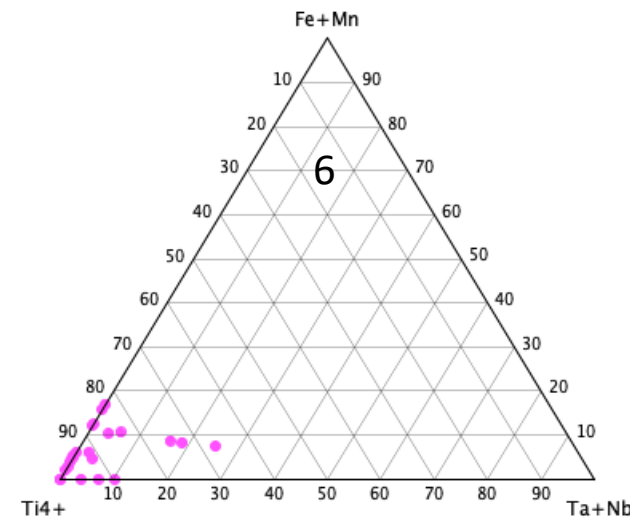
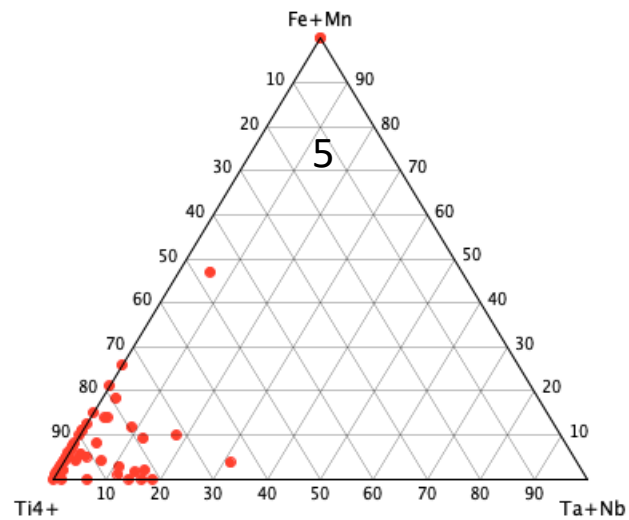
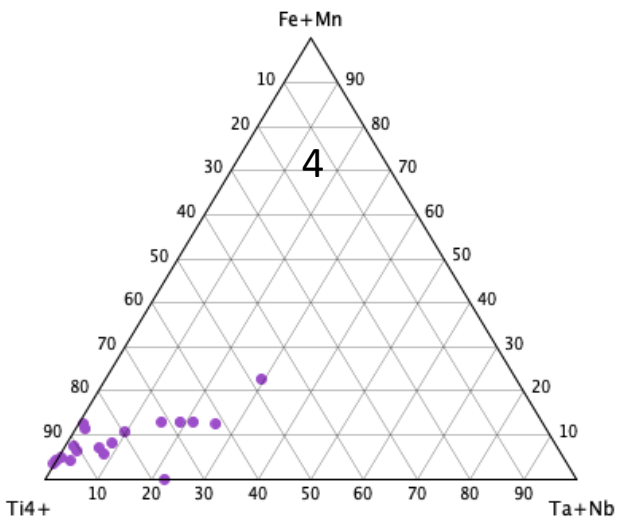
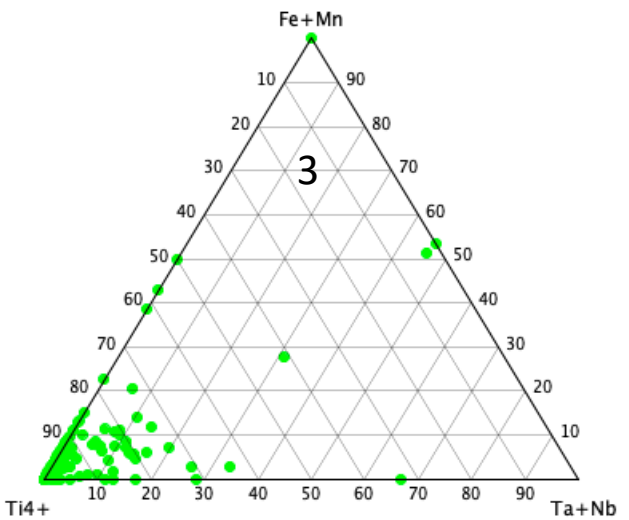
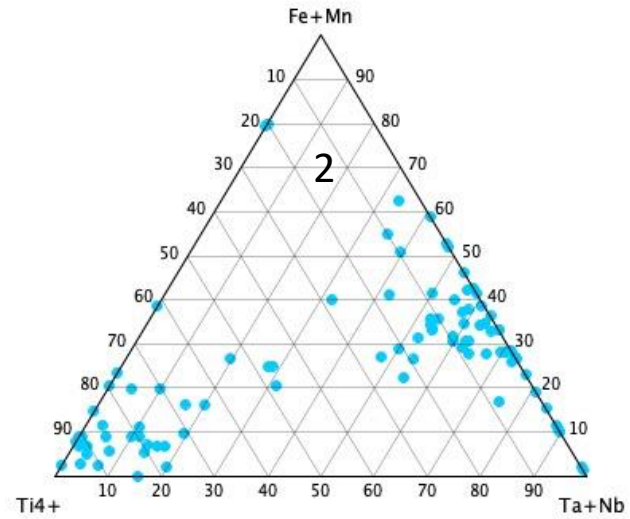
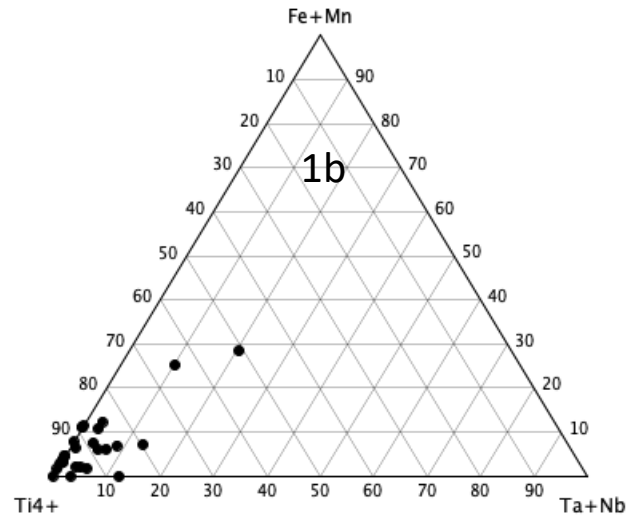
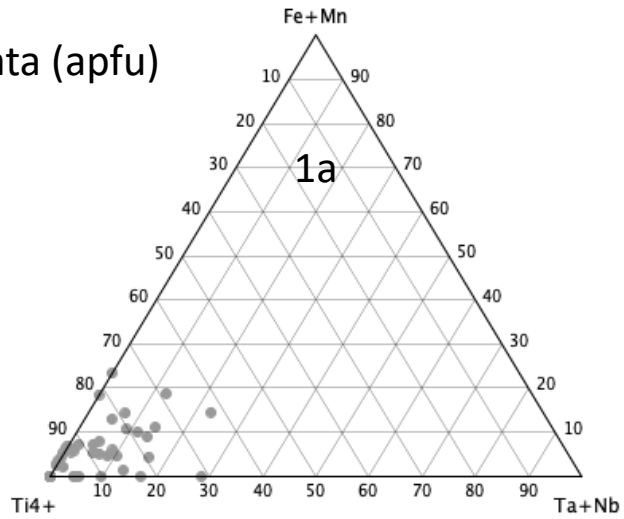
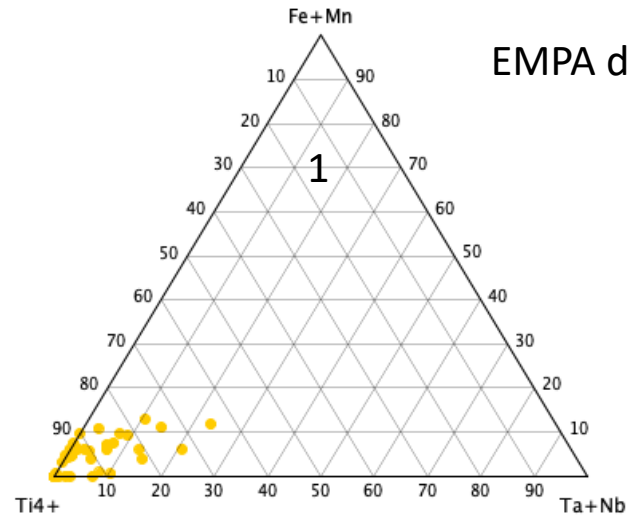


Alluvial samples can have multiple sources

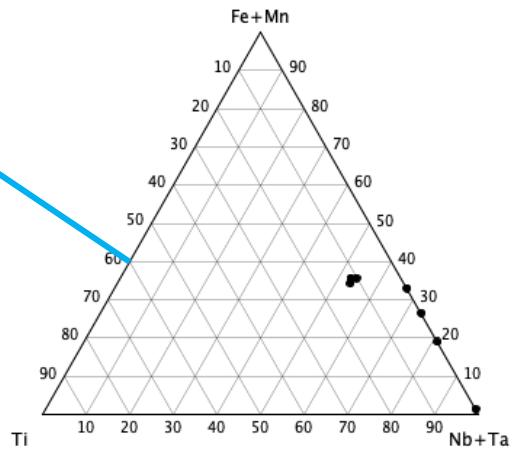
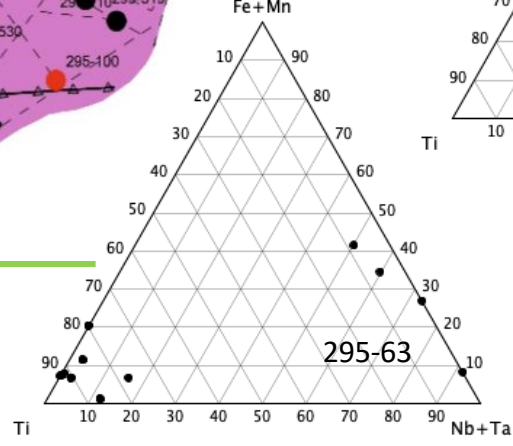
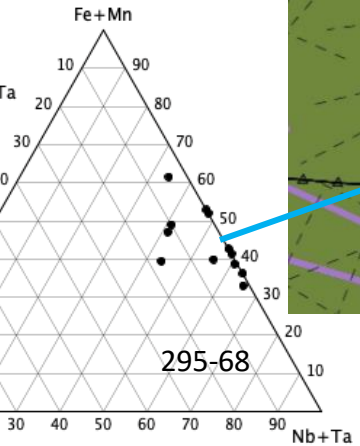
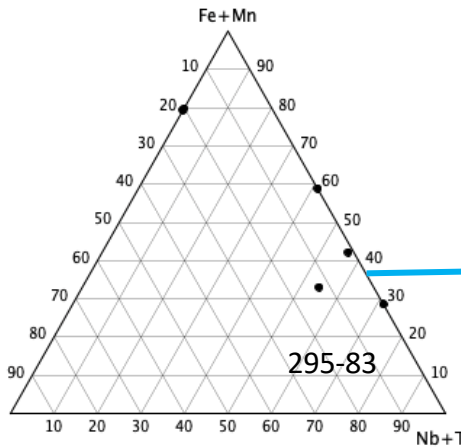
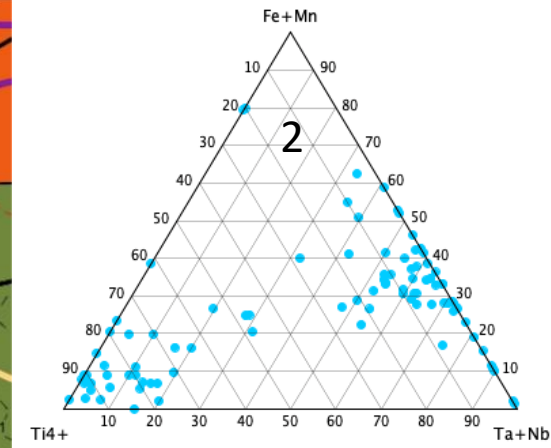
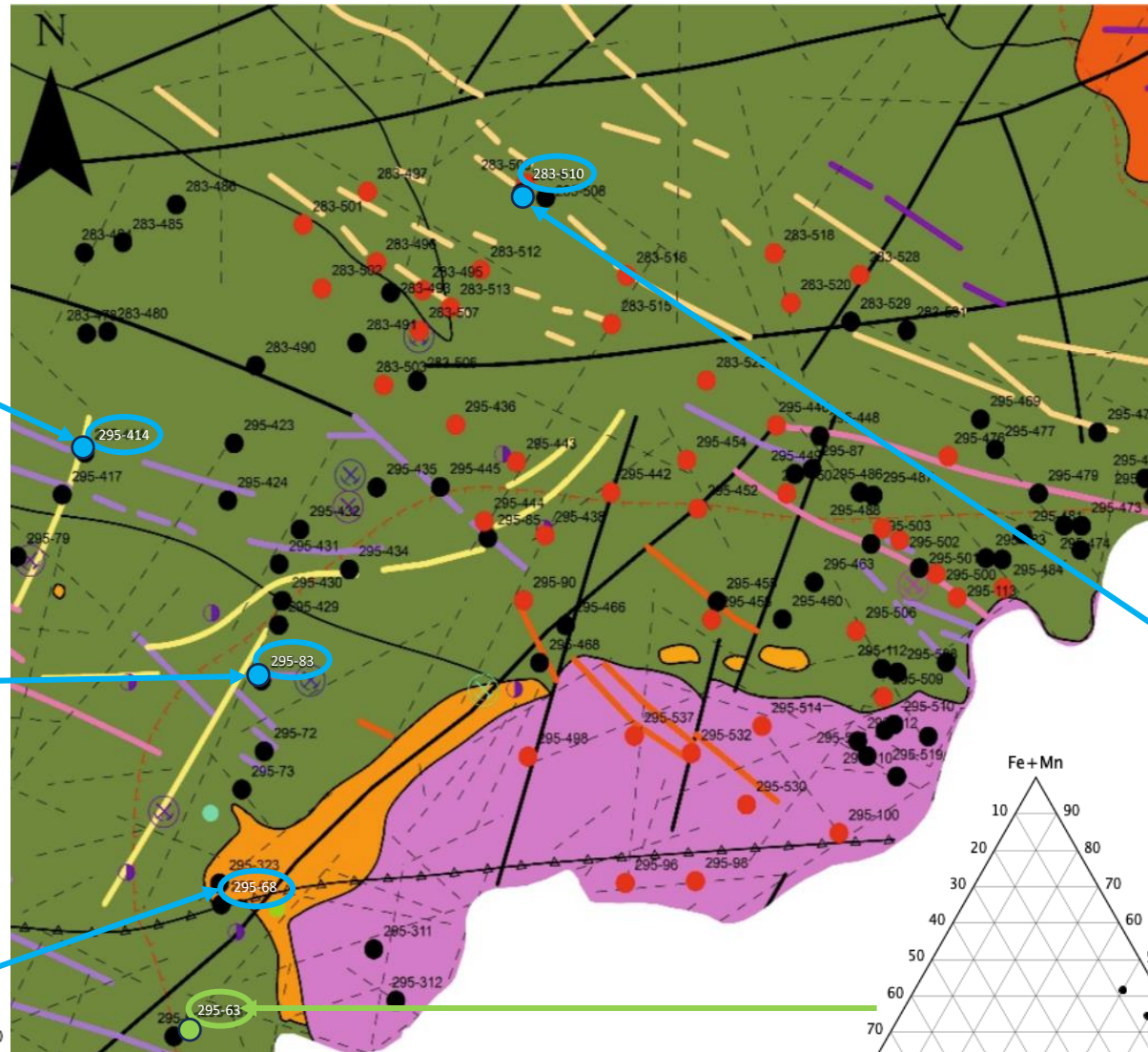
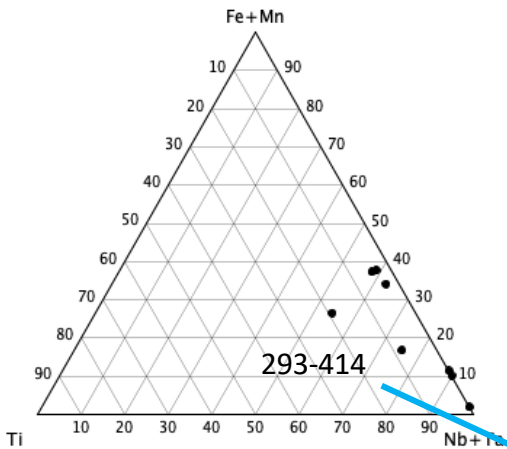
2.5 cm mounts

Application to Alluvial Cassiterite (Segura)

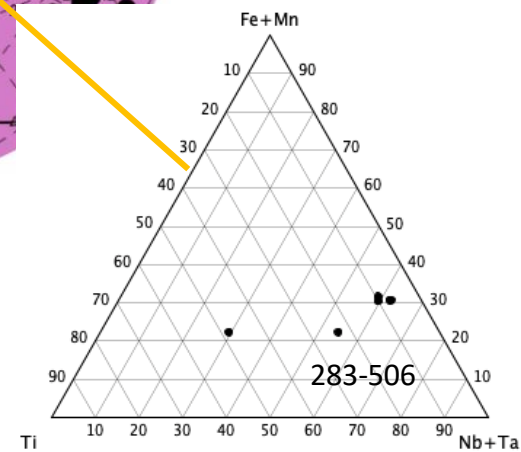
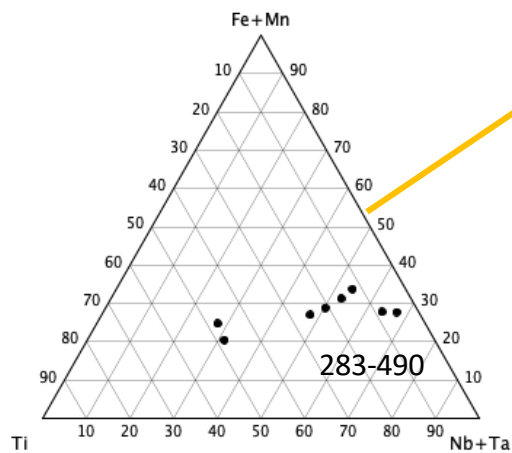
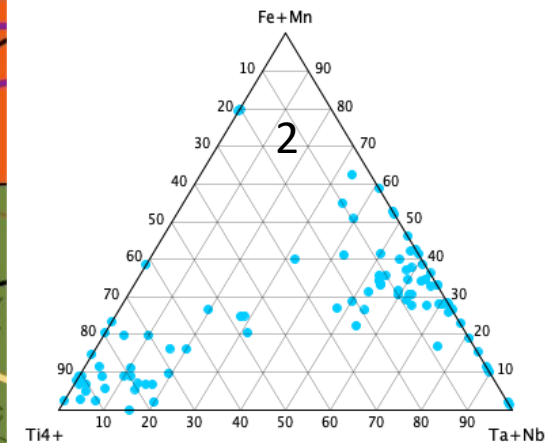
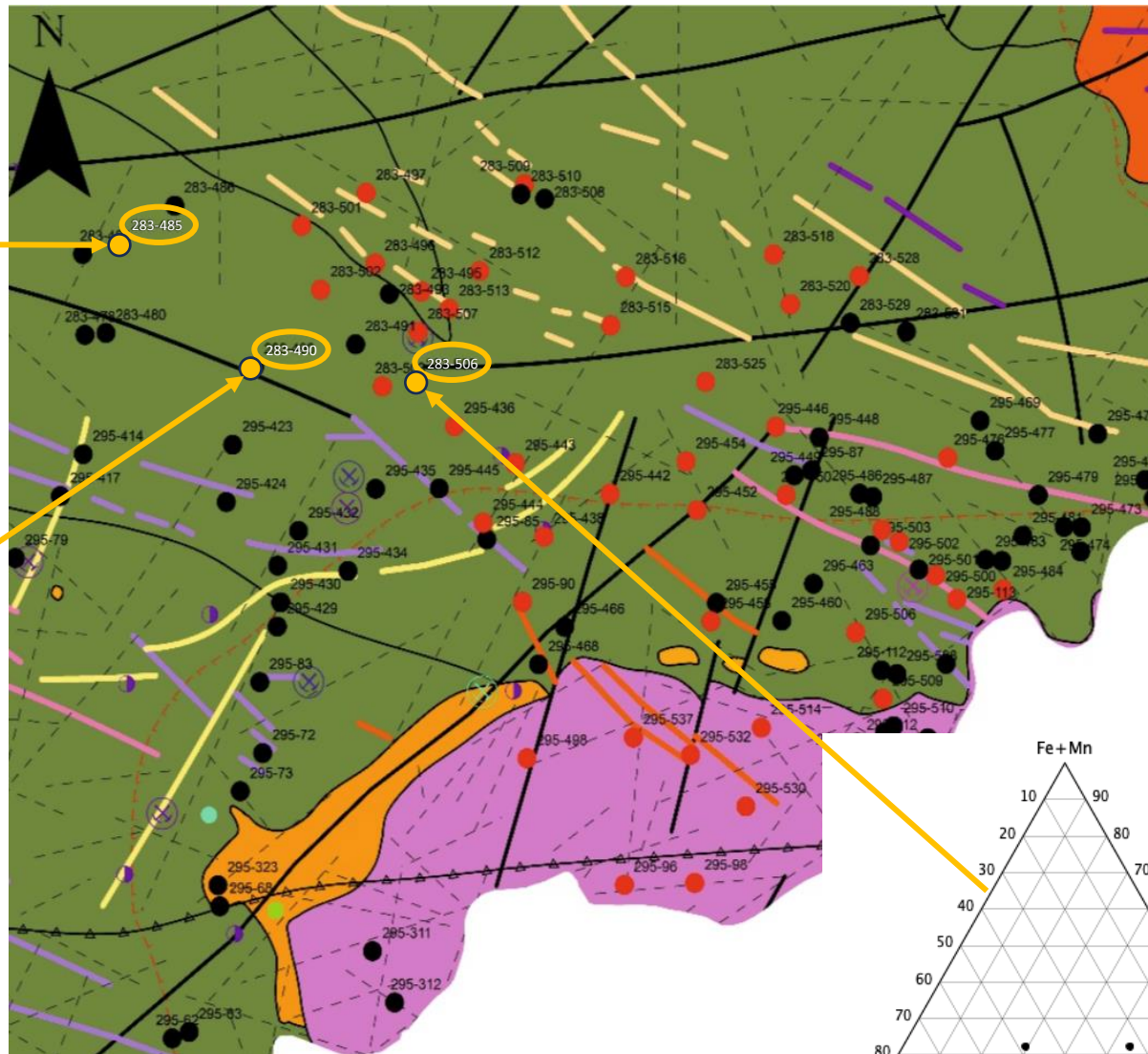
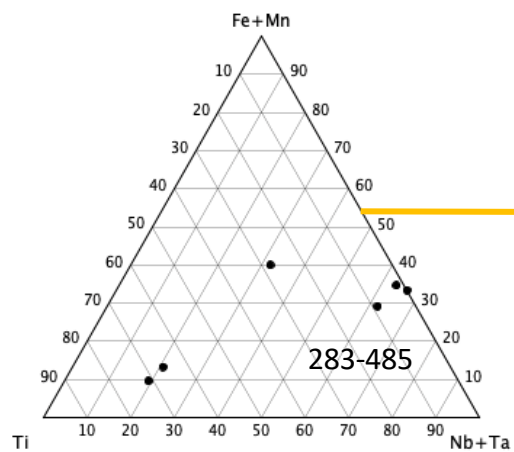
EMPA data (apfu)



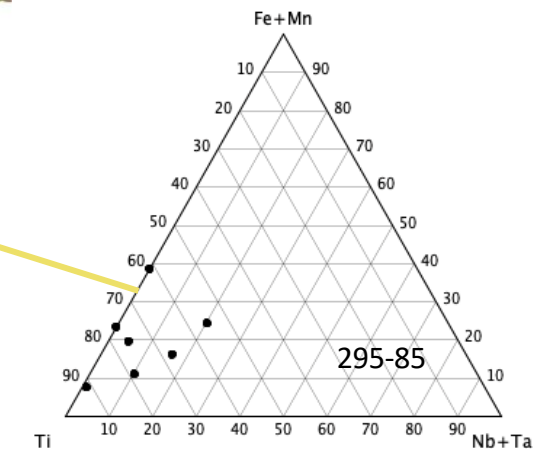
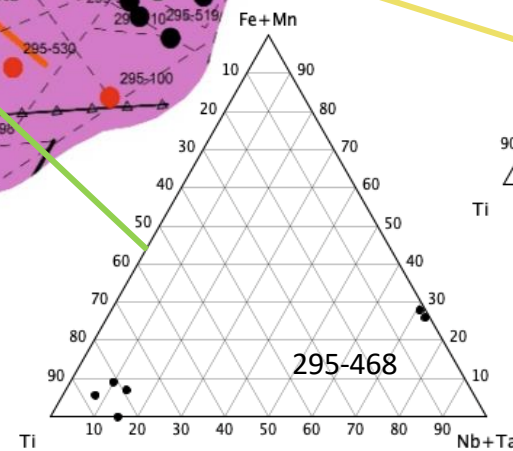
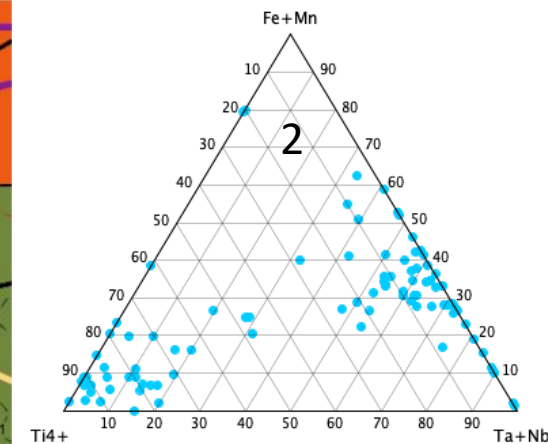
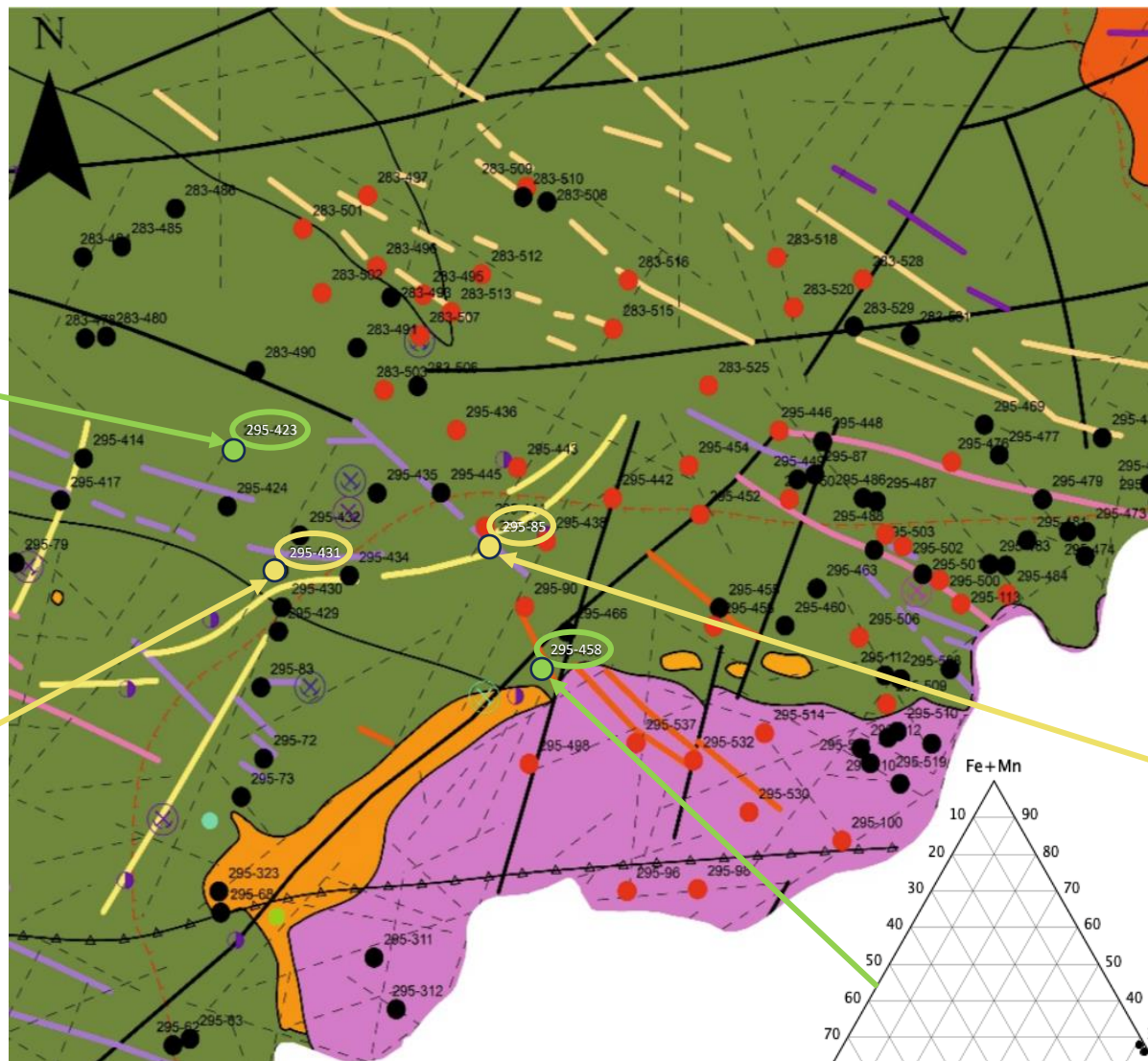
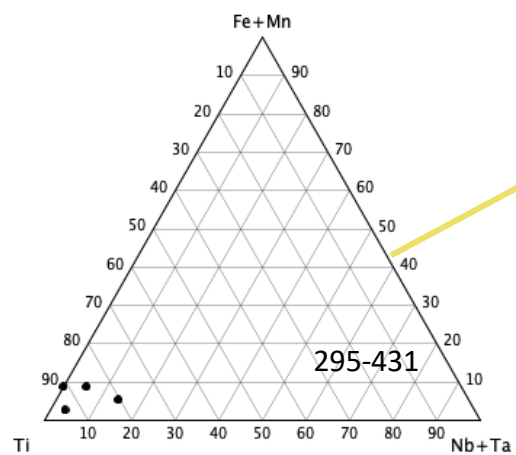
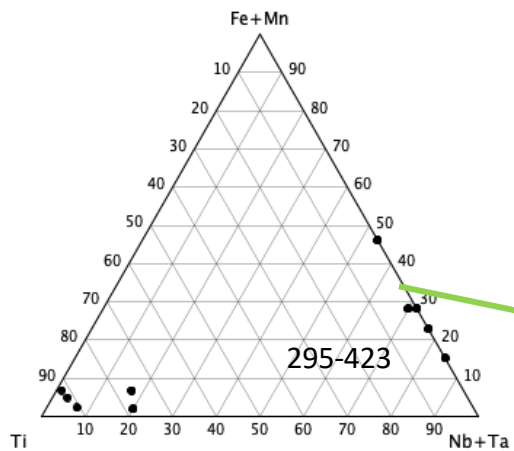
Application to Alluvial Cassiterite (Segura)



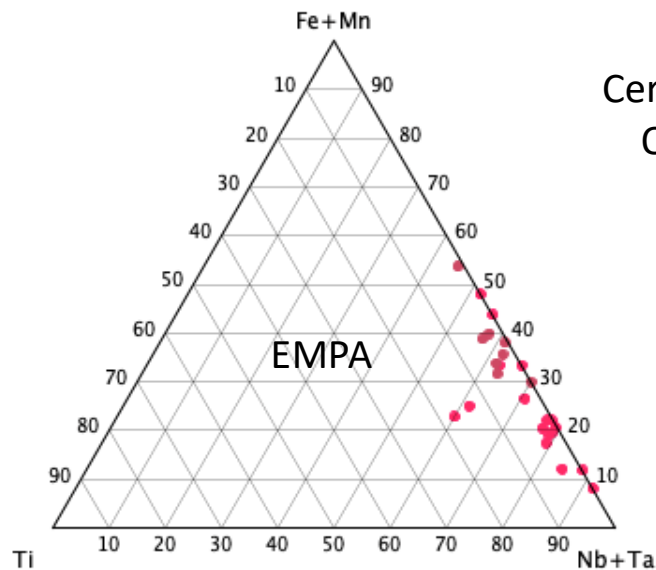
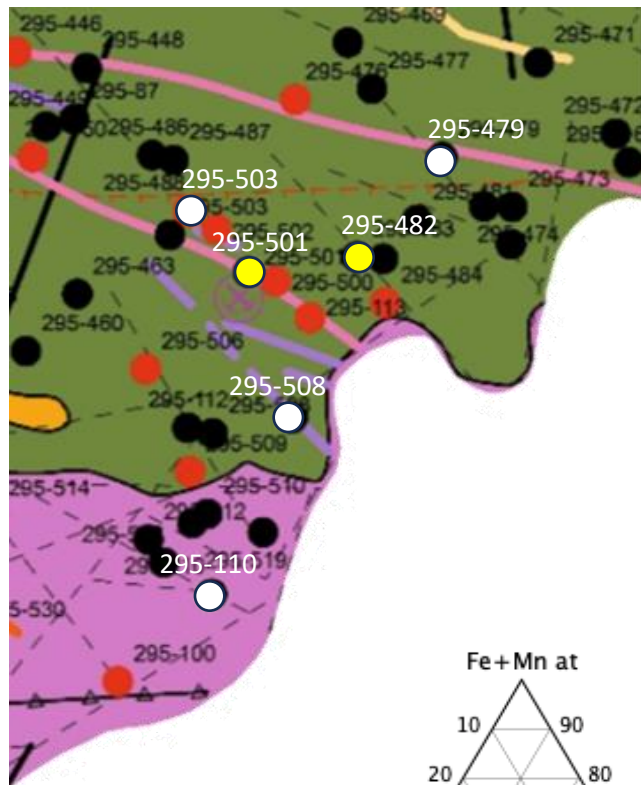
Application to Alluvial Cassiterite (Segura)



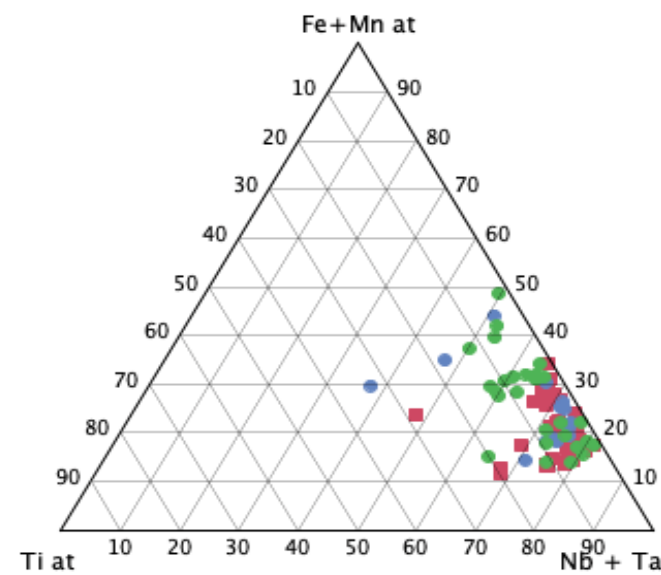
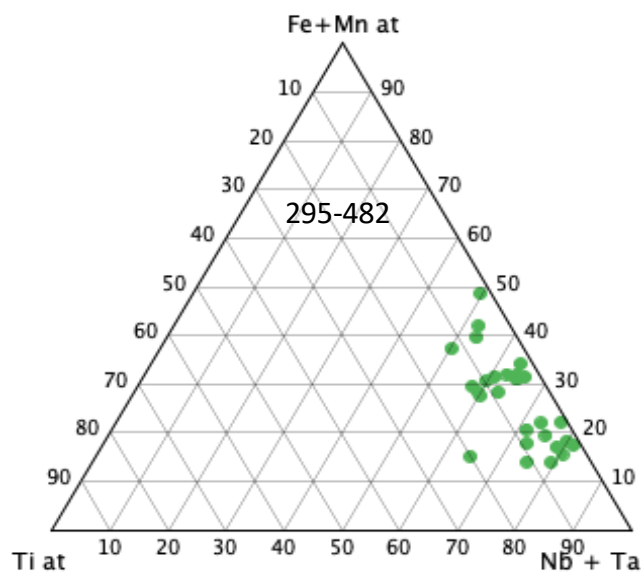
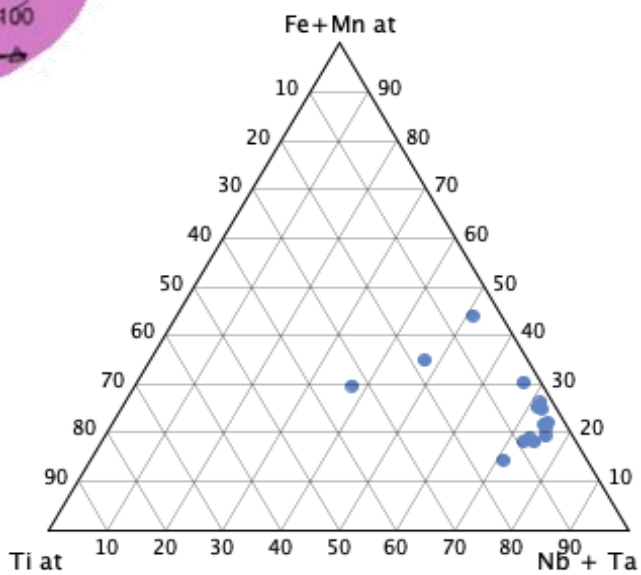
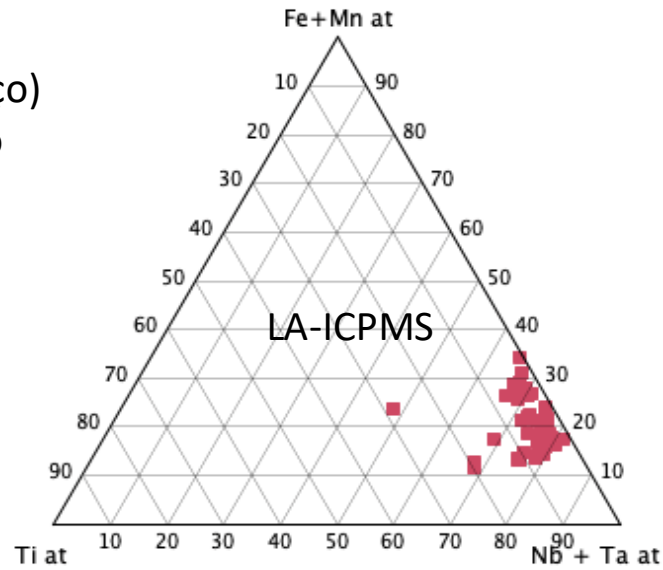
Application to Alluvial Cassiterite (Segura)



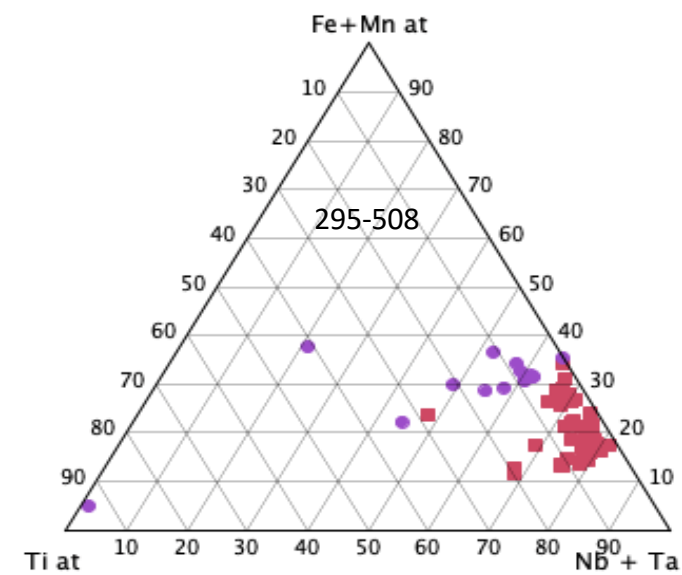
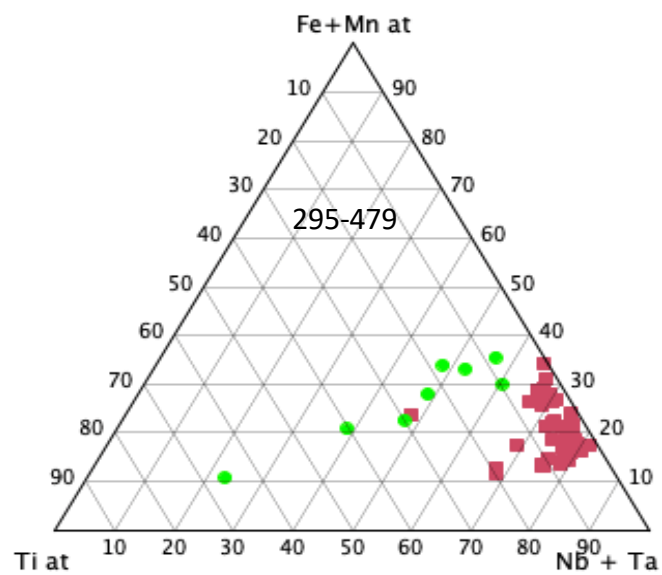
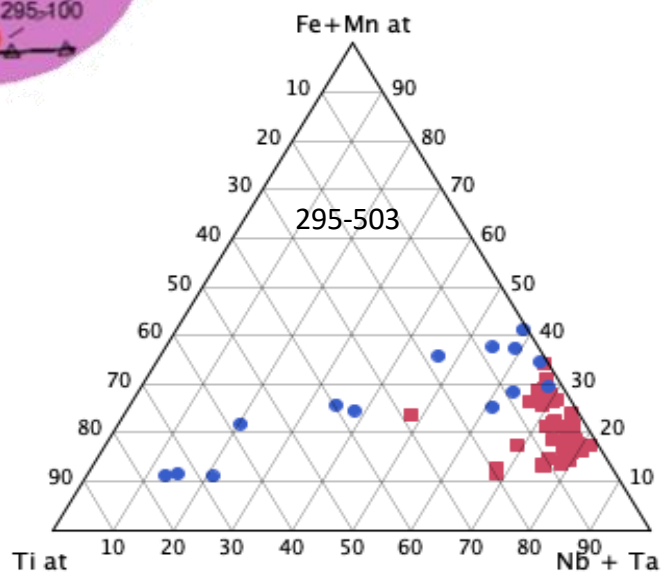
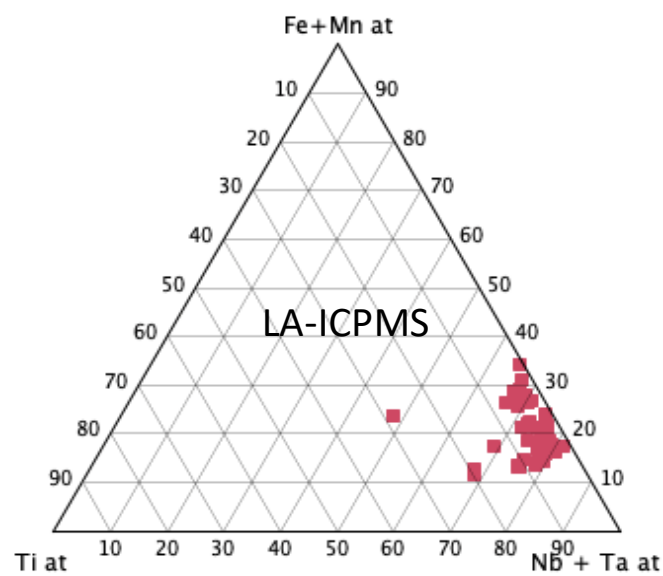
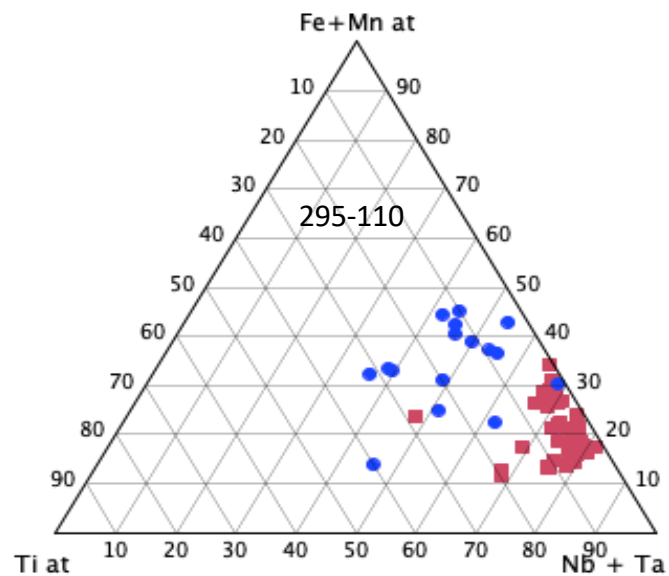
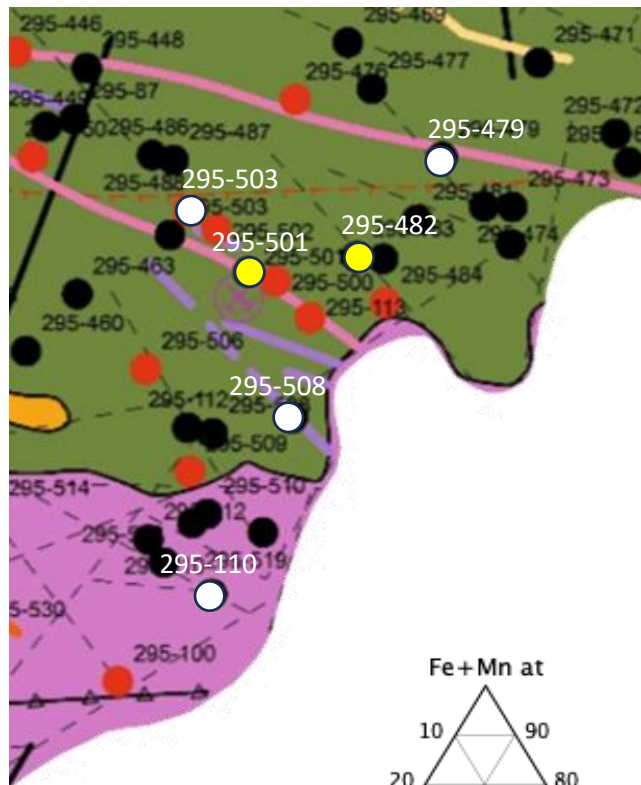
Cassiterite – LA-ICPMS Analyses



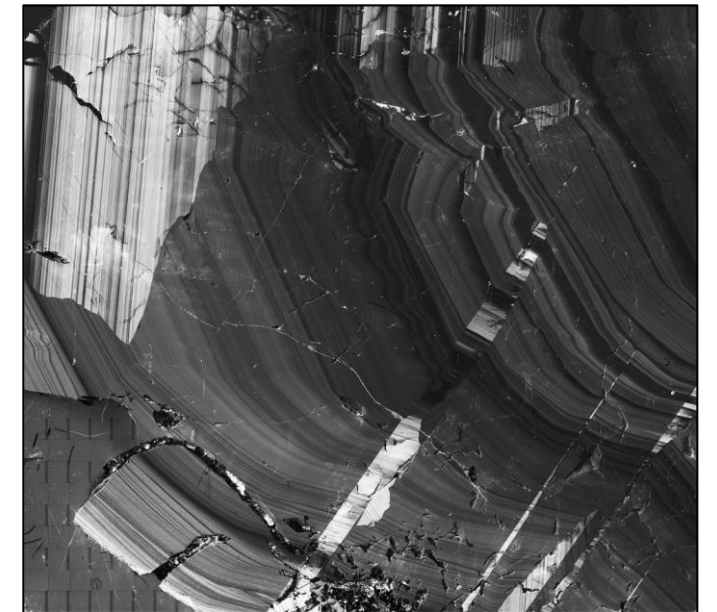
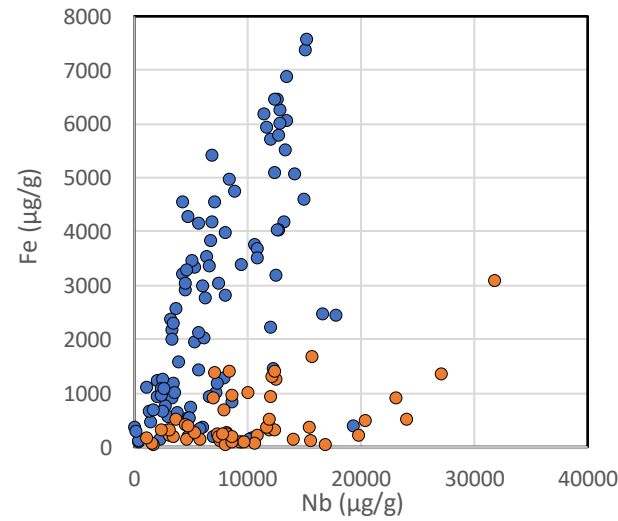
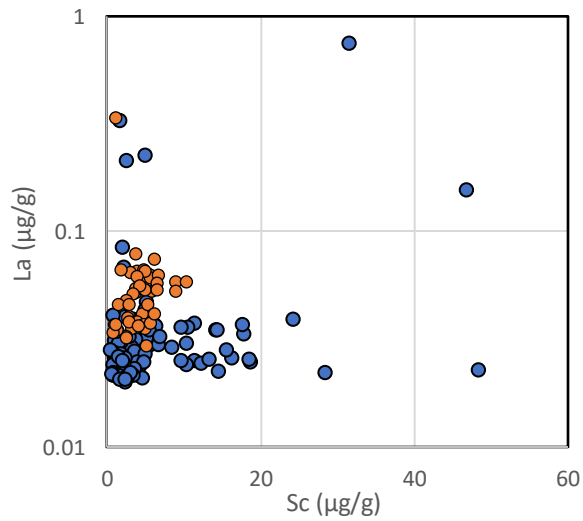
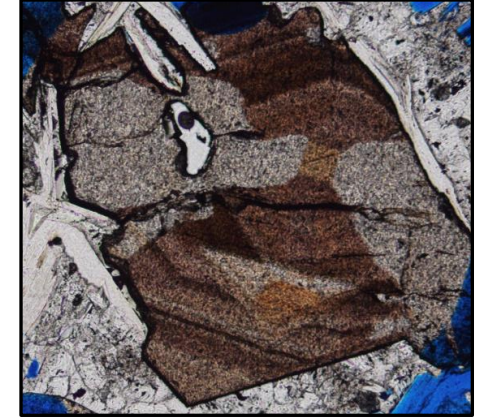
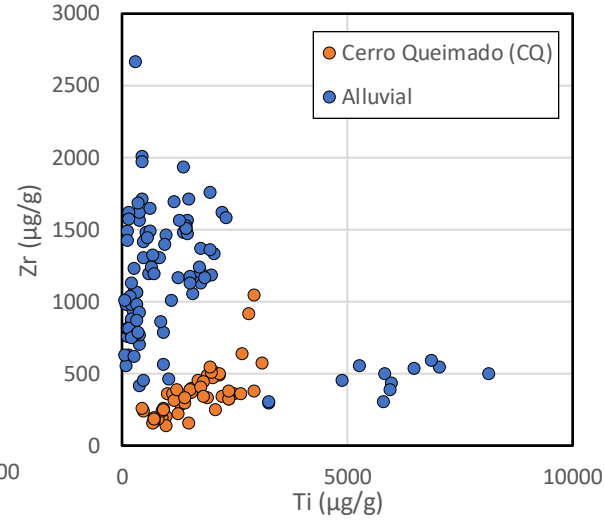
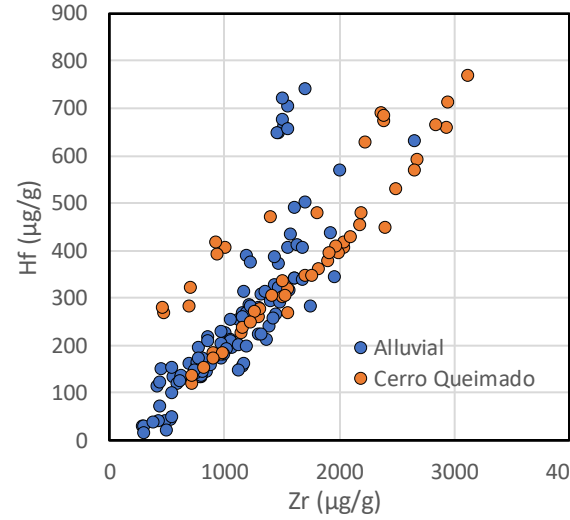
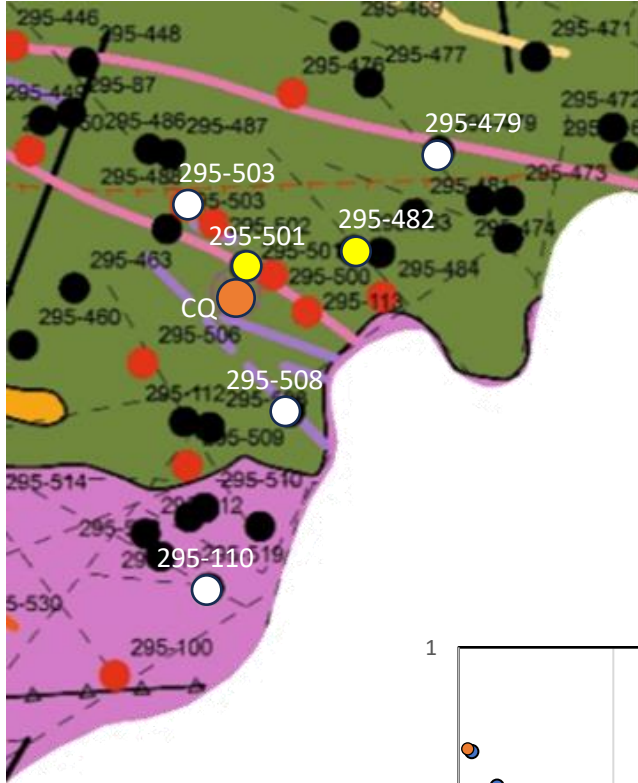
SEGURA
Cerro (Cabeço)
Queimado



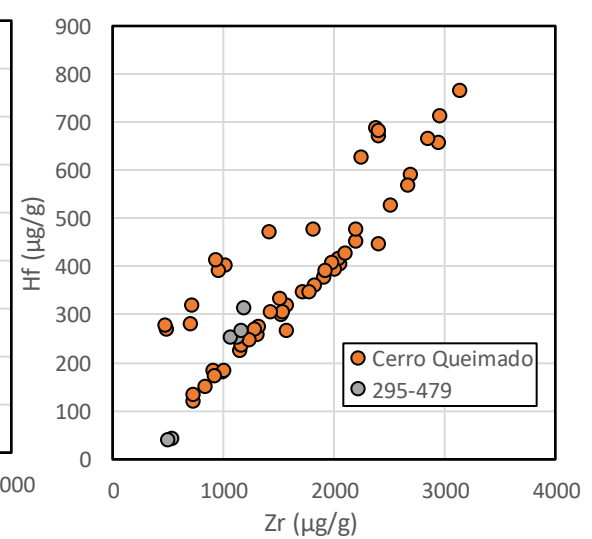
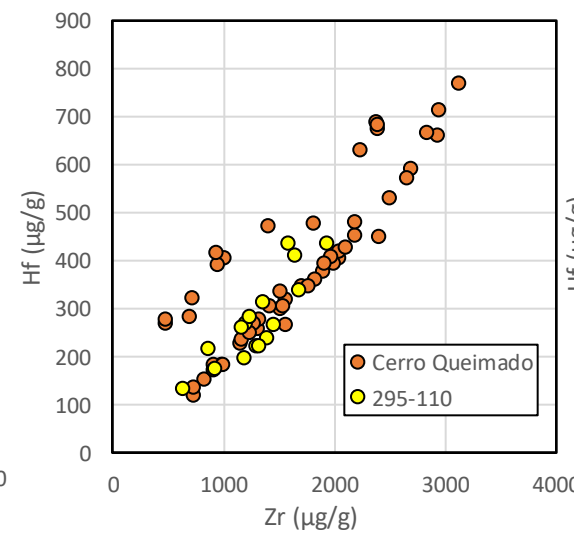
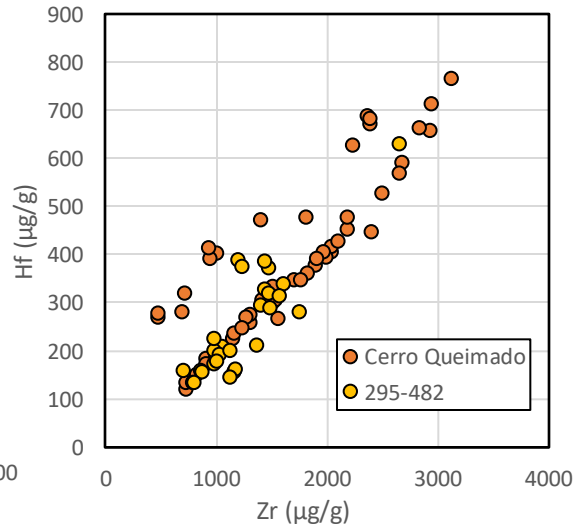
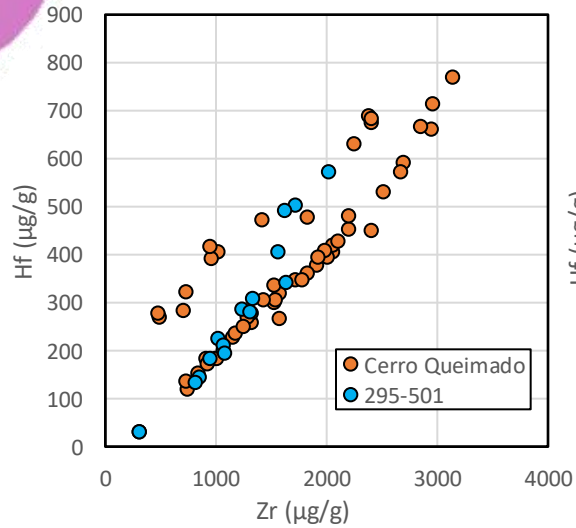
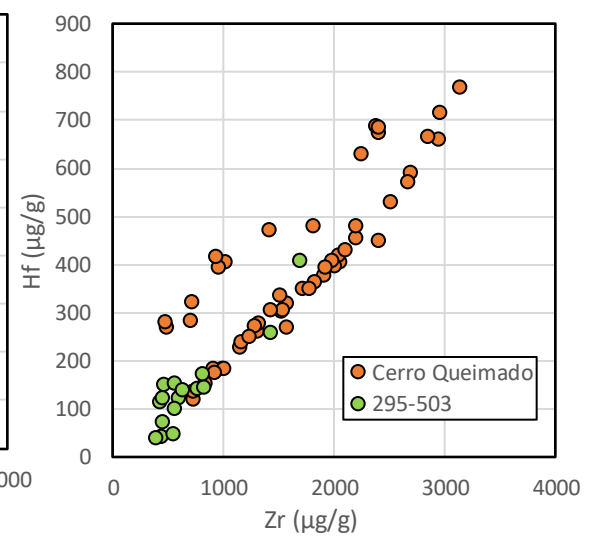
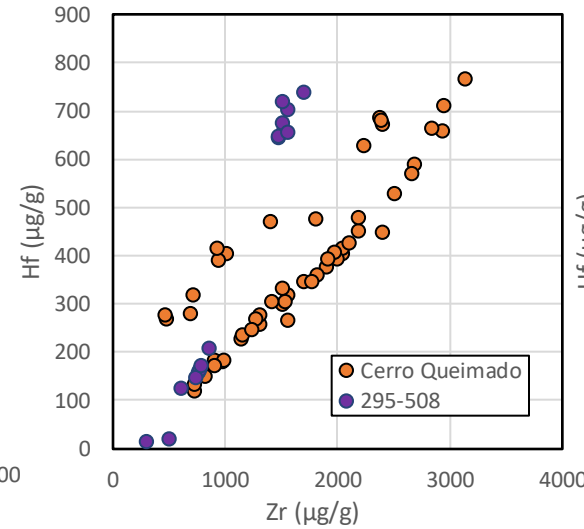
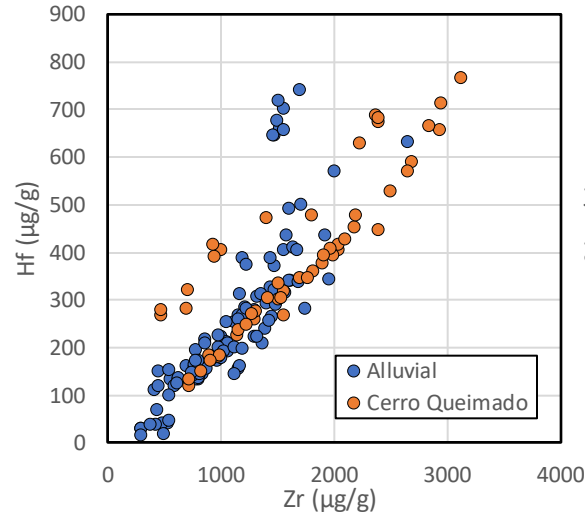
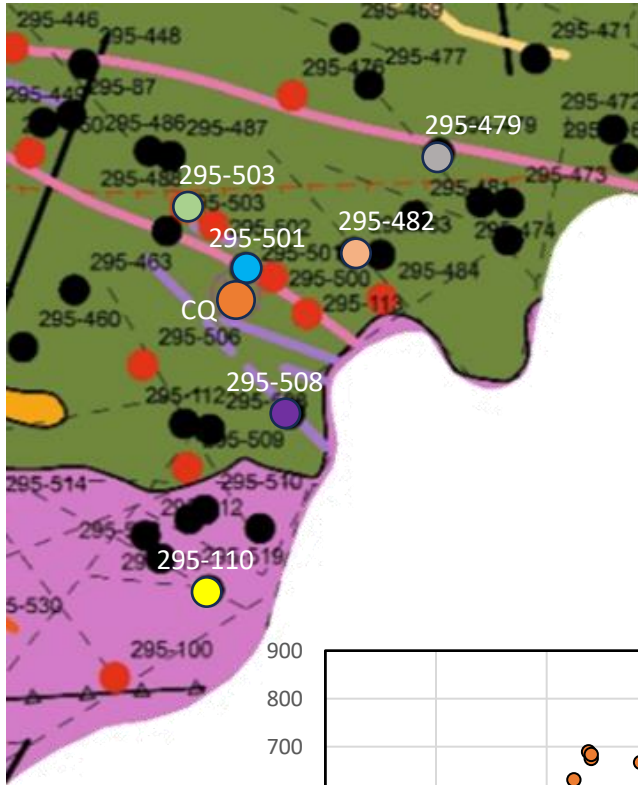
Cassiterite – LA-ICPMS Analyses



Cassiterite – LA-ICPMS Analyses (trace elements)



Cassiterite – LA-ICPMS Analyses (trace elements)



Wrap Up

- ❖ Cassiterite minor and trace element are excellent fingerprints and can discriminate among distinct cassiterite Mineral systems.
- ❖ A multi-approach is needed to fully understand the physicochemical history of cassiterite: petrography, Imaging (CL and X-ray mapping)/EPM/LA-ICPMS.
- ❖ Alluvial cassiterite can be a good exploration starting approach

